HAVE YOU SEEN THE LATEST
B.S.A. Model W
Price Rs. 126/- complete.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LATEST
B.S.A. Model W
Price Rs. 126/- complete.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL XV NO 113— BOMBAY SATURDAY MAY 14 1927 ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

WEST-END CINEMA, NEW CHURNEY ROAD.

A WILLIAM B. DeMILLE SUPERB PARAMOUNT PRODUCTION

TO-NIGHT - - - - - - - - - - - - THIS WEEK

"AFTER THE SHOW"

5 Parts—a Glowing Romance of the stage—of those who make it and those who prey upon it—featuring the popular stars

LILALEE and JACK HOLT

A Splendid Photo-drama of Extraordinary Massiveness and Beauty—of Gorgeousness and Splendour!

The Programme includes a two-reel Mack Sennett Comedy

"LOVE'S SWEET PIFFLES!"

TO-NIGHT:—3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)

WELLINGTON CINEMA DHOBI TALAO.

ANOTHER MIGHTY STUPENDOUS PICTURE. A Magnificent Masterpiece PRODUCED ON A MOST LAVISH SCALE!

TO-NIGHT : : : : : : : : : : : THIS WEEK

"ROMOLA"

The world-famous Classic Story of the Medicis of Florence in the 15th Century, now picturized in a gigantic production in 11 parts that has cost millions of dollars!

Featuring the loveliest Screen Stars

LILIAN GISH and DOROTHY GISH

THOUSANDS OF ACTORS take part in this Stupendous Picture.

HEAVENLY WARNING AGAINST THE HANGING AND BURNING AT STAKE OF THE PRIEST SAVARONALA!

Mockery of Marriage Ceremony and its dire results!

Five Shows To-day at:—3-30; 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P.M. (S.T.)

SHIPPING

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA.

(Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1927			
21 May	RANPURA ..		16,585
28 ,,	MALOJA x		20,837
4 June	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
11 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOREA* ..	10,918
18 ,,	CHINA ..		7,952
25 ,,	RAZMAK ..	NALDERAx ..	15,993
2 July	RAJPUTANA.		16,568
9 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MANTUA* ..	10,902
16 ,,	MALWA ..		10,940
23 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MONGOLIA x ..	16,504
30 ,,	RANPURA ..		16,555
6 Aug.	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA* ..	11,120
13 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
20 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOOLTANx ..	20 847
27 ,,	CHINA ..		7,952
3 Sept.	DELTA ..	RAWALPINDI*	16,619
10 ,,	MANTUA ..		10,902
17 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MALOJAx ..	20,837
24 ,,	RAJPUTANA.		16,565

X Through steamers from Australia have mited accommodation for passengers from dia.

* Through steamers from China have L mited accommodation for passengers from India

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

First Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued for any Mail Steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S.S. "KAISAR-I-HIND" on the 4th June 1927 and terminating with the steamer due in Bombay on the 23rd September. The accommodation allotted will be the best available in the First Saloon at the time of application. The fares will be as follows:—

To London and back by sea	£103
To London and back via Marseilles including P. and O. Special Train Across France in both directions	£120
To Marseilles and back	£100

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1927		
30th June	DUMANA ..	8427
24th July	MANDALA ..	8,246
18th July	MERKARA ..	8,283
18th Aug.	DOMALA ..	8,441

On most of the P. & O. Mail steamers and on the B.I. Home Line Steamers Cots for Infants are available at a charge of £3 for the voyage. Application for these Cots should be made well in advance.

SHIPPING

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar,
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Cast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:—

Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN & AUSTRALIA

1927			
28th May	ALIPORE* ..		China & Japan
7th June	CATHAY ..		At Colombo for Australia.
10th June	MACEDONIA ..		China & Japan
21st June	NYANZA ..		China & Japan
	MOOLTAN ..		At Colombo for Australia.

*DOES NOT CARRY PASSENGERS

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA & RANGOON.

1927			
18th May	BARPETA ..		Buseh via Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports.
20th ,,	VARELA ..		Buseh via Karachi
25th ,,	KHANDALLA		East & South Africa

There will be sailings for Karachi on Wednesdays and Fridays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail steamer or through passengers to Buseh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,

Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

EYE TROUBLES

of any kind—Iritis, Stye, Watery Eye, Corneal Ulcer, redness, etc. Even Cataract Glaucoma Granular lid cured without knife by our Cocoanut Brand 'Lotus Honey'—genuine and purest in market. Cure guaranteed. Dram Rs. 2-8 2 Drams Rs. 4. Ask free particulars to:—

NEW FORMULA Co., Kandi, Bengal.

Tel: "Ulcer," Kandi.

Agent: A. T. GIDVANI 2 Gungoo St. KARACHI.

When You Spend so much for **Your Clothes** why not be certain that they are made by artistic Tailo

ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

PRINCESS STREET - - - BOMBAY

BANKING

SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane .. .. .. PORT, BOMBAY

Branches:—GIRGAUM, JAVERY BAZAR & POONA CITY.

Assets exceed Rs. 50,00,000/-

SAVINGS BANK 5 per cent p. a.

ON MONTHLY MINIMUM BALANCES

INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Gold & Government of India Securities

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly

ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold & Government of India Securities

TEN TOLA GOLD CHIPS of superior touch and correct weight ready for sale

Dr. PRABHAKAR B. SHILOTRI, M. A., Ph. D.

Managing Director.

INSURANCE

NATIONAL

INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:— 7 Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

BONUS TO POLICY HOLDERS.

In the Valuation as at 31st December 1925 a comparison of Assets with Liabilities shows a

Surplus of Rs. 8,40,044

enabling Bonuses to be paid at the following rates in respect of the past four years:—

Rs. 15 per year per Rs. 1000 Sum Assured for Whole Life Assurance Policies.

Rs 10 per year per Rs. 1000 Sum Assured for Endowment Assurance Policies.

Provision has been made for *Interim Bonuses.*

PRESENT POSITION OF THE COMPANY.

LIFE FUNDS

at the end of 1925—Rs. 82,70,393. Premium Income for 1925 ..Rs. 16,46,090.

Rate of Interest earned on mean Fund of 1925 .. .. ..Rs. 6-10-6 % net

Rate anticipated in the Valuation calculation .. .. ..Rs. 4- 0-0 % net

Difference being Interest profit .. .. ..Rs. 2-10-6

Low Premiums. Prompt Claim Settlements. Undoubted Security.

APPLY TO:—BRANCH SECRETARY, Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort BOMBAY.

INSURANCE

ORIENTAL

Government Security Life Assurance Company, Limited.

Established 1874. Funds Rs. 7,00,00,000

An ORIENTAL Limited Payment Life Policy with Profits is the SAFEST and MOST PROFITABLE FAMILY PROVISION securable.

The results of a 20 Years Limited Payment Participating Policy for Rs. 10,000 payable at death, effected at Age 23 next birthday on the assumption that Bonuses will be maintained at the last declared rate of Rs. 22½ per thousand per annum. Annual Premium Rs. 310.

If Death occur in	Sum payable Including Bonus at assumed rate	Total Premiums paid.	Excess of Sum payable over Premiums paid.
6th year	Rs. 11,350	Rs. 1,860	Rs. 9,490
12th ,,	,, 12,700	,, 3,720	,, 8,980
18th ,,	,, 14,050	,, 5,580	,, 8,470
24th ,,	,, 15,400	,, 7,440	,, 7,960
30th ,,	,, 16,750	,, 9,300	,, 7,450
36th ,,	,, 18,100	,, 9,300	,, 8,800
42nd ,,	,, 19,450	,, 9,300	,, 10,150

For Prospectus, etc., apply to H. E. Jones, F. F. A., A. I. A., Manager, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY or to any of the Offices Undernoted:—

AHMEDABAD	COLOMBO	LAHORE	NAGPUR
AJMER	DACCA	LUCKNOW	POONA
ALLAHABAD	DELHI	MADRAS	RANGOON
BANGALORE	KARACHI	MANDALAY	RAWALPINDI
CALCUTTA	KUALA LUMPUR	MANGALORE	TRIVANDRUM

INDIA PROVIDENT CO., LTD.

SPLENDID BONUS 25 % of the premium refunded as Bonus.

Funds above Rs. 1 LACS.

The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poo Premium Re. 1 or 8 as. per month. Active and honest agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to the SECRETARY 29, Grey Street, CALCUTTA; or to

Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co., Chief Agents, Esoof Building D'Lima Street, Mazagon, Bombay

RAO BAHADUR ANANT SHIWAJI DESAI, TOPIWALLA

MOTIBAZAR, BOMBAY 2.

TELEGRAMS: ALUMINIUM, BOMBAY. REGISTERED A.S.D. TRADE MARK TELEPHONE: 25831.

The Leading Firm for LION BRAND ALUMINIUM and SUPERIOR GERMAN SILVER WARES of all sizes and descriptions, aluminium circles and German Silver wire and sheets.

The Oldest Dealers in CAPS OF ALL KINDS and embroidered satin and velvet and other fancy clothes for Children.

Sole Agents for THE WORLD-FAMOUS RAJA-RAVI-VARMA PICTURES and Dealers in pictures frames and other accessories.

The Cheapest Place for Satin, Brocade, Cotton and Silk Velvet and Velvetine, Mohair plush, Seal Skin plush, broad Cloth, Melton, etc.

BUSINESS WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. TERMS CASH OR V.P.P.

CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION.

AMRUTANJAN

is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years of increasing sales prove this fact.

AMRUTANJAN

is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly

CURES ALL

aches, pains, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruise chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain-troubles. Cost 10 Annas.

Sold Everywhere

It kills and cures all

ACHES AND PAINS.

CLASSIFIED ADVT.

Readers, Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates :—

HALF ANNA

PER WORD.

MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words : Apply Box No.— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows :—Box Number— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED for the M. M. English School, Umbargaon (Dt. Thana) from 7th June a GRADUATE and an UNDERGRADUATE, able to teach upto the fifth standard on Rs. 50 and 30 respectively. Apply stating experience to the HEAD MASTER (S. D. Mate, B.A., Shanwar Peth, Satara City)
A 245

WANTED—A COMPETENT ASSISTANT EDITOR for the Gujarati Encyclopaedia. The applicant should send his literary contributions with the application, and also testimonials. Good University qualifications are necessary. Starting salary Rs. 100/- Will have to commence the duties immediately. Apply. MANAGER Jnankosha Press, Poona City.
A 28576

WANTED—CANDIDATES desiring to pass Station Master, Goods Coaching, Parcel Clerk, Ticket Collector or Guard, Course should apply with two annas stamp to SUPERINTENDENT, Railway duties Training and Telegraph School, Delhi.
A R240

WANTED—An experienced GRADUATE for general work in a Cotton Mill Office. Apply with copies of testimonials stating salary required to Box. No. 1967, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 28566

WANTED—AGENTS, throughout India. Rs 50/- Pay and Commission. Apply with anna stamp. TRADING COMPANY, 2911, SARANGPUR, AHMEDABAD.
A R172

WANTED—AN EXPERT CARDING AND SPINNING MASTER, who has a thorough experience in his work. Only apply those who can guarantee a maximum production. Apply Box No. 1966 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R234

WANTED—INFLUENTIAL AGENTS for the Sale of "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions. Only those who are prepared to give Security Deposit need apply for Terms and further particulars to the MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle," 139, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return ejected photograhs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle,"
Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

HOUSES AND FLATS TO LET

TO LET—Self-contained FLAT, three-rooms, bath, modern convenience. Apply Capt. RANADAY, Thakordwar,
C R237

TO LET IMMEDIATELY.—GARAGES at very moderate rents at Old Body Guards Lines, Chowpaty. Convenient for residents in Gamdevi and Babulnath Road locality. Also rooms in chalis at revised rents. Apply MR. MISTRI, 2nd floor, Bombay House, Fort.
C 28521

TO LET at Virlaparla, a decent BUNGALOW, having one Hall and 8 rooms with beautiful garden, just two minutes' walk from railway station. Apply to AKBARALLI MOOSABHAI RAJA, Carnac Bunder, Iron Bazar.
C 28564

AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY.—OFFICE PREMISES in Navsari Buildings, and Chambers, Hornby Road. Can be let in small areas from Rs. 80 upwards. Apply Mr. MISTRI, 2nd floor, Bombay House, Fort.
C 28520

TO BE LET—At Chembur Garden Suburb, an exceptionally fine English-type BUNGALOW, situate opposite the Chembur Railway Station. Two bedrooms, two bath-rooms, reception room, wide verandahs, &c., and garden. An ideal home. Rent very moderate. Apply to THE LAND MANAGER, Development Department, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay.
C 28553

TO LET.—1st Floor and 3rd Floor of "Mahomed Building", opposite Excelsior Theatre and 3rd Floor facing Hornby Road. Ground floor of a Bungalow at Nepean Sea Road, Setalvad Street, (6 Bed-rooms, Dining Room, 2 Bathrooms, 1 Hall, 1 Kitchen and Garage for 1 Motor Car). Apply HAJI MAHOMED ABBA, Jackria Musiid, Bombay.
C R222

TO LET IMMEDIATELY—OFFICE PREMISES on ground floor of Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, very suitable for mercantile concerns being close to several Banks. Rent Rs. 300/-. Apply Mr. MISTRI, on 2nd floor of same building.
C 28519

MEDICAL.

LEPROSY not more than ten years standing, Leucoderma of any duration cured radically and harmlessly in four weeks. No risk of injection. Cure Guaranteed. Full particulars of treatment, Free under cover. DR. A. SIRDER, Tangar, P. O. SAMTA, (Jessore) E. B. Ry.
P 28503

LEUCODERMA—Let them go who have baffled. I shall cure you in a month. Full course of medicines Rs. 25/- Packing and Postage As. 8/- Apply to Dr. B. K. CHOUDHOURY, 26/2, Grey Street, CALCUTTA.
T 285/5

WHITE LEPROSY (Leucoderma) WHITE PATCHES completely cured in a month by our harmless true remedies Electuary for internal use and oil for external if not price refunder, price both together Rs. 7/. TIBBI MEDICAL WORKS No. 3, Darbhanga.
R175

WONDERFUL LEPROSY CURE (Trade Mark Registered.) No more suffering from Leprosy! A real boon to sufferers!! Reward Rs. 500/- if proved ineffective. This world-wide renowned specific of a Divine Sathu Yogi, radically and positively cures all the 18 kinds of Leprosy —Red, black, white, copper coloured spots disfigured face, numbness thickness of skin, loss of sensation, wounds. crooked fingers and toes etc, etc. First, second and third class treatments Rs. 50, 25 and 10 respectively. Send Rs. 5/- in advance. NOTE.—For other particulars, apply for our free booklet of "Kustaroganivarini" containing thousands of unsolicited testimonials from the different parts of the globe. M. SUBBAREDDI Proprietor, The Ready & Co. Gopalapuram. Via. Kothapeta, East Godavari Dt.
P R242

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY.

(Under Special Diet).

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS of the Infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once per V. P. P. for annas 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Dyspepsia, etc., etc. PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy), 8, Nandibagan Lane, Sulkhia (Howrah).

N.B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment," a guide to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2, postage As. 5 extra.

FRUITS FLOWERS SEEDS.

PERSIA—BALUCHISTAN—AFGHANISTAN PRODUCTS.—Persian Rose Gulkand 4 lbs. tin Rs. 6/-, Rose Water bottle 4/8/ ; Persian Saffron 8/- ounce; Assafoetida, Salabmisri 9/- lb Cummins Black 2/- lb ; Assorted Dry Fruits 9 lbs. 7/-; Delivery Free. Quality Special, AFGHANISTAN FRUIT AGENCY, Quetta
P R221

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

KAKOMI FURNISHING FABRICS.

For Curtains, Purdahs and all furnishing purposes, Kakomi coloured Bolton Sheeting is unsurpassed for wear, 44'' wide. Cut length Rs. 1|1|6 per yard. Entire piece (about 24 yards) Rs. 1|1 per yard.

KAKOMI TABLE LINEN.

Our Table Linen has a reputation all over India for its wearing qualities and withstands any amount of washing.

Table Cloth Material, four patterns 52'' wide. Rs. 1|5 per yard, 72'' wide Rs. 1|9|6 per yard. Hemmed ready for use 2 yds. x 2 yds. Rs. 3|6 each. 4 yds. x 2 yds. Rs. 6|8 each. Also Serviettes to match 24'' x 24'' Rs. 4|8 per doz.

KAKOMI HORSE CLOTHING.

Withstands the hardest wear and continual washing. Quarter pieces, various check patterns, bound with newar. Pony size Rs. 4|3 each. Horse Size Rs. 4|12 each. Coloured Drill. Pony size Rs. 5|10, Horse size Rs. 6|5. Body rollers of webbing at -|8|- and -|9|- per yard respectively.

THE CAWNPORE COTTON MILLS CO., CAWNPORE.
K5

ENGLISH GABARDINE.

In six shades. Ideal for light weight suits and ladies costumes. 54'' wide. Rs. 8|14 per yard. Patterns free on request.

KAKOMI FLANNELETTE DUSTERS.

Soft and durable. Ideal for all polishing purposes at Rs. 2|12 per doz. In two colours —Yellow for polishing furniture, Blue for Silver. Packing and postage free to any part of India.

PYJAMAS.

Made of Kakomi Longcloths and Twills—Wear and wash perfectly. 3 Suits—White Twill or Longcloth Rs. 14|4 or six Suits for Rs. 28. 3 Suits—Striped Twill Rs. 17|4 or 6 Suits for Rs. 34. Sizes up to 40'' chest. Postage and packing free. Samples on request.

SUMMER SUITS.

Ready made of excellent Kakomi Materials. Just the suit for office and every day wear. Coat and Trousers. Per Suit as follows:—Alipore Drill Rs. 9|12, Suiting Drill Rs. 9|4, Cotton Tweeds Rs. 10|12, Holland Rs. 8|8, Cotton Coating Rs. 9|14, 3 Suits 6-1 4 per cent. discount. 6 Suits 12.1|2 per cent. discount. Up to 40'' chest. Packing and postage free. Samples on request.

THE CAWNPORE COTTON MILLS CO., CAWNPORE.
K2

KHAKI SHIRTS AND SHORTS.

Ideal for outdoor wear. Made of tough Kakomi Drills and Twills giving excellent service. Wash splendidly. In two shades of Khaki.

Shirts from Rs. 2|14 each or 3 for Rs. 8|10.
Shorts from Rs. 3|6 each or 3 for Rs. 10.

SIX KAKOMI TOWELS FOR Rs. 12|12.

Two Turkish Bath Towels (68'' x 36'') and four Turkish Hand Towels (45'' x 24'') with striped ends. Very absorbent, giving splendid wear.

KAKOMI BATH MATS.

Thick absorbent Turkish Bath Mats with blue stripes, knotted fringes or hemmed edges.

Unbleached 36'' x 28'' Rs. 1|15 each.
Bleached 36'' x 25'' Rs. 2|3 each.

KAKOMI SPORTS COATS.

Ready made of Kakomi Material. Guaranteed for wear. Will wash perfectly. Per Coat as follows:—(up to 40'' chest) Suiting Drill Rs. 8|14, Alipore Drill Rs. 9|4, Cotton Tweed Rs. 9. 3 Coats 6-1|4 per cent. discount. 6 Coats 12.1|2 per cent. discount. Samples on request.

KAKOMI TWILLS.

A soft strong material of good texture, ideal for Shirts, Pyjamas etc., washes well. From As. 8|6 to As. 9|9 per yard. Also Khaki Twill from As. 10|3 to As. 11|6 per yard. Samples on request.
Packing and postage free.

THE CAWNPORE COTTON MILLS CO., CAWNPORE.
K3

INCREASE YOUR FORTUNE—Avoid losses, succeed in speculation and make your business prosperous and lucrative by wearing our DHANADA TALISMAN, Price Rs. 5/. Apply to :—The PROPRIETOR, KLINNA NILAYAM, Arakandanallur Post South Arcot District.
P R200

AUTOMOBILE upholstery, hood, cushion and monsoon covers, carpets, mats, etc., Finest materials. Cheapest rates. Superb workmanship. Also we will supply you all sorts of Motor Accessories, etc. Apply to B. M. ANTIA, Moose Bldg., 2nd Floor next to Edward Theatre, above Messrs. Chinoy Brothers, No. 522/26, Kalbadevi, Road, Bombay.
T R223

BOOKS AND STAMPS.

PRACTICAL SEX BOOKS—By Prof: H. S. GAMBERS.—(1) Control over Birth (Illustrated.) Re. 0-12-0; (2) The Hidden Side of Sexual Science. Re. 0-12-0; (3). How to Build up Virility (by certain baths, breathing and muscular exercises etc.,) Rs. 0-8-0. (4). Self Pollution and how to overcome it (by Pranayama and other Yoga Methods) Rs. 0-8-0; (5). Sterility its Causes and Treatment. Rs. 0-10-0; (6). PAINLESS Child Birth. Rs. 0-6-0; (7). Protection Against Venereal Disease. A practical treatise. Rs. 0-4-0; (8). Four Easy Yoga Exercises for preventing seminal troubles and increasing retentive power tenfold. Re. 0-6-0; Complete set for Rs. 3 only. Postage extra. Detailed tables of contents sent post free. BRIJMOHAN & CO., Katra Nihal Singh, Amritsar. Tele: 'HONESTY.' Telephone No. 941.
L R239

EDUCATIONAL.

ACCOUNTANCY DIPLOMA courses by post, Tuition free. Exam. in December. Apply prospectus. C. C. EDUCATION P. O. Junnar, POONA.
M. 97.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to take advantage of our expert POSTAL tuition in SLOAN-DUPLOYAN Shorthand. Only 12 Easy Lessons. Latest speed Record 309 words per minute. English Degrees & Diplomas are awarded. Sloan-Duployan Shorthand books for sale. Full particulars FREE from the INDIAN CORRESPONDENCE COLLEGE, BATALA. (Punjab).
N R194

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.

UNIQUE TYPEWRITER BARGAIN DISCOUNT of 33 1/3 per cent on our usual prices of new and used portables and high grade rebuilts and slightly used typewriters of all makes and all prices. Call or write for list to-day. STANDARD TYPEWRITER COMPANY, The Typewriter Economy Emporium, 319 Hornby Road, Opp. Petit Institute, Fort, Bombay.

PROFESSION.

THE MANAGER of a leading British Fire Insurance Company will by appointment, be pleased to interview all Brokers belonging to the Bombay Brokers' Association. Apply Box No. 1969 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle".
P 28570

DIVINE HELP.—When human element completely fails and you are in need of some superior power to help you, you must consult:—Prof. N. PURUSHOTTAM, Fortune Teller and Evil Counteractor, Empire Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. Trial form free on application.
P

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates :—

	Per Column Inch per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

DECCAN COLLEGE, POONA,

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of LECTURER in CHEMISTRY and LECTURER IN BIOLOGY at the Deccan College, Poona on Rs. 200-15-350-20-450. Candidates should apply to the Principal, Deccan College, before 23rd May, 1927 stating date of birth, caste with sub caste, places of education, academic qualifications and previous teaching experience. Selected candidates will be appointed on probation for one year and will be required to join by 20th June, 1927.

D. D. KAPADIA,
In-charge Principal.

Deccan College, Poona.
[illegible] May, 1927. 28561

TENDERS.

BOMBAY BARODA & CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase, demolition and removal of materials of structures on a portion of the land acquired for Long Distance Terminal at Bellasis Road.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Executive Engineer, Construction, Grant Road, up to 12 noon on 20th May, 1927.

The successful tenderer for each structure will be required to deposit the amount tendered immediately and will be required to complete demolishment (walls dismantled to 6'' below formation) and remove the materials by 15th August, 1927.

Site plans can be seen in the office of the Executive Engineer, Construction, Grant Road and the buildings can be inspected by appointment.

The Agent B. B. and C. I. Railway, reserves to himself the right to reject any or all the tenders without assigning any reason.

(Sd.) J. E. JACKSON,
Agent.
28544

SHA HURGOWAN ANANDJI DESAI'S CHARITIES

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS are invited and will be received by the undersigned upto 25th May, 1927, for the Construction of WATER-CLOSETS, BATH ROOMS, etc., etc. including plumbing work. Forms of Tender may be had of Messrs. HATE AND MASTER Civil Engineers at No. 54 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

MANILAL K. DESAI,
B. A., LL.B.,
Secretary.
Sha Hurgowan Anandji Desai's Charities Trust Office,

Pinjrapole Street, Bombay No. 4
28549.

BACK BAY RECLAMATION SCHEME

Tenders sealed and endorsed "Tenders for the supply of Medical and Sanitation Stores for the period 1st June 1927 to 31st March 1928," are invited and should reach the office of the undersigned on or before 12 noon 28th May 1927, accompanied by a receipt of the Audit and Accounts Officer Bombay Development Scheme, for a cash deposit of Rs. 50|-.

The deposit of Rs. 50|- will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers and in the case of the successful tenderer will be utilised to form part of his security.

Further particulars of the stores required and the conditions of contract are given in the tender form which may be bought for one rupee from the office of the undersigned on any working day between office hours.

E. M. DUGGAN,
Deputy Chief Engineer,
Marine Lines.

Behined Marine Line Station,)
(Kennedy Sea Face, Bombay No. 2.)
28573.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PAREKH TECHNICAL INSTITUTE SURAT

WANTED from June, a First Class ELECTRICAL WIREMAN, (only by exam.) Or a L. E. E. to work as a teacher of the Electrical Wireman Class of the above Institute on a grade of Rs. 80-2-100. The post is pensionable according to the rules of the Surat City Municipality. Apply to the undersigned before 31st May, with copies of certificates and particulars, regarding caste, age, and practical experience.

P. E. CHICHGUR,
A.M.I. Mech E., A.M.I.E. (Ind.)
SUPERINTENDENT.
28552.

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY. ENGINEERING COLLEGE.

THE PROSPECTUS and the Forms necessary for application for Admission to the combined courses of Mechanical and Electrical Engineering will be forwarded on receipt of Rs. 2/- (by M.O.)

These Forms, duly filled in, must reach the Principal's Office before June 15th, 1927.

The next session commences on July, 11th, 1927.

PRINCIPAL.
28463.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a SPECIAL MEETING of the SHARE HOLDERS of the Imperial Bank of India will be held at the LOCAL HEAD OFFICE, STRAND ROAD, CALCUTTA, at 12 NOON (Calcutta Time) on MONDAY, the 8th day of August, 1927, for the purpose of considering and if thought fit of passing the subjoined Resolution, namely :—

"That in view of the proposed creation by the Government of India of a Reserve Bank for India the constitution of which will in result permit of the sphere of this Bank's business activities being enlarged, it is requisite that the Imperial Bank of India Act XLVII of 1920 be amended and it is therefore resolved that the Bill entitled 'A Bill further to amend the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920, for certain purposes' a copy whereof is produced to this meeting, shall be and is hereby approved subject to such alterations therein and additions thereto as the Imperial Legislative Assembly shall think fit to make provided that such alterations and additions (if any) shall not in any way detract from or disturb the increased banking facilities as provided under the amending Bill, and further that the Managing Governors of the Imperial Bank be and they are hereby authorised on such Bill becoming law to agree to the cancellation of the Agreement between the Secretary of State for India in Council and the Imperial Bank, dated the 27th day of January, 1921, provided in lieu thereof

(1) That the Reserve Bank do enter into a contract with the Imperial Bank for a period of 25 years under which the Imperial Bank for that period undertake 'inter alia' the agency business of the Reserve Bank at all places where a branch of the Imperial Bank exists.

(2) That the Imperial Bank be given the option to subscribe for 30 per cent. of the capital of the Reserve Bank, i.e., 1 1/2 crores.

(3) In consideration of the performance by the Imperial Bank of India on behalf of the Reserve Bank of India of the functions which the Imperial Bank of India was performing on behalf of the Governor-General in Council at the places referred to in Clause 1 above before the coming into force of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1927, the Reserve Bank of India shall pay to the Imperial Bank of India a commission calculated on the total of the receipts and disbursements dealt with annually on account of Government by the Imperial Bank of India on behalf of the Reserve Bank of India. Such commission shall be one-sixteenth of one per cent. on the first 250 crores of such total and one-thirty second of one per cent. on the remainder.

(4) Subject to the condition that the Imperial Bank of India shall keep open branches not less in number than those existing at the time of the coming into force of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1927, the Reserve Bank of India shall allow the following balances to the Imperial Bank of India at the interests rates hereinafter specified namely :—

(a) during the first five years—3 crores free of interest;

(b) during the second five years—2 crores free of interest and, at the option of the Imperial Bank of India, an amount not exceeding 1 crore at 2 per cent. per annum;

(c) during the third five years—1 crore free of interest, and at the option of the Imperial Bank of India, an amount not exceeding 2 crores at 2 per cent. per annum; and

(d) during the last 10 years—at the option of the Imperial Bank of India, an amount not exceeding 3 crores at 2 per cent. per annum.

(5) The Imperial Bank of India shall not without the approval of the Government of India open any branch in substitution for a branch existing at the time this agreement comes into force.

(6) For each new branch opened by the Imperial Bank of India with the approval of the Government of India in addition to the branches already opened when this agreement comes into force the Imperial Bank of India shall be allowed the following balances free of interest for each branch so opened, namely :—

(a) during the first five years—3 lakhs, and

(b) during the second five years—2 lakhs."

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Managing Governor.

N. M. MURRAY,
Managing Governor.

D. E. WACHA,
Governor.

Dated Bombay the 14th April, 1927.
28533

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SHA HURGOWAN ANANDJEE DESAI FREE BOARDING INSTITUTION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from High Caste Hindu Students, who have passed School Leaving Examination or its equivalent or having passed Arts, Science, Commerce, Technical and such other Examinations desire to prosecute their studies further but cannot do so owing to want of means.

1. Printed forms of application can be had on sending one anna postage or applying personally.
2. Applicants are strictly forbidden from bringing any pressure or recommendations personally on the Trustees by letters or otherwise.

Applications will be accepted till 5TH. JUNE, 1927.

MANILAL K. DESAI, B.A., L.L.B.
Secretary,

Sha Hurgowan Anandjee Desai's Charities Trust Office,

Pinjrapole Street, Bombay 4.
28548

THE PHADKE TEXTILE AND INDUSTRIAL WORKS, LTD,
KARAD DIST. SATARA.

NOTICE

THE 1ST ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Company will be held on SATURDAY, the 21st May 1927, at 4 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at Karad to transact the following business: —

I. To receive and adopt the Directors' report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account made upto 31st December, 1926.
II. To elect two Directors for the ensuing year in the place of Messrs R. D. Athavale and P. G. Bhatye, who retire under Article No. 109 and are eligible for re-election.
III. To appoint Auditor and to fix his remuneration.
IV. To consider any other work brought forward by the Chairman.

By order of the Board of Directors.

G. V. PHADKE & CO.
Managing Agents.

Karad, 7th May 1927.

N. B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 17th to 31st May, 1927, (both days inclusive).

28574.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the seas King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for letters of Administration of the property and credits of VITHALDAS BHAIDAS, of Bombay, Bania Hindu inhabitant a Merchant, residing at Assembly Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay .. ..Deceased.

Bai AMBA, widow of the said Vithaldas Bhaidas, of Bombay, Bania Hindu inhabitant, residing at Assembly Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay .. ..Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceeding if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir AMBERSON BARRINGTON MARTEN Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this sixth day of May 1927 in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and twenty-seven and in the seventeenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Registrar.

(Sd.) E. J. DAVAR.

The 6th day of May, 1927.

Messrs. RAGHAVAYYA NAGINDAS & Co.
Attorneys for Petitioner.

28570.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the City's Water Supply will be curtailed on Tuesday, (17th) Evening and Wednesday morning on account of certain works on the Tansa Main.

W. A. NIVEN,
A. M. I. C. E., M. I. E.,
Hydraulic Engineer.

Dated 13th May, 1927.
28575

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Summary Suit No. 749 of 1927.

ANANT LAXMAN DESHMUKH Plaintiff.

vs.

(1) MOHANLAL JAGJIVANDAS, (2) MAGANLAL JAGJIVANDAS, Defendants.

TO

MOHANLAL JAGJIVANDAS.
The above 1st Defendant.

WHEREAS the Plaintiff has instituted the above suit in this Court against you and another for Rs. 2,500/- and interest due to him under a pro-note for Rs. 2,500/-, dated 2nd November, 1926, and for costs; you are hereby summoned to apply to this Court within ten days for leave to appear and defend the suit and to appear and defend it if such leave is granted. In default, the Plaintiff will be entitled to a decree for Rs. 2,500/ interest and costs as aforesaid.

Witness Sir AMBERSON BARRINGTON MARTEN, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 9th day of April, 1927.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) E. J. DAVAR,
For Ag. Prothonotary

(Sd.) E. J. DAVAR.

9th April, 1927.

Messrs. MANILAL KHER & SEQUEIRA,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

28565

SECOND EDITION

JUST PUBLISHED

SIXTY YEARS OF INDIAN FINANCE

BY

Prof. K. T. SHAH

ssor of Economics, Univers of Bombay.

New Edition brought up-to-date, thoroughly revised and considerably enlarged.

Price Rs. 10.

Published by
D. B. TARAPOREWALA SONS & Co.,
KITAB MAHAL,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.
120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF "CROSSLEY", "ALFA", "OVERLAND" AND "DEDION" MOTOR CARS

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 14th inst. at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction at their auction rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods furniture, etc.

At 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

1 "Crosseley" 10/20 H. P. Motor Car.
1 "Alfa" 10/20 H. P. Motor Car.
1 "Overland" 10/20 H. P. Motor Car.
1 "Dedion" 10/20 H. P. Motor Car.

The above Cars are in good condition and running order.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 14th inst at 3.30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction at their auction rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods furniture, etc.

By order of the Assessor and Collector (Municipal Taxes):—

Bench, folding chairs, marble top tables. chairs, etc.

The property of a gentleman:—

A lot of household furniture such as platedware, cupboards, tables, chairs, teapoys, etc., etc.

By order of the concerned and on account of the underwriters:—

3 Table gas lamps.
1 Suspension figure.

By order of Turabbhoy Saikh Faizullabhai and on account and risk of the defaulting Purchaser Messrs. Jaman and Co.:—

150 Dozen Gloy.

By order of the Assessor and Collector (Municipal Taxes):—

One cupboard and one chair.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred Brougham.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred office Shigram.
1 Bay Arab horse in harness.
1 Waller horse in harness.

By order of the concerned:—

1 "Crosseley" 10|20 H.P. Motor car.
1 "Alfa" 10|20 H.P. Motor Car.
1 "Overland" 10|20 H.P. Motor Car.
1 "Dedion" 10|20 H.P. Motor Car.

FURNITURE SALE AT WODEHOUSE ROAD (MIDDLE COLABA) NEXT TO THE POST OFFICE.

To-morrow SUNDAY, the 15th day of May, 1927, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the above address very valuable and handsome made to order household furniture by Benjamin and Breslaur, etc., rich glass crockery and platedware, large dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side board and dumbwaiters, rich carpets, Chesterfield and drawing room suites, fancy cabinets, ornaments, wall and table clocks, writing tables, silver and book cases sweet tone piano, gramophone, single and double bedsteads, almyrahs cloth and gown presses, dressing and wash hand tables, hat stands, meat safes, utensils, etc., etc.

The property of J. J. Watson, Esqr., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

TO-MORROW SUNDAY, the 15th day of May, 1927 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & CO. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Proctor" House, at the end of Pedder Road near the Hindoo temple very valuable and handsome made-to-order household furniture, glass crockery and platedware, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, mirror sideboards and dumbwaiters, rish Chesterfield and drawing room suites, fancy cabinets, table ornaments, one sweet tone cottage piano, one gramophone with records, rich carpets, Kashmir furniture, brass vases, office tables, American Gun Sexonal book cases, single and double bedsteads, almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash-hand tables, cloth and gown presses, reclining sofas, silver cabinets, book cases, rich revolving cheval glasses, Lazarus furniture, English ice box, reclining sofas, hat-stands, etc., etc. The property of H. J. M. Ellis, Esqr., and others. Catalogues are published and the property on view.

BENNETT AND CO.

MESSRS. MISTRY & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF SHARES OF THE CRESCENT INSURANCE CO., LTD.

By order of The Board of The Crescent Insurance Co., Ltd., and on account and risk of Mr. Hatambhoy Gulam Hussein Messrs. MISTRY AND CO. Auctioneers, will to-day SATURDAY, at 2.30 p.m. sell by Public Auction at Hummam Street, Fort, as per Article No. 29, 30 and 31 of the Article of Association.

Shares of the Crescent Insurance Co. Ltd., which are in the name of the above party.

Condition of sale—A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and balance to be paid at the time of transfer.

MISTRY & CO.

BANKING.

Punjab National Bank, Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: 47, THE MALL LAHORE.
ESTABLISHED 1895.

Capital Authorised	.....	1,00,00,000
Capital Issued	.....	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	.....	50,00,000
Reserve Funds upto 31-12-26		23,82,000
Paid Up Capital upto 31-12-26		30,95,326

Abohar	Hyderabad (Sind)	Montegomery
Allahabad	Jullundur	Okara (Dist. Montgomery)
Amritsar	Jaranwalla	Peshawar Cant.
Amballa City	Jamm	Peshawar City
Amballa Cant.	Jhelum City	Patiala
Bombay	Jhang (Maghiana)	Quetta
Cawnpore	Karachi	Rawalpindi
Calcutta	Kasur	Sangla Hill
Delhi	Lahore City	Sargodha
D. I. Khan	Lyallapur	Sialkot City
Ferozepore	Ludhiana	Simla
Gujranwalla	Meerut City	Srinagar
Gojra	Multan City	
Hafizabad		
Hoshiarpur		

LONDON AGENTS:—
THE MIDLAND BANK LTD.
AMERICAN AGENTS:—
AMERICAN EXCHANGE IRVING TRUST COMPANY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of Interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS:—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS:—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

SHIV DATTA.
Manager

Sassoon House,
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited.

(REGISTERED IN LONDON).
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

Subscribed Capital	.....	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	.....	,, 100,000,000
Reserve Fund	.....	,, 92,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Alexandria	Karachi	Seattle
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	London	Samarang
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Manila	Shimonoseki
Changchun	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Darien	Newchwang	Sydney
Fengtien	New York	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tokyo
Hankow	Osaka	Tsinan
Harbin	Peking	Tsingtan
Hongkong	Rangoon	Vladivostock
Honolulu	Rio de Janeiro	
Kai Yuan	Saigon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs.1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

WASHIO,
Manager.

Hornby Road, Bombay
Post Box No. 207.

Union Bank of India, Limited.

APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital	.....	Rs. 39,90,000
Paid-up Capital	.....	Rs. 39,90,000
Reserve Fund	.....	Rs. 5,00,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—

INTEREST allowed at 3 per cent. per annum from January to June and at 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December. Cheques with Gujerati signatures accepted without verification by an officer of the Bank.

FIXED and SHORT DEPOSITS received on favourable terms. Rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK:—

INTEREST allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance. Withdrawals allowed twice a week.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted against approved securities.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

MANAGING AGENTS,
The Central Bank of India, Ltd.

BANKING

Imperial Bank of India

Constituted under the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920.
BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL	Rs.	11,25,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,,	5,62,50,000
RESERVE FUND	,,	5,00,00,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	,,	5,62,50,000

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES:
Calcutta. Bombay. Madras.
LOCAL BRANCHES:
Byculla Branch—Opposite Parsi Statue.
Mandvi Branch—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road Branch—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.
LONDON OFFICE—22, Old Broad Street, London, E. C. 2.
BRANCHES THROUGHOUT INDIA AND BURMA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Opened free of charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at Interest.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES—Received for Safe Custody, Purchases and Sales effected, Interest and Dividends collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions. The purchase and sale of Government Securities undertaken at all Branches for the public generally.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.

Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorney, etc., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.

Eastern Bank Ltd,
(Incorporated in England).

Head Office: Crosby Square, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.3.
BRANCHES:
Amara, Baghdad, Bahrein, Basra, Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Madras, Mosul, Karachi, Kirkuk.

Authorised Capital	.....	£2,000,000
Paid up Capital	.....	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	.....	£ 400,000
Reserve Liability of shareholders		£1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
PRESIDENT:
J. S. Haskell, Esqr.
VICE-PRESIDENTS:
Sir J. Leigh Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
G. Bromley Martin, Esqr.
J. H. Beatty, Esqr.
Emile Franqui, Esqr.
R. E. Sassoon, Esqr.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
A. J. RAYMOND, Esqr.
NAROTTAM MORARJEE, Esqr.
N. B. SAKLATWALLA, Esqr., C.I.E.
BOMBAY BRANCH:—Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

Rates for one or two years Fixed Deposit can be ascertained on application. Current Accounts opened, and short period deposits are accepted at Rates which can be ascertained on application.

In Savings Deposit Account interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum is allowed. Copies of Rules can be had on application.

Bills are purchased, Loans and Cash Credits allowed on Securities, Banking and Exchange business of any description carried on. British and Foreign Securities purchased and sold. Securities kept in Safe Custody and Interest and Dividends drawn for customers.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

Bank of India, Ld

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES: Calcutta and Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...	Rs.	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs.	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs.	79,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

From 25th December to 25th June, interest is allowed at 2½ per cent. on daily balance, Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000/- From 25th June to 25th December, interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on minimum monthly balances. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/- interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

Income-Tax & Super-Tax

Statutory Statement of Account prepared. Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN

B. L. THOSAR PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

436-497, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 22997.

The 'Allenburys' Foods

are particularly suited to the feeding of infants in hot climates. They are free from harmful germs and are readily prepared by the simple addition of boiling water only, thus giving complete independence of doubtful milk supplies.

Milk Food No. 1 Birth to 2 months — Milk Food No. 2 3 to 6 months
Malted Food No. 3 6 months and onwards

Fresh stocks of the 'Allenburys' Foods are imported each week.

Send coupon below for a free copy of "Infant Feeding by the 'Allenburys' Foods."

Allen & Hanburys Ltd., London

Special Representative for India:
A. H. P. JENNINGS,
Block E,
Clive Buildings,
Calcutta.

Mrs.....
.....
will be pleased to receive, free of charge, a copy of "Infant Feeding by the 'Allenburys' Foods.

Rid Yourself of Uric Acid!

If your kidneys are weak, uric acid and other poisonous impurities upset the entire system. That is why it is dangerous to neglect warnings such as backache, urinary disorder, bladder irregularities, rheumatic twinges, stiff, swollen joints, gravel or sediment in the urine, sciatica and lumbago pains, ringing noises in the ears, headaches, dizziness and nervousness.

Your obvious course is to strengthen and tone the kidneys whilst there is time. Don't wait another day! Use Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, the special kidney medicine that is famous for successfully relieving rheumatism and other serious results of kidney weakness. Thousands of grateful men and women vouch for Doan's Pills. Ask your neighbour.

Send for FREE COPY of
DOAN'S DREAM BOOK.
Address: P.B.431, Bombay, or P.B.2,104, Calcutta.

CALM UNTROUBLED SLEEP

can be ensured by taking Phenalgin shortly before going to bed. Instead of restless, sleepless, agelong nights, followed by lassitude and nervous irritability during the day,

PHENALGIN
SOOTHES THE NERVES

tranquilises the brain and nerves, ensures restful, refreshing slumber and the certainty of vigour and energy on waking.

Phenalgin has no depressant action whatever; it is

PROMPT, CERTAIN, SAFE

Supplied in bottles containing 36×5 gr. tablets by all chemists and stores, or direct from Anglo-French Drug Co. (Eastern) Ltd. P.O. Box 460 Bombay and P.O. Box 2139 Calcutta.

B. T. PEARSON & CO. LTD.
Manufacturing Chemists, LONDON & MITCHAM, ENGLAND

SAVE YOUR :: :: : Income-Tax by CONSULTING PAREKH & Co.

Incorporated Certified Accountants, Public Accountants, Auditors, Income-Tax and Super Tax Experts
Office: M.P. Baria Building, Pydhoe, Bombay

HELLO! Swarajists or Non-Swarajists, Conservatives or Liberals

If you at all wish to attain Swarajya see TO-NIGHT or During THIS WEEK

SHARDA'S HISTORICAL NEW PRODUCTION

MY COUNTRY! MY COUNTRY!

Full of Patriotism and Self-sacrifice. Prodigious deeds and clever and strategic movements.
In which Mr. Vithal (Indian Douglas Fairbanks) plays a heroic part.

Also STAGE DANCE—DANCE WITH MUSIC and SWEET SONG

By MISS SITA—A Well-known Sharda's Actress and Dancer.

TIME:—4-45; 6-45; 9-0; 11-15. Sat. & Sun. at 2-45 P.M.

KRISHNA CINEMA

DUBASH THEATRE—"KRISHNA BAG"—NEW CHARNI ROAD.

Coming Shortly: ORIENTAL LOVE, A Beautiful Picture Produced in Norway

OWING TO PUBLIC DEMAND

IMPERIAL CINEMA

LAMINGTON ROAD,

CONTINUES

FOR ONE WEEK MORE

IMPERIAL FILM COMPANY'S

Extraordinary Production

"ALLAUDDIN AND WONDERFUL LAMP"

DON'T MISS TO SEE.

DAILY FOUR SHOWS: 5, 7, 9 & 11 P.M.

EXTRA SHOW on Saturday, Sunday & Bank Holidays at 3 P.M.

ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW

PRECIOUS

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK.

SECOND WEEK of the thrilling thundering Vitagraph serial

'THE VEILED MYSTERY'

Episodes 4, 5, and 6—Six further parts this week, featuring the popular

ANTONIO MORENO
ANTONIO MORENO
ANTONIO MORENO

The mystery becomes more mystified! Who is the Veiled Mystery? See Antonio being roasted alive on a boiler with 300° temperature!

The programme includes a two-reel Comedy

TO-NIGHT:—3-30, 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 P.M. (S.T.)

PRECIOUS CINEMA,

LAMINGTON ROAD.

HAIR BEAUTY

Thin and Scraggy Hair made abundant, strong and healthy. Dull and lifeless Hair made glossy, smooth and bright. Dandruff prevented and overcome. Greyness and thin places (so frequent in middle life) prevented.

IF you desire healthy, lustrous and luxurient hair, start using Koko straight away. By the time the first bottle is finished you will have noticed a marked improvement.

Used by Royalty. KOKO FOR THE HAIR *Recommended by Doctors.*

Koko makes thin and scraggy hair abundant, strong and full of life. By feeding the hair roots it brings to the surface all the natural glow and sheen your hair possesses. Koko also prevents and overcomes Dandruff, stops the hair from falling out, retards greyness and prevents thin places. Does not discolour white hair.

Obtainable from Chemists, Bazaars, etc. throughout the East. Prices in England 1/6, 3/- and 5/6.

USE ALSO KOKO SHAMPOO POWDERS.

Importing Agents: WALLACE D. HAWKES AGENCY.

Telegrams: Besmaye, Calcutta, Bombay, Delhi, Rangoon, Colombo.

KOKO-MARICOPAS CO. LTD. 16, Bevis Marks, London, E.C.3.

GLAD NEWS

For the Residents (and Families) of Byculla, Mazagaon, Parel, etc.
The Mighty Magnificent Pathe Serial for the first time here.

TO-NIGHT : : : : : : : : THIS WEEK

"THE FORTIETH DOOR"

21 Parts—Opening 7 parts are screened this week and the whole Serial will be finished off in 3 weeks only!

LOVE—DRAMA—ADVENTURE—THRILLS—AGALORE!
TURKISH—INDIAN—ENGLISH SCENES AND DRESSES!
EGYPT—CAIRO—THE NILE—
The Splendour of the Orient—All is here.
NEW SERIAL

"The Fortieth Door"

The Programme includes a two-reel Comedy.

TO-NIGHT:— 3-15; 5-15; 7; 8-45; 10-30 P.M. (S.T.)

NEW VENUS NEW VENUS

CINEMA—Byculla—opp. G. I. P. Ry. Goods Yard on the Tram Line.

STUPENDOUS ATTRACTION COMING.

The Sensation of the Present Century.

R. B. SALISBURY

PRESENTS

THE TALKING AND SINGING PICTURES.

(THE DE FOREST PHONOFILMS)

Direct From Their Phenomenal Success in Calcutta where 36 Performances were given.

DESCRIBED BY THE PRESS OF LONDON AS A "MODERN MIRACLE".

with
KEN MAYNARD
"FELIX SPOTS THE SPOOKS"
PATHE SUPER GAZETTE
Time: 6-15, 8-15, and 10 P.M.
MATINEE TO-DAY and TO-MORROW AT 4 P.M.

PATHE CINEMA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

The perfect base for powder!

Here is the secret: before applying your powder, rub in with a light touch a little Icilma, the famous anti-grease Beauty cream. It brings the skin into the right condition to hold the powder perfectly. You can dance the whole evening knowing that there will be no shiny places, no patches where the powder has come off.

Icilma Cream is made by a special secret process, which no one else can imitate. It is the lightest face cream made. It takes nine times as long to make a jar of Icilma Cream as it does to make a jar of ordinary heavy face cream.

Use Icilma Cream and silk-sifted Icilma Face Powder—as delicate as the down on a butterfly's wing—and you will always look your best.

Icilma CREAM

In beautiful new jade-coloured jars. Choice of two perfumes, Bouquet or Magnolia.

THE IDEAL FACE POWDER.

Soft, fine and clinging, sifted many times through screens of closely woven silk, Icilma Face Powder adheres lightly but securely to the skin under all conditions. Almost invisible, it is so fine that it gives a delicate and velvety bloom and removes all anxiety about "shininess." Made in two shades—Naturelle, which suits most complexions; and Creme, especially for Brunettes.

LAST PLAYS! LAST PLAYS!

Shet Rajaram Morarji, the well-known sportsman will act as "Ashwinshet" in Sunday's Matinee

RANGBODHECHHU NATYA SAMAJ

Will stage on

SATURDAY, 14th May at 9 p.m. and SUNDAY, 15th May at 3-30 p.m.

SANSHAYA KALLOL

Revati: Rangdevata Raghuvir.

AT THE

RIPON THEATRE, GRANT ROAD.

Booking at the Theatre.

Rang Devata Raghuvir Saokar will act as the Heroine.

TO-DAY & THIS WEEK

MAKE IT A POINT TO SEE

Excelsior Film Co.'s

PICTURE

"SOUL or SLAVE"

Which deals with

The labour question and other social defects.

Sat, Sun, Holiday Extra Show 3-30
Daily 5-15, 7, 8-45, & 10-30

CINEMA MAJESTIC

GIRGAUM.

GLOBE CINEMA

TIME: 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 Daily.
Saturday and Sunday, Extra at 3-30 P.M.

Last Week—Episodes 13, 14 and 15.
Heart-Pumping, Pulse-Tinkering
WILLIAM DUNCAN in
"THE FIGHTING TRAIL."
Also Two Reels Comedy
"THE HAUNTED HOUSE."
Next Week—Next Saturday,
A picture full of surprise
"THE FALSE AMIR"

BULLION MARKET.

SILVER.

Bombay, May 13.

Yesterday London Market closed 1/16d higher. Shanghai Exchange is unchanged. The local market fluctuated within a small range and finally closed as under. The volume of the business passings is greatly reduced and Banks are keeping quiet.

Ready Silver	59	4	0
Vaishakh	59	3	0
Jaishta	59	4	0
Double options premium:—			
Vaishakh	0	5	0
Jaishta	1	1	0

GOLD.

Bombay, May 13.

Owing to firm exchange the gold market is rather quiet with less demand.

Ready Bar	21	9	9
Vaishakh	21	9	6
Jaishta	21	8	6
National Bank	21	12	0
Chartered Bank	21	11	6
Central Bank	21	11	3

EXCHANGE

Bombay, May 13.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 29/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 15/16.
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 15/16.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 31/32.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 7/32.
Bank's buying T T 1/6.
Bank's buying D D 1/6 1/32.
PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 892.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 962.
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 947.
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 132 1/2.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 127 1/2
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling Rs. 137 1/2.
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 171 1/4.
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 156 1/4.
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 275.
CROSS RATE—
London—New York Dol. 4.85 7/8.
London—Paris Frcs. 124.02.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.26.
London—Brussels Frcs. 34.97
London—Rome Liras 89.75.
London—Berlin Marks 20.51.
Tone of Exchange.—Quiet but steady.

LONDON DISCOUNT.

Bombay, May 13.

3 months London discounts 323/32 per cent.
6 months London discounts 3 3/4 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 5 per cent.
Call Money 6 1/4 per cent.
1 month 5 per cent.
3 months 4 per cent.
6 months 3 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Steady.
Imperial Bank rate 7 per cent.

RECEIPTS AND EXPORTS OF U.S.A.

New York, May 12.

	Bales.
Day'e Exports to Great Britain	5,000
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	11,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	3,000

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, May 12.

Chartered Bank of I. A. and C £19-3|8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register) £115-1|2.
P. and O Banking Corporation £9 1 2.
National Bank £49.
Eastern Bank £6-1|2.
Funding Loan 4 per cent £87-5|8.
Conversion Loan £76-7|8.
Indian Loa 5 1|2 per cent £1 301|4.
Rupee Paper 5 1|2 per cent £58.
Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan £61
Indian Stock 3 1|2 p.c. Sterling Loan £71.
Consolls £55-1|2.
War Loan 5 per cent £100-5|8.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £92-5|8.

LONDON METALS.

London, May 12.

Copper English best Selected £60-3|8.
Copper Braziers £71.
Yellow Metal £65-1|4.
Spelter Hard Indian Brands £255-1|4.
Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge £14-7|8.
Tin English Ingots £293-12.

NEW INDIA
ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

TOTAL FUNDS RS. 1,62,85,143

Insure now, before you suffer loss.

FIRE
MARINE
BURGLARY
MOTOR CAR
PERSONAL ACCIDENT
ALL RISKS
(Jewellery)
Etc., Etc.

Call at the Office
CENTRAL BANK BUILDING,
Esplanade Road.
General Manager, R. J. DUFF.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, May 13.

Receipts various raw produce into Bombay upto noon of the 12th inst.

Wheat	18,207	cwts.
Linseed	25,975	,,
Rape, Rai & Mustardseeds	884	,,
Gingellyseeds	463	,,
Poppyseed	1,359	,,
Groundnuts	7,190	,,
Castorseed	7,380	,,
Rice	17,609	,,
Myrabollams	6,468	,,
Cottonseed	12,371	,,
Mowraseed	14	,,
Gram	2,348	,,
Joowar	1,963	,,
Bajree	462	,,
Coal	7,889	tons.

PUNJAB PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

(Special for The "Chronicle.")
(The Sri Krishna Bombay Trading Co. Ld.)

Muktsar (Punjab), May 11

Wheat Har	4	9	6
Wheat Bhadan	4	12	0
Wheat Asuj	4	14	0
Gram Jeth	3	10	0
Gram Har	3	11	0
Gram Asuj	3	15	0
Barley Jeth	3	7	0
Barley Asuj	3	11	0
Rapeseeds Jeth	7	11	0
Rapeseeds Bhadan	8	4	0
Cottonseeds Jethi	3	14	6
Cottonseeds Bhadan	4	4	6

READY.

New Wheat	4	8	0	to	5	0 0
New Gram	3	11	0	to	3	13 0
New Barley					3	7 0
Rapeseeds	7	8	0	to	7	12 0
Cottonseeds					3	14 0

Market Arrival.—

Wheat	750 mds.
Gram	500 mds.
Barley	400 mds.
Rapeseeds	100 mds.

Market Condition.—Steady.

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKETS.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 12.

July	15.63	plus .13
October	15.95	plus .18
December	16.14	plus .19
January	16.19	plus .17
March	16.39	plus .19
Middling Spot	15.75	plus .15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 12.

July	15.62	plus .14
October	15.90	plus .17
Middling Spot	15.33	plus .23

NEW YORK.

New York, May 12.

NEW YORK 10-30 A.M.:—
(As known in Liverpool at closing time).

May	15.38
July	15.61
October	15.92

NEH YORK NOON CALL:—

May	15.60
July	15.60
October	15.90

NEW ORLEANS 9 A.M.:—

July	15.60
October	15.86

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool May 12.

May	8.35	plus .09
June	8.37	plus .09
July	8.43	plus .08
August	8.45	plus .08
September	8.48	plus .08
October	8.51	plus .07
November	8.52	plus .07
December	8.55	plus .07
January	8.57	plus .07
February	8.58	plus .07
March	8.62	plus .06
April	8.62	plus .06
May	8.63	plus .06
Middling Spot	8.54	—.13

SALES.

Liverpool May 12.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	5,000
Sales on Speculation	200
Saless of East Indian Cotton	50

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool May 12.

Scinde Good	6.70	—.10
Scinde Fully Good	6.90	—.10
Scinde Fine	7.10	—.10
Bengal Good	6.70	—.10
Bengal Fully Good	6.90	—.10
Bengal Fine	7.10	—.10
Oomra Good	7.10	—.10
Oomra Fully Good	7.35	—.10
Oomra Fine	7.60	—.10
Broach Good	7.10	—.10
Broach Fully Good	7.40	—.10
Broach Fine	7.70	—.10

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool May 12.

May	15.10	plus .07
June	15.19	plus .06
July	15.25	plus .05
August	15.27	plus .05
September	15.34	plus .04
October	15.42	plus .02
November	15.47	plus .05
December	15.46	plus .04
January	15.44	plus .05
February	15.44	plus .05
March	15.44	plus .05
April	15.44	plus .05
May	15.44	plus .05
Sakellaridis F.G.F. Spot	15.75	—.25

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

AMERICANS N. Y.—Opened 2 points better. Advanled 20 points on Bulls Buying and Short Covering. Reacted 9 points on Prifit taking. Futures closed 13 to 19 points Higher. Spot Prices raised 15 points to 15.72.

LOCAL.—Speculative Buying. Reacted on scattered Profit taking. Better Liverpool Closed Steady.

PRIVATE CABLES:—

Messrr. Patel Bros have received the following cables today:

New York July highest 15.72 (1-37 p.m.) lowest 15.52 (at the opening.)

Liverpool 9-15 a.m. Light rains Vicksburg District weather cold.

Liverpool 8-35 p.m. Liverpool market declined early on long liquidation ind selling on stoploss orders; later advanced on rains in East Texas. Trade fixing call sales.

Another of Liverpool friends: Heavy liquidation, short selling; technical lposition improved. Would rather buy.

Messrs. Umrgia and Vesngar's New York friends Messrs. A Norden and Co. cable under date 12th instant as follows

"Market advanced on short covering on unfavonarble weather in Texas."

Messrs. Bruel and Co have received the following cable from their New York friends:

"Easier on long liquidation. Prospects of better weather. Flood situation considered belter but stilll menavering if weather unfavourable"

Messrs. Vurdhman and Co. in their weekly report state that the decline during the week was due to the dawn of fair weather and the exaggerated reports about the goods. They cannot but advice their readers to closely watch the situation. An ulltimate rise is bound to appear but it is still a question of time. As to Bombay Market they advise purchasers at dips, expecting a position improvement sometime later in the season.

AMERICANS.

Yesterday the New York future market opened steady at an advance of 2 points. Reports of further rains in Texas, caused heavy short covering in conjunction with Bull support and prices registered further improvement of 20 points. However at the advance there was some profit taking which caused a set back in the prices of about 9 points. The close was steady but irregular old crop months showing a rise of 13 points while new crop positions improved 17 to 19 points. Spot cotton ruled firm and prices were raised by 15 points to 15.75c.

The Liverpool cotton market opened easy on renewed long liquidation and short selling

As the decline proceeded further stop less orders were reached and market rule quiet. Later on report of rains in Texas calsed a rush of buyers and prices sharply rebounded and improved 9 to 6 points before the close. Spot cotton ruled qniet and declined 13 points t o 8.54 per lb.

The market is entirely influenced by weather reports and with the improved technical situation, we continue in our belief of higher prices.

LOCAL MARKET.

Bombay, May 13.

Following a rise of 13 to 19 points in New York futures, the local forward market steady with July/August delivery at Rs. 319/ and improved to 320/8 on bull support. At the advance there was increased profit taking by local operators which caused a reaction of Rs. 2. Later Liverpool opening advices being better prices improved and closed at Marwari session as under:

Broach				
Apl/May	314/8	316	313/8	316
July/Aug	319	320/8	318/8	320/8
Apl/May (1928)	321/8	322/8	320/8	322/8
Oomra				
May	301	301/8	300	301/8
July	305	305/8	304	305/8
Dec/Jan	305	305	303	305
Bengal				
May	289	290	288	290
Dec/Jan	276	276	275	276

SEWRI MARKET.

Bombay, May 13.

Liverpool opened 1 points better. The forward market ruled rather steady with a small business. Some Japanese firms sold moderately which was well absorbed and the market closed steady.

Broach				
Apl/May	316/8	316/8	316	316/8
July/Aug	321/8	321/12	321	321/8
Apl/May (1928)	323/8	323/8	323	323/8
Oomra				
May	302	302/8	302	302/8
July	305/8	306	305/8	306
Dec/Jan	305/8	306	305/4	306
Bengal				
May	293	293	292/8	293
Dec/Jan	277	277	276/12	277

TENDERS'

Bombay, May 13.

	To-day	Total
F. G. M. G. Bengal	Nil	600
F. G. M. G. Broach	200	200
Fine M. G. Oomra	600	5,300

SAMPIN MARKET.

Bombay, May 13.

It is reported that the Sampin market will open for forward business from tomorrow.

DAILY ROOM RATES.

Bombay, May 13.

Bengal Dec/Jan				276
Bengal May				289
Broach Apl/May				316
Broach New Apl/May				322
Broach July/Aug				321
Oomra May				301
Oomra July				305
Oomra Dec/Jan				305
Southern				323
Bengal	303	296	289	281
S./P.	300	293	286	278
Rajputana	303	296	289	281
Broach	328	324	318	
P./A.	342	335	328	321
Viramgaum	335	332	327	
Dholleras	330	327	322	
Surat	371	368	363	
Navsari	386	383	378	
Oomra No 3	306	301	295	
C. P. No. 1	320	315	309	
C. P. No. 2	313	308	302	
Khandesh	303	298	292	
Muthia	301	296	290	
Southern			309	295
Bijapur			304	299
Bagalkote			299	295
Comptа	355	351	345	
Tinnevelly	366	362	356	
Karungannies	378	371	370	
Cambodia	383	380	375	

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, May 13

			Ready	Mill Terms New
Bengal	Superfine	M. G.	290/95	
,,	Fine	,,	285/90	
,,	F.G.	,,	280/85	
Sindh-Punjab	Fine	,,	285/90	
,,	F.G.	,,	280	
Wardha-Hingt.	Fine	M. G.	318/20	
Nagpur		,,	318/20	
Yeotmal		,,	310/12	
Arvi		,,	310/12	
Amraoti		,,	305/7	
Khamgaon-Akola	,,	,,	305/7	
Mulkapur	,,	,,	300/3	
Khandesh	,,	,,	300/2	
Muthia	Fine	,,	295/98	
Nanded/Purna	Best Quality	,,	305/7	
Purna	Average	,,	300/3	
Parbhani/Ssilu	,,	,,	303	
Indore/Ujjain	,,	,,	303	
Burwah Sanavad			303	

Broach Fine M.G. .. 352/28 +9 May
WesternsGoodHG 307/8 May June+13/4
Cambodia Fine F G
Miraj/Sangli F.G. .. 335
Compta F.G.M.G. 340 May+34 June+30
Dhollera May+13 July+3
Kadi/Viramgam May+13/4

DAILY COTTON STATISTICS

(MESSRS. BRUEL & CO.)

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, May 13

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	Since 1st. September This Year	Last Year
Khandesh ..	61	3,07,978	2,88,271
Central India	175	2,75,678	3,54,020
Barsi and Nagar	225	1,87,976	2,05,514
Hyderabad-Gaorani	261	66,588	72,495
Berar	557	5,50,175	4,63,181
Central Provinces	137	2,25,169	2,38,236
Total Oomras..	1,416	16,13 564	16,21,717
Dholera	2355	1,38,090	2,27,026
N.W. Provinces ..		54,863	1,27,880
Rajputana ..	106	47,158	97,115
Sind-Punjab ..	221,	1,13,220	281,436
Broach	3756	1,97773	309571
Coompta & Dharwar	749	76,591	780009
Westerns-Northerns	617	35,481	54,689
Cocoanada ..		403	1,707
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	1580	13,929	19,423
Persian		3,797	3,779
American.. ..		1,91,890	3,337
Egyptian and African	1978	55,538	51,835
Comilla, Burma & Other sorts.	51	3,147	
Total	12778	25,42348	2882701

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st. Sept. to 5th May.

In full pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year	Last year.
Europe	3,937	2,56,064	4,37,192
Japan & China	1800	11,78,570	14,32,638
Coast Ports ..	100	15,819	29,778
Up-country by Rail		89,403	64,963
Afloat in harbour for Europe			
China and Japan		31,885	48,212
Total	5837	15,74,741	19,98,783

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, May 13.

200	Currimbhai & Co.	Upland	335
100	Ralli Bros.	Karanja	302
100	Vardhman Bro.s	Barwaha	307
200	Ralli Bros	Khandwa	307
100	P. R. Vakhariya	& Co. Khandwa	306
200	Kotak & Co.	Bengal	300
100	Toyomankwa & Co.	Nee. much	302
100	B. Karshandas	Piparia	295 old
100	Ralli Bros.	Dhuri	296
100	Maoras Mill	Latur	300
200	Toyomankwa	Amraoti	303
200	Bussan Co.	Dativa	305
100	Busan & Co.	Ujiain	305
100	Dd.	Rutlam	303

STOCK EXCHANGE

FAZAL AT NEW HIGH LEVEL.

Bombay, May 13.

To-day the Bombay Stock Exchange opened quiet, prices showing small changes. There was heavy buying in Fazal and Pearl shares which showed a good improvement in the prices. There was sympathetic rise in other mill shares of a small magnitude. The undertone continues fairly bullish and we believe for the higher prices will be attained in active shares. The situation is more or less getting into the hands of the Bull and it appears that Fazal and Pearl shares will harden to higher levels causing heavy short covering.

Cement were rather quiet. Burmah and steamer shares ruled steady. Some Petrol shares exchanged hands at Rs. 6/12.

In Tata Iron Shares there was not much doing but 2nd Pref. was firm at 96/4.

Following are to-day's closing prices.

LOCAL BANKS.	Paid up Rs.	Last Divid	Quotation Rs.	as
Bank of India ..	50	22	78	4
Baroda	50	4	85	
Central Co-operative ..	50	1-2	63	8
Central	25	1-4	29	12
Eastern ..	£5.	9 p.c.	81	8
Imperial ..	500	40	1477	8
Imperial Contributory ..	125	10	370	
Union	5	0	4	2
CEMENTS AND MANGANESE.				
Bundi	10	..	26	4
Central India Mining ..	10	4-8Y	26	
Indian Cement O.	350	..	197	8
Katni Cement O.	100	..	180	
Katni Cement D.	40	..	6	5
Punjab Cement O.	10	..	7	10
Shivrajpur ..	10	8Y.	49	8
RAILWAY COMPANIES.				
Ahmedabad Prantej	500	11 p.c.	865	
Amritsar Pattis	100	10 p.c.	148	
Central Province	700	70 p.c.	104	
Dhond Baramati	100	6 p.c.	99	
Guzerat	100	5 p.c.	92	
Hoshirapur Doab	100	5 p.c.	101	
Larkhana ..	100	5 p.c.	86	
Mandra Bhon ..	90	5 p.c.	83	
Pachora Jammsi	100	5 p.c.	90	
Sara Sirajgunj	100	5 p.c.	99	
Sialkot Narowal	100	5 p.c.	110	
Sind Light ..	100	12 p.c.	150	
Tapti Valley ..	500	8 p.c.	685	
Upper Sind Light	100	4 p.c.	80	
STEAMER COMPANIES.				
Bombay Steam Navigation Co	250	..	221	4
Bombay Steam Navigation P.	350	..	240	10
Scindia Steam	150	..	16	14
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.				
Ahmedabad Electricity ..	100	5 p.c.	78	
Andhra Valley O	1,000	..	857	8
Andhra Valley P.	1,000	..	965	
Bombay Tramways O. ..	50	2-8	142	8
Bombay Tramways P... ..	50	3-8	66	12
Karachi Electricity	100	6	102	
Surat Electricity	100	..	75	
Tata Hydro-Elec. O ..	1,000	40	1091	4
Tata Hydro-Elec. P. ..	1,000	7. p.c.	992	8
Tata Power O...	1,000	..	575	
Tata Power P.	1,000	..		
PRESS COMPANIES.				
Barsi Press ..			435	
Akbari ..	500	..	160	
Fort	475	..	250	
Harvey & Sabapathy ..	500	20-35	1030	
Indian Cotton ..	128	17/8	205	
Manmad Manufacturing ..	250	2	220	
New Berar ..	500	7	780	
New East India	1,000	9	925	
New Mofussil P.	400	5	165	
New Prince of Wales ..	500	5	510	
Volkart U.P. ..	500	5	530	
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.				
Alcock Ashdown	100	..	302	8
Belapur Co. Ltd.	76	..	21	8
B. Burma T. Corporation	125	20	696	4
B. Burm T. Corporation New	0	8	213	12
Burma Corporation	10	0-6	9-8	
Bombay Uganda	80	nil	33	
British Burma Petroleum ..	8	0-6-9	6	15
Indo Burma Petroleum ..	100	..	180	
Jost Engineering	100	10	110	
Mackenzie ..	100	30	337	8
New Union Flour Mills	100	50	30	
Port Canning ..	1,000	50Y	650	
Tata Iron Pref. 1st.	150	6 p.c.y	132	
Tata Iron Pref. 2nd.	150	..	96	
Tata Iron and steel Def. ..		30	222	8
Tata Iron and Steel Ordy. ..		..	66	12
Thacker ..	50	..	115	
Telephone ..	50	Nil	41	
INSURANCE COMPANIES.				
Empire of India	60	228	1000	
Endustrial & Prudential ..	6	1-4 p.c.	4	14
Jupiter			5	8
New India ..	25	..	23	12
Oriental Life ..	100	30 p.c.	1650	
Vulcan	10	0 8 0	5	2
MILLS.				
Ahmedabad Advance ..	100	10	430	
Apollo	50	..	9	

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, May 13.

3 1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 78/7.
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 94/11.
4 per cent Loan due 1830/70 Rs.89/8.
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 101/12.
5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 102|10.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs 103/8.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 108/.
5-1|2 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928 Rs. 106/5.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1927 Rs. 100|15.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 105/3.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs 106/8.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 107/12.
6-1|2 per cent Bombay Devp. Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 113.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 88/4.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 87.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs 87.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1955 Rs. 112|10.
6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 103/8.

Forward rates. Delivery 16th May 3 1/2 per cent Paper Rs. 78/7 1945/55 Rs. 108/7

Tone of Market.—Weak.

LINSEED AND WHEAT.

Bombay, May 13.

Linseed May	11	2	9
Linseed Sept.	11	11	0
Wheat May	7	13	3
Wheat Sept	8	0	3

Assur Virjee ..	100	..	3	
Berar Manfg. ..	200	30	210	
Bombay Cotton Co.	50	15	375	
Bombay Cotton P.	10	5 p.c.	6	4
Bombay Dyeing etc.	250	25	950	
Bombay Industrial	108		5	4
Bombay Woollen	100	..	70	
Bradbury ..	250	nil	320	
Broach Fine Counts ..	50	..	75	
Century ..	100	10y	450	
Central India O.	100	16	542	8
Central India P.	500	5 p.c.	470	
Ceylon	100	..	40	
Colaba Land Mill	100	65	160	
Crescent ..	100	4	232	8
Currimbhoy ..	250	..	310	
David	500	..	250	
Kuria	100	..	170	
Dawn	250	55	710	
E.D. Sassoon United O. ..	7-8	..	1-3	6
Ebrahimbhoy Pabanay	150	nil	317	8
Edward Sassoon ..	200	nil	152	8
Elphinstone O. ..	500	..	27	
Emperor Edward ..	500	..	215	
Fazulbhoy	100	25	967	8
Finlay	1,000	..	160	
Framjee Petit	100	..	600	
Gokak	100	5	142	8
Hindoostan	1,000	125	1775	
Indian Bleaching etc	100	..	217	8
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	751	1150	
Indore-Malwa United	100	10	390	
Jamashed O.	250	..	40	
Khatau Makanjee ..	Nil	..	20	
Kilachand	25	..	3	12
Kohinoor	500		1177	8
Lakshmi Cotton ..	1,000	150	1000	
Madhavrao Scindia ..	100	..	54	
Madhowji Dharamsi	100	..	152	8
Madras United ..	250	15	300	
Manockjee Petit ..	1,000	30	1850	
Mathradas	100	..	80	
Meyer Sassoon ..	100	..	90	
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1,000	..	2200	
Model Mills, Nagpur ..	250	..	128	12
Mysore	50	4	132	8
New City of Bombay	100	10	170	
New Great Eastern ..	300	nil	348	12
Osmansbhai (100) ..	75	..	60	
Pearl	250	8	630	
Poenix	100	40	437	8
Premier..	100	..	13	
Sassoon Cotton ..	100	..	20	
Sassoon Silk	500	..	630	
Sholapur	1,000	200	8550	
Simplex	100	..	203	12
Sir Shapurji, Broacha	100	..	35	12
Standard	500		1645	
Swadeshi	500		538	12
Swan	60	..	170	
Tata Mill O.	5	..	112	8
Vishnu Cotton O. ..		90	2700	
Vishnu P.	500	35	650	
Western India Spng, ..	1,000	50y	915	

SHARE-MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.

Ahmedabad					430	
Bombay Cotton					375	
Bombay Dyeing			945	951	4 942	8 950
Century ..			416	4 451	4 445	450
Central India					537	8
Colaba Land					160	
Crescent					232	8
Edward Sassoon					152	8
Fazulbhoy			956	4 9 0	955	967 8
Finlays					160	
Globe					45	
Gokak					142	8
Indian Bleaching..					247	8
Indore Malwa					390	
Kohinoor					1177	8
Madhowjee					150	
Mathuradas						80
Meyer Sassoon						100
Mysore					132	8
New Great					350	
Pearl ..			621	4 632	8 620	630
Pabany					317	8
Phoenix					437	8
Simplex ..					203	12
Swadeshi					535	
Swan Mills					170	
Tata Mills					112	8
Govt. paper 3 1/2 per cent.					73	7
Govt. Paper 5 per cent.					108	1

TRADE AND FINANCE

WEEKLY MARKET REPORT.

(From our Financial Correspondent.)

A steady tone characterised the Money Market during the past week with call funds in good demand at 6 per cent. The decline in trade demand mentioned last week has ceased and there has been no important variation one way or the other this week. The present demand is mainly for financing of seed crop and to a less extent for cotton. The fixed deposit rates are 5 1|2 per cent for two months, 5 per cent. for three months, 4 per cent. for six and twelve months.

We understand that on Tuesday of this week Government contracted Rs. 2 crores of currency against inland securities. This brings the total contraction since 1st April to about Rs.10,33 crores.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as of 6th May 1927, shows a further decline of Rs. 249.21 lacs in the cash balance now amounting to Rs. 12,82,21,000 as compared with Rs. 24.05 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 16.04, a decrease of 2.47 per cent. under last week. Government securities are down by Rs. 25.95 lacs. Loans have increased by Rs. 19.99 lacs, while cash certificate credits and inland bills discounted are down by Rs. 17.96 lacs and Rs. 22.16 lacs respectively. Government deposits are down by Rs. 270.11 lacs to Rs. 11.48 crores probably due to the recent contraction as well as the beginning of the month requirements and other deposits declined by Rs. 21.11 lacs to Rs. 67.21 crores. The bank rate remains unchanged at 7 per cent.

The security market has been weaker due to selling by banks and unloading by bull operators, particularly in view of the approaching settlement, May 16th. 3 1|2 per cent. paper declined from Rs. 79.1 to Rs. 78-9 and 1945-55 Loan from Rs. 108-5 to Rs. 108-2. 5 per cent. 1935 and 1933 loans kept steady at Rs. 102-10 and Rs. 103-8. 5 1|2 per cent. bonds 1928 remained unchanged at Rs. 106-7. 6 per cent. bonds 1927 and 1930 changed hands at Rs. 100-15 and Rs. 105-7, 1931 at Rs. 106-10 and 1932 at Rs. 107-14. 6 1|2 per cent. Bombay Development Loan is quoted at Rs. 113. 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan eased to Rs. 89-9.

The currency return as of 7th May 1927, shows a decline of Rs. 259.59 lacs in note circulation now amounting to Rs. 171.11 crores. Silver coins are down by Rs.59.59 lacs, while gold bullion and silver under coinage remain unchanged at Rs. 29.76 crores and Rs. 8.86 crores respectively. Ad hoc securities are down by Rs. 2 crores. The metallic reserve ratio to circulation is 78.04 as against 77.22 a week ago.

The credit arranged in the United States by Great Britain, when the latter returned to a gold standard, has been permitted to lapse this month.

The Japanese moratorium ended yesterday. However, banks in Japan have arranged satisfactorily to meet all demands.

EXCHANGE

This market has experienced a steady tone with a rising tendency. The ready rate advanced from 1s. 5-7|8d. to 1s. 5-15|16d. with business done at 1s.5-31|32d. Small enquiry for bullion remittances and an improved showing of export bills in most markets, as well as the recent contraction of currency were the chief causes of the rising tendency. A slight reaction occured at the close due to some enquiry for bullion remittances at the higher level. Forward rates are very steady including those for monsoon months. An outstanding feature of the week was the allotment of £300,000 at 1s.5-31|32d. which served as a very steadying factor to sterling exchange. The Government's present buying rate for intermediates is 1s.6d. The following are the closing rates:—Ready 1s. 5-15|16d. May to September 1s. 5-29|32d. October 1s. 5-15|16d.; November 1s. 5-31|32d. and December-February 1s.6d.

The dollar sterling quotation was steady at about 4.85-7|9. French francs were steady at 124 and the Belga declined to 34.97. The Italian lira appreciated from 91.85 to 88.75, but closed at 89.75.

GOLD

Ready gold opened at Rs. 21-10-6 per tola and gradually declined to Rs. 21-9-9 in sympathy with a slight decrease in the offtake and a rise in sterling exchange. There was a noticeable improvment in the volume of business over last week. The daily average offtake declined to abont 15,000 tolas and stocks on hand are estimated at about 3 1|2 lacs tolas, but large shipments are on the way from Durban and London. The price of gold in London declined from 84s. 11d. to 84s. 10 1|4d. on Tuesday but improved and closes at 84s. 11 1|2d. Ready sovereign improved from Rs. 13-12-9 to Rs. 13|13|6 and forward from Rs. 13|10|9 to Rs. 13-12-0; however, at the close the rates declined to Rs. 13-12-6 and Rs. 13-11-6 for ready and forward respectively. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 21-10-6 and Rs. 21|9|9 for ready, Rs. 21|10|6 and Rs. 21|9|3 for 17th May settlement and Rs. 21|9|6 and Rs. 21|8|3 for 16th June settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £43,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's end shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £230,000 and from Durban £245,000 and £444,000 shipped on 25th April and 9th May respectively. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 912,288 in bar and coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £104,000.

SILVER

This has been a dull and uninteresting market; the price of ready silver experienced an eight anna fluctuation. The volume of business passing was small, and the undertone of the market may be regarded as easy. The rate for ready silver opened at Rs. 59.5, improved to Rs. 59-7 followed by a gradual decline to Rs. 58-15 and closed at Rs. 59-3. China banks operated to a small extent, while American banks sold. The daily average offtake declined to about 180 bars and stocks on hand, due to heavy arrivals, increased to some 5000 bars. The rate for T.T. on London in Shanghai declined during the week from 2s. 6-11|16d. to 2s. 6 1|2d. but improved to 2s. 6-5|8d. at the close. The price of silver in London eased from 26-1|16d. to 26-7|8d. improved again to 26-1|16d. and closed at 26d. for ready and 25-7|8d. for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs.59|7 and Rs..58|15 for ready and 21st May settlement and Rs. 59|6 and Rs. 58|15 for 20th June settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £31,000 silver; inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £451,000. The total imports during the week amounted to 2412 bars and Rs.146,576 in coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £15,000.

YARN MARKET

Bombay, May 13.

Since our last report prices have remained almost unchanged with very small fluctuations but the undertone has remained very steady owing to good inquiries from all consuming centres throughout the week. It is to be regretted that the prices offered by the consuming Districts are yet very low and in some cases there is a difference of about 1/2 an anna to an anna per lb. between the offers received from up country dealers and the official quotations of the Mills. Stocks with the dealers have declined considerably and but for reaction in cotton during the last 3 Days our Mills would have been able to sell at their quotations inasmuch as offtake showed a distinct improvement during the last week. The decline in cotton however to some extent has checked the buyers who for the last 2 days have rather adopted the policy of Wait and See. We believe however that if cotton keeps steady at this level the Mills and the buyers will meet each other and some sales will be possible during the course of the next few days. In case of English and Japanese yarns prices do not show much difference and business on the whole has been limited. Fresh forward sales have not been possible on a large scale but the turnover has been satisfactory.

English yarns.—Manchester quotations are very higir in some cases having gone up 2/3d. per lb. alround and in the present heavy stocks in the local market no fresh business seems to be possible at the moment. Deliveries from stock have been plenty and prices are very steady.

Japanese yarns.—Turnover has been satisfactory and the Japanese Import-Houses have been showing eagerness to sell further quantities but as their limits are somewhat higher delares have been adopting a cautious policy and only limited business has been done during the week. Exchange does not show much difference and Sampin is yet closed.

Artificial silk yarns.—The market is lifeless inspite of considerable advance on the other side and although there are plenty of inquiries from up country markets the rates offered are very low. Stocks have been very large and it seems it will take a long time before the stocks are exhausted and prices show any material advance.

Indian yarns.—The position has been satisfactory on the whole but the prices offered by the dealers to the Mills are yet not such as would give them any margin of profits. Offtake however shows steady improvement and it is to be seen that the stocks with the dealers have considerably declined and it is very likely that the Mills will be able to sell their holdings in course of time. Much more will depend upon the course of cotton during the next few days and if cotton continues steady we like for some further improvement in all kinds of yarns.

PIECE GOODS.

Owing to a reactionary tendency in the prices of American Cotton and tight condition of the Money Market, dealers are not inclined to add more to their purchases. The demand continues disappointed and on the whole the week passed without any activity. However there exists a feeling of confidence in the market and holders are not eager to sell at lower rates.

Manchester reports continue steady and quotations are rather higher. The general condition of the trade is believed to be healthy but some anxiety is felt on the various rumours about the recommendations of the Tariff Board Report which is now believed to be out shortly.

English cloth has shown a slightly easier tendencl for want of demand. The demand from the consuming market is practically nil and high hopes entertained so far do not seem coming. Thsi has caused all along a waiting attitude and quiet conditions have resulted.

Japanese cloth is also more or less inactive though latest reports state of return the normal state of affairs. As an effect of financial crisis it is anticipated that dealers will adopt a cautious policy.

The local mill cloth is having a slightly better demand but nothing like satisfactory one. Some stray sales are reported. The easiness in the cotton prices was partially responsible for this state of affairs, but there are some who believe in higher prices and with the improvement in cotton, there are all chances in favour of renewed activities.

The quotations for the leading chops Greys and Whites are as under:—

GREY SHIRTINGS.

Rall.'s Fari No. 2000	39×37 1/2/3	8	12	0
„ 10,0000	..45× „	10	6	0
„ No. 33,000	..45× ..	9	0	0
„ No. 2800	37×	8	0	0
„ No. 4545	38×38.. ..	7	8	0
„ No. 15000	44×38 ..	9	8	0
„ No. 16000..	..	10	0	0
„ No. 17000	..	10	8	0
Graham's No. 2730..39	..	8	10	0
„ No. 2750..45	..			
Dewhursts B.B.B..38×38 1/2..		15	4	0
„ B.B ..38×38.. 1/2..		13	0	0
„ Rupe No. 5..38×38 1/2				
Ritchie's No. 510..39×37 1/2 38		8	8	0
yon's Shunker ..39× „				
Fleming's 1904-1906 45,48,51×38 .		12	0	0

GREY DRILLS.

Pepperell's Dragon	..29×40 ..	14	12	0
Ralli's "Scissors"	..29×40 ..	13	12	0

GREY JACONETS

Ralli No. 18 ..	..45×22	..5	6	0
„ No. 18 ..	..40×22	..4	41	0
„ No. 138 ..	..40×22	..4	10	0
„ No. 636 ..	..44×22	..5	0	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS

Lepmann's No. 1500	32×42	18	6	0
H. B. T. C. 40,000	..36×40	21	6	0

WHITE MULLS

Ralli's No. 16	..41×19	..6	8	0
„ No. 69	..46×19	..6	4	0
„ No. 600	..51×19	..8	0	0
„ No. 6000	..56×19	..8	12	0
„ No. 88	..58×20	..6	4	0
„ No. 1270	..27×18	..	0	
„ No. 166	..39×20	..6	2	
„ No. 818	..39×20	..6	2	0
„ No. 1440	..36×20	..4	2	0
„ No. 1703	..52×20	12	12	0
„ No. 224	..44×20	..5	6	0
Ritchie's No. 1260	..27×18	..2	12	0
„ No. 119	..37×18	..3	0	0
„ No. 229	..42×18	..3	8	0
„ No. 339	..47×18	..4	0	0
„ 1K-4K38' ,43"48"53×18Aug.				
„ No. 95..	..58×20	..5	12	0
„ No. 66,999	..40×18	..0	0	0
„ No. 86.999	..40×18	..0	0	0
„ No. 775	..40×18	..0	0	0
„ No. 875	..45×18	..0	0	0
„ No. 975	..50×18	..0	0	0
„ No. 615	..50×18	..0	0	0
Graham's Balloon	..58×20	..5	0	0

WHITE NAINSOOKS.

Ralli's No. 7070,9090	27×18	..3	4	0
„ No. 6181	„	..3	2	0
„ No. 1850	.. „	..		
„ No. 1900	.. „	..		
„ No. 2600	.. „	..		0
„ No. 21021	.. „	..3	8	0
„ No. 39620T.B.	38×22	..4	8	
Graham's Nos. 88,8888	28×18	..3	10	0
No. 95950-97970				
„ Saraswati	..36×18	..5	14	0
„ TipooW/WWW	34×18	..4	12	0
„ No. 50000	.. „	..4	12	0
„ No. 33340/33350/33360		..5	0	0
Lyon's No. 4545-5656				
„ 6767 ..	..26×18	..3	4	0
Greaves' No. 8000T.B.	38×22	..4	12	0
Ritchie s Nos. 3500-4510				
„ 5520 ..	..26×18	..3	4	0
I.W. and Co's Nos. 5800 5820				
"Motor Car"		..3	0	0

The above quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.

JAPANESE GREY CLOTHS. Unchanged

No.	666 Shirtings	383×8Net			
„	2500 Shirtings	36×40	..12	8	0
„	5151 „	44×38 „	..10	0	0
„	4141 „	44×38 „ „..	9	4	0
„	5544 „	44×38 „ ..	9	8	0
„	44000 „	48×38 „ ..	9	6	0
„	3800 „	44×38 „ ..	14	14	0
„	39000 „	44×38 „ „..	12	12	0
„	9898 „	38×38 „ „..	11	8	0
„	4500 „	44×38 „ „..	13	0	0
„	6600 „	44×38 „ „..	9	2	0
„	9999 „	44×38 „ „..	13	0	0
„	7777 „	36×40 „ „..	13	8	0
„	7500 „	36×40 „ „..	11	13	0
„	3 A Globe	36×40 „ „..	14	13	0
„	„ 6000	„ „..	14	13	0
'C" Sheet ngs		..30×36Ex.Bond	7	6	0
9"Dragons		..30+36 Ex. Bond	7	6	0
Elephant"Drills		..29×40 „ ..	12	6	0
Duck" Drills		..26×40 „	10	4	0

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, May 13.

Special for "The Chronicle."

We have nothing but a quiet market to report during the week with small demand and easier advices from Java and there being many sellers prices both for ready and forward positions have been reduced by 3d. per cent. all round. There is absolutely no fresh business doing. The June Shiment at sh. 16/5 to sh. 16/2 and July September at sh. 16/4 to sh. 16/1 Free Bombay Harbour.

Karachi and Calcutta reported quiet markets without any business doing.

Java reported a quiet market with very small demand and moderate business doing.

London and America did not fluctuate much the former remand unchanged after fluctuating 1 1/2 while the latter fluctuated within 2 points.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T M O Rs. 16-2-0 sh. 16/4 F. B. Harbour stocks 150,000 Bags.
„ June sh. 16/3 F. B. Harbour.
„ July/Sept. sh. 16/1 F. B. Harbour.
Beet Rs. 16-2-0 sh. 16/4 F. B. Harbour. Stock 140,000.

Bombay, May 13.

Since our last Ready Prices have dropped by about 3 As. per cwt. with fair Purchase Enquiries. In our Forward Market Java Old Crop April Shipment Prices declined considerably throughout the week in all experiencing a drop of nearly a Shilling in the last week-end price-levels, Java New Crop prices ruled easier at the outset, steadier during the middle in sympathy with the advices from Foreign Markets whereas the close of the week records fluctuation within very narrow limits of about a Pence. The tendency on the whole remained quiet and unchanged. The highest and the lowest rates this week were Rs. 16/4 and Rs. 16/1 for Java Ready Sugar, Rs. 16/8 and Rs. 16/6 for B. R. B. Beet Ready Sugar; Sh. 17/2 and Sh. 16/1 for April, Sh. 16/6 and Sh. 16/4 for June, Sh. 16/4½ and Sh. 16/3 for July-Aug-Sept and Sh. 16/6 and Sh. 16/5 for Octo-Nov-Dec,, shipment for Java Sugar and Sh. 17/- and Sh. 16/9 for March Shipment for B. R. B. Beet Sugar.

Total Stocks are estimated at 2,50,000 Bags of Java and 1,00,000 Bags of B. R. B. Beet Sugar.

It will be interesting to note that a tentative agreement has been reached under which two Banks and two companies will take over Messrs. Suzuki's Co. obligation to the Java Sugar Trust for orders valued at 150 millions yen approximately, thereby helping to maintain the Present prices of Sugar in Java Market. It is expected that Java Trust will consent to the arrangement. It may also be noted the food in Mississip is a source of anxiety to Louisina cane crop but up till now no sugar districts have been affected. From the time Sir P. Thakordas characterised the unfair competition from Jamnagar and Kathiawar Ports in his remarkable speech at the last Quarterly Meeting of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, he has been much criticised beyond all proportion in certain Vernacular English Papers.

It is however worthy of note in his reply poignantly sticks to the remarks made by him in connection with the unfair competition question.

The following are Quotations ruling the Bazar to-day:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready, Rs. 16/1 per cwt.
Transhipment, Rs. 11/2 per cwt. F.B.H.
Shipment, June, Sh. 16/3 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment July-Aug-Sept. Sh. 16/3 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment Octo-Nov-Dec., Sh. 16/5 per cwt. F. B. H.
B. R. B. Beet Sugar:—
Ready, Rs. 16/8 per cwt.

KEROSINE RATES

Bombay, May 12.

The Asiatic Petroleum Company (India) Limited.

	Rs.	as.	p.
Shell Cases per case	10	0	6
Anchor Brand New tins per pair	7	2	6
Rising Sun Brand New tins per pair	7	10	6
Rising Sun Brand Bulk per 8 Imp. Gals.	6	6	6
Swan Brand New tins per pair	6	4	6
Swan Brand Bulk per 8 Imp. Gals.	5	0	6

(THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY LIMITED, BOMBAY.

Bombay, May 13.

"Waterlily" 150" F. Test per case of 2 tins	Rs. 9 10 0
"Firefly" 150" F. Test per case of 2 tins	Rs. 9 4 0
"Swastika" 125" F. Test per 2 tins	Rs. 7 12 6
"Chukker" 125" F. Test per 2 tins	Rs. 7 10 6
"Chukker" 125" F. Test in bulk per 8 Imp. Gls.	Rs. 6 6 6
"Victoria" 125" F. Test per 2 tins	Rs. 6 4 6
"Victoria" 125" F. Test in bulk per 8 Imp. Gls.	Rs. 5 0 6

WEEKLY COAL REPORT

PITAMBER & CO.

Bombay, May 13.

During the week under review, s. s. "Banbury Castle" arrived with Northern and Natal Navigation Coal. Business is reported at 30/ Sh. and 31/- Sh. ci i. f. in small quantities. The full cargo coal is nearly to be used mostly for the Bunkering of the Steacers fixed for Pilgrimage The market rules very quiet.

STEAMERS WORKING.

S. S. "Banbury Castle" Northern and Natal Navigation Coal.

STEAMERS EXPECTED TO ARRIVE.

14-5-27 s. s. "Scheldstad Deshargarh Andrew Yule & Co.

17-5-27 S. S. "Gleneden" Vistoria Grahams Trading Co.

22-5-27 S. S. "Nawab" Deshargarh Andrew Yule & Co.

27-5-27 S. S. "Nawab" Burn Side Grahams Trading Co.

NN

QUOTATIONS.

Quality	C. I. F. Ex-Scales Darukhana.
Welsh	Rs. 27/8
Northern Navigation	31 sh. Ready Rs. 24
Northern Navigation	29/6 sh July Shipt. Rs.
Deshargarh	Rs. 19/4 Rs. 20/8
Victoria	Rs 19 Rs. 20
Victoria	Rs. 18 June/ July Shipt. Rs.

FREIGHT QUOTATIONS.

MESSRS. PITAMBER & CO.

Bombas May 13.

Ports.	Steamers &/or month of Shipment	Seeds of 12 & 13 Cwts.	Seeds of 14 Cwts.	Seeds of 15 of 16 Cwts.	Seeds cwts. & measure
Hull					
	June	14/6	15/6	16/6	17/6
	July	14/-	15/-	16/-	17/-
	August	14/6	15/6	16/6	17/6
London					
	May	12/6	13/6	14/6	15/6
	June/July	13/-	14/-	15/-	16/-
Liverpool					
	May/June)July)	14/-	15/-	16/-	17/-
Marseilles		..	..	..	..
Antwerp					
	May	14/-	15/-	16/-	17/-
	June/July	14/6	15/6	16/6	17/6
Rotterdam					
	May	17/-	18/-	19/-	20/-
Hamburg					
	June/July	14/6	15/6	16/6	17/6
Bremen		..	..	..	..
Havre					
	June/July	16/-	17/-	18/-	19/-
Dunkirk					
	May/June) July)	14/6	15/6	16/6	17/6
Barce.ona		..	..	..	..
Genoa					
	June/July	13/6	14/6	15/6	16/6
Naples		..	..	..	..
Trieste Venice	June/July	13/6	13/6	15/-	16/- Cotton.
New York	June/July	18/-	..	..	..

Remarks:—During the week under review, no business of importance was reported. However, small lots have been booked for different ports at various rates from 12/- and 15/- to 14/- and17.

Market quiet but steady.

WEEKLY STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, May 12.

Messers. Lewis and Jones in their Weekly circular State that last Week's extensive dealings in forward Government Securities have been repeated this week. To day's closing prices however show some fall on the week, weakness having developed as a result of rumours that the Currency Officer had sold Indian Rupee Securities. The future tendency is difficult to judge but much will depend on the bank rate. Should there be no indication of a change in the latter rate in the near future weak holders of securities may be forced t oliquidate and further depress quotations.

5 per cent. 1933 Bonds were done at 103|7 whilst 6 1|2 per cent. Development Loan is available at 112|15.

Imperial Bank of India rate unchanged at 7 per cent.

COTTON MILL SHARES.

The tendency in this section remains very steady although quotations close a shade below the best as a result of profit taking. Exceptionally the Currimbhoy and E. D. Sassoon group of shares show further advances whilst Finlays and Swan each gained ten points. Globes have buyers at 43|12 without coming to business. Gokaks are available at 142|8 and look a good purchase to hold. Sassoon Silks are in continued request at 65 c.d. (now Rs. 50 face value.)

Price of piecegoods and yarn show an improvement in some departments but buyers will not freely meet the market at present owink to fears that Japanese goods may come on offer in quantity and uncertainty as to the future trtrend of cotton Prices.

MISCELLANEOUS SHARES.

Whilst business in this section continues good, a tendency towards profit taking is reflected in today's closing prices, which if continued may lead to some further reaction.

Bank Shares.—Only a very limited business has transpired with no feature to report. Imperials close at 1480 and 370. Small lots of India Banks were done at 78 and Centrals at 29|8. Baroda Banks quote 85.

Railway Shares:—Quotations close practically unchanged, but business is difficult owing to the narrowness of market. Ahmedabad Prantej were done around 865, Larkhanas at 87|8, Hoshiarpurs at 101, Central Provinces are wanted at 105.

Coment Shares:—A large turnover has again resulted in Cements but to-day's tendency is a shade easier. Bundis are available at 26 X. D. Katnis at 182|8 and Indians at 198|12. Punjab Pref. are asked for up to 12|8 without finding sellers. The ordinary have sellers around Rs. 8|4.

Manganese Shares.—Shivrajpurs and C. I. M's. eased to 50 and 26 respectively but the turnover has been small.

Bombay Trams:—Remain very steady at 143|2 and should improve later in the year. Telephones are asked for at 41 but very few shares are available. Bengal Telephones have further advanced to 11|12.

Bmobay Burmas:—Reflect profit taking and close at 691|4 and 211|4 prem. Alcock Ashdowns lose 15 points on the week and close 300.

B. B. Petrols are quieter at 6|14 after seeing fair business around Rs. 7.

Belapurs are wanted at 21|8 but sellers appear absent whilst Ugandas have sellers at 38.

Shipping Shares have been very steady, Steam Ord. quote 210 business taking plaee in the preferenee at 242|8. Scindias quote Rs. 16|14.

Hydro Elec. Group.—This group has been stimulated by publication of nine months' working results of the Tata Hydro and Andra Valley Cos. The figures make good showing.

Tata Iron and Steel Shares.—Quotations in this group show further improvement.

Rubber Shares.—Stocks of rubber in London show a further increase this week of 1153 tons making a total of 68187 tons. Shares prices on the whole have been well maintained.

WEEKLY COTTON MARKET.

Bombay, May 12.

(MESSRS. P. CHRYSTAL & CO.)

Since we wrote our last Report the following nett changes have been registered in the Home Markets:—

	July	October	Decr.	Jany.
New York 4/5/27	15.85	16.15	16.33	16.38
Do. 11/5/27	15.50	15.77	15.95	16.02
	—.35	—.38	—.38	—.36
Liverpool 4/5/27	8.51	8.61	8.66	8.67
Do. 11/5/27	8.35	8.44	8.48	8.50
	—.16	—.17	—.18	—.17

The re-action which we forecasted in our last Report has come during the last few days and now the question is how much further it is likely to go. Our Liverpool friends last night cabled us as follows:—

"Market at present very susceptible to weather. Market is inclined to act more quickly on adverse than on favourable news just now".

The position has gradually become an overbought one in America and for some time we have been hearing of buying by Wall Street as against selling by the South When we see this condition of affairs we must bear in mind that in the event of the market turning a little against the speculator he will rush to get out and is quite likely to start a downward movement greater than is actually justified by facts. Weather news is very mixed, and only yesterday there were several wires in Bombay reporting far too much rain in the Central Belt and not enough in the West and East. Later reports were however better and the day furnished a good example of the unreliability of weather reports. For the next few days if weather reports are better we may see the decline continue but we do not believe in an extensive downward movement. In our opinion the crop has definitely had a bad start and its present condition justifies current prices. While we are sceptical as to the amount of damage which will eventually be done to the crop by the recent floods, we are well aware that it is extensive at the moment. We still incline to the view that it will be profitable to buy on any further good re-action.

The local market has responded rather reluctantly to the American reaction and Broach is steady in spite of substantial sales of the Contract. The premium for the New Crop Contract is rapidly disappearing on account of selling of the New against purchases of Old Contracts, but on the whole the tone in the local market is optimistic, and higher rates are looked forward to in the future with some confidence.

The Japanese with their usual facility for overcoming difficulties appear to be well on the road to recover from their late financial crisis, and to-day the moratorium comes to an end. We expect them to act with caution for some time to come and there can be no doubt that the recent upheaval in Banking circles will not tend to facilitate trade.

Trade generally does not improve at present as can be seen from the British trade figures for April which are very disappointing.

The local demand for Ready has been very patchy and on the whole Exporters have been quiet.

One of the brightest features has been the heavy daily spot sales in Liverpool.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP.

BOLL-WEEVIL EMERGENCE

The boll weevil emergence report issued by the United States Bureau of Entomology states that returns from reporting stations show that the number of live boll weevil found per ton of moss ranges from nil to 1.36 per cent against nill to 0.98 per cent. last year. The Louisiana average is 15.7 weevils per ton of moss, against 43 last year Commenting on the above results the Bureau states that temperatures in the cotton belt during the winter were unusally mild, and the survival among the weevils actually in hibernation will be higher than usual.

This however, is offset by last summer and fall conditions in many sections of the belt being such that the number of weevils entering hibernation was much lower than usual consequently spring infestation will depend to an unusual degree upon the conditions prevailing last fall in each locality. The obvios weevil population in Northern Louisiana is greater than at any time since 1923, but it is smaller in Southern Louisina than last year. In the coast plains sections and in South Carolina infestation willl be light, while in the northern parts of Allahama, Georgia and the Carollinas climatic conditions last year effected almost compllete weevil control.

The Mississippi Valley territory may expect a omewhat heavier early infestation, with infestation decidedly decreasing eastward. However, there will be sufficient weevills east of the river to cause serious damage provided the weather during the growing season is favourable. Somewhat heavier early infestation is expected in Texas than for several years.

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD

Bombay, May 13

The following are the fluctuations of Broach Gin Cotton rates of the bazar.

(B. T.)

July/Aug.	
Opening 11.0	Rs. 319/4.
12-15	Rs. 319.
1.30	Rs. 319/8.
2.45	Rs. 320/8.
4.0	Rs. 321.
5.15	Rs. 321/12.
6.30	Rs. 321/12.
Last 7.0	Rs. 322.

To-day's highest rate July Rs. 322, lowest rate July Rs. 319.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

ENGAGEMENNS.

TO-DAY.

S.S. "Razman" with English Mails leaves at 1 p.m. connecting s.s. "Malwa" at Aden.

SUNDAY, May 5.

All-India Congress Committee meets at Congress House at 4 p.m.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE

DEATHS.

We express our sincere regrets on the death of our dearest frind Vasant Pandurang Pital. May God Bless his sold finds.

Famadia—Jehangir Nowrojee Gamadia, son of late Mr. Nowrojee Jehangir Gamadia and son-in-law of late Mr. Hormusjee Muncherjee Cama died on Friday at 12 noon. Funeral this day at 8 a.m. (Standard Time) at his residence, Napean Sea Road.

R 746.

STEARMER MOVEMENTS

The Clan line s.s. "Kenneth" left Liverpool in the evening of the 11th inst.

POSTAL NOTICE

Mails from Australian Via Dhanushkodi for Bombay are due here on Sunday the 15th inst.

TO-DAY'S RADIO PROGRAMME

A programme of concert music will be broadcast by the Bombay Presidency Radio Club to-day from 9-30 to 11 a.m. Call Sign 2 F. V. Waverength 387 Metres.

MUSIC AT MEHTA GARDENS.

A concert of Indian music organised by the Municipality will be given at the Sir P.M. Mehta Gardens Malabar Hill, on Sunday (the 15th inst.) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) by Mr. G. V. Manerikar.

A TAMIL DRAMA.

The members of the Saraswathi Sangeetha Sabha will stage "True Love" in Tamil by Sambanda Mudaliar to-day at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Damodar Thakarsey Hall, Parel.

SARASVATI SANGIT VIDALAYA.

For the benefit of India Music a free concert as usual will be held at the above Vidyalaya at Thakurdwar, to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) when a programme of vocal music will be given by Prof. Kapleswari in the practical example of scientific music. Free passes will be issued at the institute.

STANDARD MILLS CO, LD.,

With reference to the report that has appeared in our paper of the 12th instant, of the extra-ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Standard Mills Co. Ltd., it should be noted that the name of the Liquidator appointed should read as Mr. Mafatlal Gagalbhai and not Mr. Pransukhlal Mafatlal.

A SANITATION ROUND.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Working Men's Institute of the Scial Service League, Bombay a Sanitation Round has been arranged tomorrow (Sunday). The party will start from the Damodar Hall at 9 a.m. (S.T.) and will visit some insanitary places in "F" Ward. Those interested in the senitation of the city are requested to attend the round.

SHANKARACHARYA AS WORLD TEACHER.

Under the auspices of the Brehman Sabha Mr. Narmadashankar Deoshankar Mehta, Deputy Municipal Commissioner Bombay, will deliver a public lecture under the presidentship of Mr. M. R. Jayakar, on why Shankaracharya is recognised as Jagadguru or World Teacher at Shankar Wadi Hall Girgaum or World Teacher at 6 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

THE ADER FESTIVAL GATHERING.

Under the auspices of the Rathestar Mandal a public Parsi gathering will be held to celebrate the Ader festival tomorrow (Sunday) at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 5-30 p.m. when Mr.. B. S. Banaji and Mr. J. B. Vatcha will deliver short addresses on "the Sanctity of Fire," followed by devotional songs and music from Mr. Kaikobad Shaiar the well known singer. Captain Dr. S. A. Paymaster will preside.

UPANISHAD CLASS.

Swami Sambuddhananda of Sri Ram Krishna Ashram, Khar, will conduct a public class in English on Kathopanishad at the Asthik Samaj, Shamji Ladna Building, Matunga (G.I.P.) to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

Swami Sambuddhananda of Sri Ram Krishna Ashram, Khar, will conduct a public class in English on Bhagvat Gita at Devkorbhai Mansion, Parel, tomorrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.)

The members of the Saraswathi Sanon the Bhagvat Gita at Dr. Chota Lal's Bungalow, Borivili, the same evening at 7 p.m. (S.T.)

BELLASIS ROAD STABBING CASE.

ACCUSED REMANDED.

Rahim Khan Madat, the assailant in the case of stabbing a Pathan serang Mahomed Rahimudin at Nagpada, Bellasis Road on Thursday afternoon, was placed by Sergeant Bourton of the Nagpada Police Station before Mr. Thakkar, the Fifth Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon Police Court, on an application for remand. Sergeant Bourton explained to the Court that it was necessary in the interests of the accused to detain him in police custody as the complainant's party were after his blood if he was enlarged on bail. The accused also agreed to remain in jail custody and was remanded accordingly.

WOMAN ARRESTED AND RELEASED ON BAIL.

Having successfully evaded the police for about seven years, J. De Mello alias Julia Rita Mary Fonseca, a Christian woman aged 35 who is alleged to have absconded from the Baroda State General Hospital in 1920, was arrested by the Bombay City Police and was placed before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, the Chief Presidency Mgistrate at the Esplanade Police Court by Sub-Inspector Savant of the Palton Road Police Station.

Applying for the remand of the accused into jail custody for two weeks, Mr. Savant stated that the Baroda State Police had informed the Bombay Police that Iremain Jidia alias Mohona, a Christian of a particular description who was wanted in a complaint of criminal breach of trust had absconded from the State General Hospital at Baroda in 1920. As a result of continuous watch for the person, the accused was arrested a few days ago. The remand was applied for to allow time to enable the police to communicate with the Baroda Police regarding the extradition of the accused.

The Magistrate, however, ordered the accused to be released on bail of Rs. 900 and a surety for the like amount, the surety to deposit Rs. 400 with the Court.

FREE FIGHT AMONG RIVAL FACTIONS.

ONE KILLED: 3 INJURED.

On Wednesday last a free fight took place among a gang of Mahomedans which resulted in the death of one and Serious injury to two persons. It appeared Mubarak Syed Khamisa and three others were brutally assaulted with knives and sticks by several Mahomedans near Koliwada at Sewree. The police being informed, removed Mubarak Syed Khamisa and three others to King Edward Memorial Hospital where Mubarak succumbed to his injuries on Friday. The police have arrested five persons, viz; Yusuf Syed, Issac Usman, Kramat Ali Rahim, Abemia Fatehmia and Abdul Latif Further. Enquiries are in progress.

The cause of the fracas is alleged to be some enmity between the leader of the two parties.

KNOCKED DOWN BY TRAIN

Gajanan Balwatrao Navalkar (70) a Government pensioner, residing at Matunga, left his house on Wednesday morning to attend a wedding in Bombay, but he did not return home. His relatives made inquiries and found the body at the morgue. A porter of the B.B. and C.I. Railway while going along the lines on Thursday morning, found the deceased lying on the down lines near Matunga. There was a bleeding wound on the head. The police, being informed, removed the body to the morgue.

At an inquest held by the Coroner, the Jury returned a verdict of death by his having been knocked down by a down train while walking along the line.

A DROWNING FATALITY

On Friday morning, the dead body of Emily Clara (39) a Christian woman residing at Dadar was found floating in a well in Shivrikar's Wadi.

The deceased was suffering from neurasthenia for some time past and was under treatment of a doctor at Dadar.

SOCIAL TRAING CENTRE FOR WOMEN IN BOMBAY

Recent years have witnessed a remarkable insistence on the need for the help of women in solving the problems of social and national life. In the past many Indian women have led the way in rendering valuable service to their country. Existing organisations in Bombay and elsewhere bear witness to the large and valuable part that had been played by women of all communities. The need for social work is evident in a large city like Bombay, but everywhere the demand for the help of educated Indian women is increasing. Many students who have passed out of schools or colleges are desirous of doing what they can in the service of others, and educated women who have heard the call to service are coming forward with the approval and respect of all who have the welfare of Indian people at heart. The need for definite guidance and experience has been recognised in the West, and the need for similar opportunities in India is evident.

A small training centre has been opened recently in Bombay to meet this need. Classes are held in which some instruction is given in the theory of economics and sociology, and courses of lectures on social conditions and the measures already existing to try and deal with them are given. Much attention is given to practical work, and visits to institutions are combined with actual practical service among the poor of Bombay. The class is open to all educated women without distinction of class or creed. The classes are held under the direction of Miss T. Tilak, B.A., (Social Study Diploma, Birmingham), at the University Settlement, Vatchagandhi Road, Bombay. This experiment is the first of its kind and supplies a want that will be more and more felt as the demand for women willing to give themselves to social work increases.

Two scholarships are available for the term beginning June 10th. These cover boarding fees and tuition for the school year of ten months. Applicants for same should have reached matriculation standard and preference will be given to those who have attended college. In any case previous education should be satisfactory and adequate for taking such a course, which is in English. In addition to the work, both theoretical and practical, connected with the year's work of the Social Training Centre, students will be expected to take the Social Training certificate examination held in October by the Social Service League and any one of the specialised courses organised by them in the following term.

Applications for these scholarships should be made to Miss Tilak at the above address.

RACHEL MILL STRIKE

WORKERS RESUME DUTY

The strike of the weavers of the Rachel Mill came to an end on Friday when all the men resumed work. The Superintendent promised the men to look into their grievances and 325 weavers resumed work on Thursday while the remaining numbering about 675 joined their colleagues on Friday. It would be recalled about 1,000 weavers struck work on Wednesday demanding an increase in their pay and also as a protest against ill-treatment of the management.

"SENOR DARE-DEVIL" AT PATHE.

Something really new in "Western" pictures has arrived at the Royal Opera House, where "Senor Da-re-devil," a First National Picture, which stars Ken Maynard with Dorothy Devore, opened Saturday night. The first thing that strikes the reviewer, of course, is the fact that here is a new, and a real, Western star. There is a good deal of talk nowadays about "It", which is supposed, in talking about movie folk, to denote the very essential quality of screen appeal. Well, Ken Maynard has "It"! It goes without saying that he is handsome, but he also displays a great deal of acting talent, and how that boy can ride? And the stunts he does on and with a horse! We are told that he is a former circus rider, a star of the tan-bark, who has recently transferred his highly strenuous activities to the screen. Such horsemanship is a wonderful asset, but it would be nothing in the movies without the looks and smile and personality required for screen stardom. However, this young man has 'em, so welcome to you, Ken Maynard!

COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, May 12.

The following are the results of County Cricket matches which began on Wednesday:—

Lancashire versus Somerset:—Lancashire won by an innings and 125 runs. Somerset 92 and 148 (Earle 67 not out, MacDonald 6 for 56, Sibbles 4 for 50). Lancashire 365 for seven and declared. (Hallows 164, Taylor 67.)

Worcester versus Notts:—Notts won by an innings and 63 runs. Notts 306. Worcester 80 (Larwood 5 for 42, S. Staples 4 for 17) and 163.

Glamorgan versus Yorkshire:—Yorkshire won by an innings and 51 runs. Yorkshire 236. Glamorgan 83 (Robinson 6 for 37, Macaulay 4 for 31) and 102 (Macaulay 7 for 40.)

The following are the closing scores in the other matches which began on Wednesday:—

Surrey versus Gloucester:—Surrey 557 for 7 and declared. Gloucester 406 (Dipper 186, Hammond 108, Shepherd 6 for 78) and following on made 6 for 2.

Hampshire versus Leicester:—Leicester 262. Hampshire 548 for 6, and declared. (Kennedy 75, Newman 93, Brown 132, Parker 82 not out.)

Cambridge versus Sussex:—Cambridge 408 for 8, declared. Sussex 204 and following on made 67 for no wicket.

Kent versus Derby:—Derby 283 and 266 for 7 (G. Jockson 71) Kent 261 (Hardinge 50, Legge 80, Hubble 52, Worthington 5 for 70).

NEW ZEALAND VERSUS M.C.C.

New Zealand versus M.C.C., 392 and 96 for no wicket. New Zealand 460 (Blunt 52, Dacre 107, Lowry 106, Megirr 68, not out Allen 7 for 120.)—Reuter's Special.

DANCING TIME

A SPLENDID FAREWELL SHOW

And so Mr. Charles Chamier's Dancing Time Company bid farewell to Bombay after what has been a very successful little season. It should be a matter of great satisfaction to this clever little company that they have succeeded in arousing such great interest at a time of the year that is so trying, and the substantial support they have always had is an ample criterion of the frints of their talented efforts. The majority of the members of the company are old friends here, but their versatility has invariably enabled them to give us something fresh and all those who had the pleasure of seeing them went away with a feeling which they imparted to others and every s how has had its full number of enthusiasts.

Last night was no exception to the rule and it was a large and merry crowd which assembled at the Excelsior Theatre to applaud the Company at their last appearance on the local stage before sailing for England. The performers were in great form and the great good humour displayed by the audience created a rollicking evening when mirth was as great before as behind the scenes. Mr. Charles Mason and Miss Muriel Varna were much in demand and a tiring evening they must have had of it after the numerous encores. Many old favourites were sung and still the crowd demanded more. The Misses Rita and Delia Vivienne, those talented sisters who have made such a good impression, were at the top of their form, and it was very satisfactory to see them take a more substantial part in the programme. Their Dutch dance was especially attractive. Miss Joan Norman was in her jazziest mood after the interval she ushered in the second part with a lively rag executed in the best fashion. It was altogether a splendid show and one worthy of the talent of one of the brightest shows we have seen.

It will be succeeded by Mr. Salisbury's Musical Comedy Company, "the Quaints" who open a short season to-day by staging Robert Courtneidge's greatest musical success "The Arcadians" and the reputation established by the performers warrants good support for them to-night.

NAIROBI DEFENCE FORCE BILL

INDIAN MEMBER'S OPPOSITION

LONDON, May 12.

Nairobi.—The Legislative Council passed the second reading of the Defence Force Bill to-day, with one dissentient namely the Indian member. There was a lengthy discussion. A Missionary member supported the bill. Officials have been instructed to support the measure.—Reuter.

NO NEWS OF M. NUNGESSER

RUGBY, May 12.

No news has been received of the French airmen M. Nungesser and M. Coli. Reports received by the British Government Departments indicate that what is believed to have been their machine was seen by a submarine in the Channel of the Isle of Wight on Sunday morning, and later on the same day over Southern Island. In the House of Commons yesterday, it was stated that the British Air Ministry had given the French authorities all the advice and assistance possible and would immediately give any further help the French would require. The air units on the coast are keeping a special look out. The Canadian Government have also instigated a watch along the Atlantic Coast by coastguards and fisheries patrol boats.—B. O. W.

PANCHGANI MUSLIM HIGH SCHOOL

The Prize Distribution Ceremony of the Muslim High School, Panchgani will be held on Tuesday, 17th inst. (the Founder's Day) at 5 pm. when Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Bart. will preside.

LATEST COTTON QUOTATIONS.

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

JULY.

NEW YORK.

	May 13.
Previous Closing Rate	15.63
To-day's Opening Rate	15.75
Difference	+.12.
To-day's Closing Rate	15.66
Difference	+.03

LIVERPOOL.

	May 13.
Previous Closing Rate	8.43.
To-day's Opening Rate	8.45
Difference	+.02
To-day's Closing Rate	8.46
Difference	+.03

Broach, July expected to open 320 0 0

MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION

REMOVED TO NEW PREMISES

Before a large gathering, the Mahajan Association's new premises were opened on ernest granting the necessary premission Thursday afternoon Rao Bahadur Sundardas Narandas, J.P., presiding. The building is a three stored one and is situated in one of the busiest centres of the City, namely, Mumbadevi.

The members and friends of the Association intended to come in a procession accompanied by a band from their old premises to the new, but this was dropped at the last moment, the Police Commission.

POLICE MISSIORIER'S ORDER.

Mr. W. T. Haini in the course a short speech said that the police had taken exception to the procedure of business adopted by the Association which the speaker said was the same as in European countries. A test cacse against Seth Thavermal Rupchand, one of the members of the Association, was proceeding before the Chief Presidency Magistrate. The speaker then dwelt upon the influential status of the Association.

He next criticised the Police Commissioner's order forbidding the procession and said he did not know how the processions interfered with public peace and order.

The Chairman then performed the opening ceremony accompanied by chanting of "mantras" by priests. He exhorted them to unite and carry on the work of the Association.

SERVICE REWARDED.

The boys of the Northcote Orphanage played the band and the boys of the Industrial School for the Blind played music on the occasion. Silver medals were then presented to those wh ohad rendered service to the Mahajan including the Boy Scouts of Lady Northcote Orphanage.

After formally starting transactions in the new premises the function terminated late in the evening with a sumptuous service of refreshments.

The Telephone Company sent a large staff and within a few minutes set up a number of phones and transactions were done for the day.

LAHORE QUIET.

LAHORE, May 13.

Everything is calm and quiet in Lahore. Yesterday night the curfew order was enforced as usual at 9 p.m. The night passed off without any incident save for an accidental fire in a Dhobi's house near Mochi Gate which was soon got under control.—A. P.

RECONSTITUTED CATHEDRAL OPENED

LONDON, May 13.

Paris.—A Havas Agency message says:—M. Herriot inaugurated the restoration of an important part of the Rheims Cathedral which had suffered severely from the German bombardment in war time. He formally handed to the Archbishop the key of the door in token of completion of the restoration of the nave. Services can now again be held there for the first time since the war. M. Herriot took the occasion to refer to the generous donations from several countries towards the cost of reconstitution.—Reuter.

UNTIL THE DOCTOR ARRIVES.

FIRST AID HINTS.

Wounds of all kinds, from the superficial scratch caused in shaving to the more serious cut which severs an important artery, are occurrences of everyday life, but there are many mishaps which call for presence of mind and prompt measures pending the arrival of a doctor, writes "A Physician" in the "Daily News."

Do not lose your head. To do so will make every effort futile.

There are three, and only three, methods you should or can apply to stop bleeding—cold, heat and pressure—and of these pressure is the most important.

Even if a fair-sized artery should be cut the finger applied to the bleeding surface will control it till more permanent means can be used.

But such pressure is not needed in small and superficial cuts. Slight cuts on the face caused by shaving, or on the fingers by a penknife, can be dealt with by cold. Put the finger under the tap for a minute. The vessels contract. Then apply a bandage.

Where blood simply oozes cold or very hot water will generally check it; when the blood spurts out an artery is cut; there pressure is always needed.

Never apply messy substances, such as cobwebs or ointment, to bleeding surfaces. Cut squares of lint saturated in cold water and apply firmly as many as may be needed, one on top of the other, till blood does not come through. Then bandage the part very firmly indeed, and if it is a limb raise it up.

Open the windows. If the patient faints this in itself helps to stop bleeding. Avoid stimulants and lower the head.

NEWS IN BRIEF

It is understood that as a result of the adoption of the Travancore Cinematograph Bill by the Travancore Legislative Council at its last session. The Government will appoint a Board of Film Censors, which will begin work from the beginning of the nert Malabar year.—A. P.

The 24 Parganas Police have effected the capture of two gangs of alleged dacoits. one of which is reported to be connected with criminals in Calcutta.—A. P.

A Madras Message says:—"A deputation of South Indian Railway Employees Central Association waited on Mr. Rothera, Agent, on the 5th inst. and placed their grievances. In replying to them, Mr. Rothera expressed his disbelief that if the staff got more pay they would be more honest and pointed out that corruption was prevalent even among the highly paid staff."—Free Press.

A Benares Message say's:—"Mr. Bireshwar Gupta, father of Mr. Manmathnath Gupta, a Kakori prisoner in Naini jail writing to the Press says, "I had gone to see my son in Naini jail where I talked with him for an hour. He has been on hunger strike for last thirty days. His weight is reduced by twenty pounds but his condition is good. He is being kept in solitary cell.—Free Press.

Gul Akbar, who is alleged to have been a member of the gang concerned in the murder of Mrs. Ellis and the abduction of Miss Ellis in 1923, has been arrested in Peshawar.—A. P.

H. E. H. the Nizam has prohibited the entry into his Dominion of the Lahore vernacular journal "Guru Ghantal."—A. P.

Mr. Devrill, a European, was placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta on charges of cheating six jewellery urms in Calcutta in connection with jewellery worth Rs. 10,000 Hearig was adjourned.—Free Press.

Calcutta Message States.—After raiding a house at Mahanuruz, the police arrested one Bengalee, Susanta Das on charge of possession and manufacture of coins. Accused was arrested when he was actually manufacturing coins. Several finished and unfinished cins are also captured.—Free Press.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers who do not receive their copy of "The Chronicle" in time are requested kindly to furnish the following information to the Manager, Subscription Department:—

Date of paper .....

Time of delivery .....

Name of Subscriber .....

Address .....

Register No. .....

Add to your Fund of Energy

by using

Zandu's Kesari Jivan

Fine, Fragrant, Delicious, Nutritive

Prepared from Richest Green Amalas with Rasa-Sindur, Abhrak, Bhasma, Saffron, Musk and other choicest Tonic and Carminative drugs added.

Zandu's Kesari Jivan

is

The Ideal Tonic Food

you need.

HAVE IT FROM TO-DAY.

AVOID SUBSTITUTES.

Ask for Kesari Jivan Leaflet and Price Lists.

Price 1 lb. Rs. 5, ½ lb. Rs. 2/12, ¼ lb. Re. 1/8.

ZANDU PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LTD.,

Sayani Road, : : BOMBAY 14

Selling Branch:

Old Bhatia Mahajanwadi, Kalbadevi, BOMBAY 2.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.

New Classes for the SPECIAL DIPLOMA EXAMS. IN ACCOUNTING, BANKING, COMPANY MANAGEMENT AND COMMERCE recently instituted by the Indian Merchants' Chamber will be started shortly. No University qualifications are required for candidates wishing to take any of these courses. Candidates passing this Exam. will be entitled to use **D. Com. M.C.** after their names. All young men anxious to improve their future prospects are requested to call immediately and see or write to the Principal,

BATLIBOI'S

ACCOUNTANCY TRAINING INSTITUTE
Yusuf Building, Fort, Bombay.

TRAINING ORAL OR POSTAL

NAGINDAS & MANEKLAL

INCOME TAX & SUPER TAX EXPERTS

6, Shukhadwalla Building,
RAVELIN STREET,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone - - - No. 22560

AWARDED GOLD MEDAL IN 1912.

MOHANLAL & Co.

JEWELLERS.

Telephone No. 21795.
Ghia Mansion, Shaik Memon St.,
BOMBAY.

Messrs. MEHTA & Co.

of 119, Medows Street, Fort,
Bombay

beg to announce their appointment as Selling Agents to the Government of India, Army Department.

The present New and Used Stores awaiting disposal by the Army in India consist of large quantities of :

(1) Engineering Stores.
(2) Machinery.
(3) Engines.
(4) Pumps.
(5) Motor Transport Spare Parts.
(6) Dairy Plants.
(7) Electrical Stores.
(8) X Ray Stores.
(9) Disinfectors.
(10) Hydraulic Accumulator.
(11) Saddlery.
(12) Leather.
(13) Army Clothing of all description.

And several other things.

Enquiries specifying requirements will receive special attention.

The Bombay Chronicle.

SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1927.

UNION IS STRENGTH.

The long-delayed meeting of the All-India Congress Committee will at last be held to-morrow to discuss and decide on issues of first-rate importance that have been agitating the mind of the country for several months past. We are afraid, however, that the agenda of the meeting has already been so very much crowded and so many irrelevant minor issues have been raised that unless the Working Committee and the President exercise their discretion by giving precedence to the vital questions they will be hardly discussed as fully and thoroughly as to ensure satisfactory results. No useful purpose will be served, for instance, by nicely balancing the pros and cons of abstract policies of Co-operation and Non-Co-operation as experience has taught us the impossibility of confining the living programme of a Nation—except during very short periods of time—within the four corners of any rigid formulae. Nor will the talk of Civil Disobedience—except when confined to local issues as in Alibag—take us any further. We may be quite sure that the great prophet of Satyagraha will be the first to sound the drum of battle when he finds the atmosphere ready for it. Again, the Working Committee should not hesitate in giving a very secondary place to the Andhra Committee's proposal to perpetrate another series of walk-outs to ease the conscience of some people who can never keep to one line of policy for any length of time, as the very same proposal was discussed and rejected by the Subjects Committee of the Congress at Gauhati.

The Committee must concentrate its attention on the fundamental issues of political and communal unity. And, as the whole discussion of these all-important issues is sought to be prejudiced by some misguided or interested persons, it will be well to remember the incontrovertible facts of the situation. It is no critic of the present Congress policy but Mr. Srinivas Iyengar himself who has boldly sounded the warning—however much it may have pained him to do so—that the Congress has been very nearly reduced to a paper organisation, and that only the reunion of the different sections of political thought and the harnessing of popular forces, especially of organised workers and peasants, can once again make the Congress what it should be—a real mouth-piece of the nation Orthodox persistence in the principles of obstruction which few Congressmen are willing to practise as well as the imposition of the meticulous khaddar franchise still prevents many a politician and many sections of the people from enrolling themselves under the banner of the Congress. The first need of the hour is to set the house of the Congress in order and so to modify the programme of the Congress as to ratify the *de facto* policy that has been generally adopted jointly by all Nationalist members in and outside the Councils. For, it is as clear as daylight that there is no material difference left between the attitude of the Swarajists and the Responsivists except on the question of office. But, here again, are not Swarajists themselves divided on the question of dethroning present Ministers, in the only province in which any decision can be now practically affective? Again, it is impossible to ignore the fact that no communal unity can be encompassed without creating a wider and broader platform for the Congress. It is not generally remembered that the present policy of the Congress has succeeded in keeping out from the Congress fold the bulk of even the Nationalist Muslims who will in no circumstances be reconciled to any programme of obstruction, while most of the Nationalist Hindu leaders of the Congress are not in a position to "deliver the goods" to the other communities entering into any agreement with them. While the Muslim League has always claimed almost equal authority with the Congress with reference to all national and inter-communal demands, the Hindu Sabha has now unfurled its standard of revolt against the National organisation. This state of things cannot be allowed to continue without the most serious damage to the authority and prestige of the Congress. The meeting of the A.I.C.C. must, therefore, exert itself to the utmost to discover some basis of fusion between all parties so as to enable them to exert the maximum pressure on the foreign bureaucracy by, among other things, swelling once again the strength of the Congress. This basis of fusion must, it need hardly be added, relate work in Councils to work outside them, especially in the direction of removing untouchability, hastening Prohibition and organising the peasants and the workers for mass action.

There is no gain-saying the fact that the Congress organisation has really come on evil days. It is poor in men as well as money. In some provinces, the Congress Committees have nearly ceased to function. In others, they are hopelessly divided and no real work is being done. What is then better in the interests of the Congress and the country that it should run away with a "stiffened" programme which can only prove ineffective for want of a sufficient following or that it should adopt a sound and practicable programme which can help to restore the numerical and political strength of the Congress and which can once again raise it to the high position of the arbiter of the nation? We would ask the rash and anwary carefully to weigh these issues in the balance and we sincerely hope the Congress leaders will be vouchsafed the wisdom and statesmanship to arrive at a correct decision on the grave questions that will confront them to-morrow so that they may help to set the Congress once again on the high road to victory and freedom.

WANTED: AN INDEPENDENT INQUIRY.

A number of councillors of Nationalist sympathies in the Madras Municipal Corporation have sent a requisition to the President of that body to call a special meeting to express sympathy with the victims of the shooting tragedy in the city when the Burma Oil Company's men on strike were fired upon by some Anglo-Indian employees of the concern. The requisitionists also want the Corporation to request the Government of Madras to institute a searching inquiry into the whole shooting affair. This is a just demand, which ought to be at once accepted by the authorities in Madras. There is at present a departmental, magisterial inquiry proceeding in that city in regard to the firing, but such an inquiry is naturally limited in its scope and public confidence in it will be restricted. The Government of Madras should make it their immediate business to secure that confidence and to assure the public that they look upon with serious concern at this lamentable exhibition of the thoughtlessness on the part of the B. O. C. officials in taking resort to firing upon an unarmed crowd of strikers. They can do so only by the institution of an independent tribunal of inquiry with a high Indian Judicial officer as Chairman so that there can be no question of its impartial attitude. The inquiry into the shooting incident is an absolutely different issue from the quarrel between the B. O. C. employees and the managing authorities of the Company. To us the causes which have led to a rupture of harmonious relations between the two appear to be trivial. They are hardly such as a sympathetic management cannot without much difficulty remove. The employees complain about the dismissal of a number of men on the plea of retrenchment and also about being deprived the use of four benches. They suspect that the management is determined to put down with a strong hand their successful efforts, on a Trade Union basis, towards representing their grievances. This is a matter in which the mediation of the Labour Commissioner in Madras should be sought by both parties, but the shooting incident is a question of grave public importance and calls for immediate and independent inquiry.

OUR COUSINS—IN MISERY.

Who would have imagined that the humbug of dyarchy hatched for the particular benefit of the Indian people would attract inquirers elsewhere into the gentle art of conferring pseudo self-government upon conquered peoples? But it appears that America has its India in the Philippines and for the benefit of the Filipinos the American Congress passed the Jones Act at the end of the term of Mr. Wilson's Presidentship and Mr. Harrison was sent out as Governor-General "to prepare the islands for complete independence at the earliest moment". Mr. Harrison, says a writer in the latest issue of "The London Weekly" proceeded to initiate reforms "on much the same lines as those recommended by the Montagu-Chelmsford Report for India." What has been the result? Our cousins in misery, the poor Filipinos, suffer from the same troubles as we in India. The American Governor-General and his staff have not hit it off amicably with the Filipino legislature, which is sharply reminded by the American Executive that its powers of self-government are indeed, very limited. The Filipino legislature recently decided on a proposal to hold a referendum "to decide the future political status of the archipelago". Mr. Coolidge promptly vetoed it.

INDIAN OUTLOOK IN POLITICS

GIVE THE PEOPLE SOME "MANTRAS."

(BY ANIL BARAN ROY.)

The first need in nationalism is to be self-conscious and the greatest harm that Western influence has done to our national life has been to make us forget our own past. India was great not only in religious and spiritual life, not only in art, literature and culture in general, but India was undoubtedly great also in the economical and political organisation of society which served as the physical basis of her greatness in the higher spheres. With the advent of the British rule, western education and Christian Missions, coinciding with a period of extraordinary decline in the vitality and vigour of Indian life, the Indians seemed to lose all consciousness of their past, the traditional forms in all aspects of life—political, social, cultural—were undermined and with the forms, the memory of the great past was obliterated. The Indians developed an European mentality and for some time assumed the role of a new people emerging from the folds of barbarism to be uplifted and civilized by the illumination and the harmonising influence coming from the West through "a mysterious process of divine selection." This illusion of the Indians was rudely shaken during the Swadeshi movement in Bengal which spread the creed of the nationalism all over India. But the spell is not yet wholly over, we have only to look at the Mullicks and Sinhas of the present day, for whom "India is not much of a place nowadays."

WHAT HAS SAVED INDIA

We do not decry everything western—we certainly have many things to learn from the western people, especially from their knowledge of physical science, from their vigorous habits and fresh outlook in life. But before we can really assimilate things from foreign sources, we must find our own selves, our true genius, our "Swadharma", otherwise we shall make India a base imitation of Europe, or of England—an ideal which cannot raise any pride, any warmth in our heart. Moreover, India can rise only through her own strength and unless she can find out the true springs of her life—no amount of missionary work or constitution-making on European lines can uplift her. Those who think that Bengal was awakened by Western influence labour under a great illusion. We have only to remember what Bengal was before the Swadeshi days—there was no life, no hope, no great vision about the future of the country—to imitate British ways and to live under British rule was the highest ambition of our public men. The Swadeshi movement which dealt a severe blow to this slave mentality was not really ushered in by western influence but was really the work of leaders all of whom were more or less influenced by some Guru a spiritual man. They were influenced more by Ram Krishna and Vivekananda than by anything else. That has always been the case in the history of India. Through all her vicissitudes and misfortunes leading to her eventual downfall, one thing that India always preserved intact was her spiritual heritage and this has again and again saved India from extinction and helped her to renew her life with fresh vigour and redoubled strength. Every great movement in India has had spiritual force at its back. Shivaji in Maharastra and Pratapaditya in Bengal are comparatively recent examples and the Swadeshi movement in Bengal inspired by the great mantra of the Anandamath has proved this fact beyond all doubt in our own days.

It was the life created in the country during the Swadeshi movement that gave so much force to the movement of Non-co-operation. But that life has now to be renewed and reinvigorated, the forms and ideals given by the Swadeshi movement have greatly degenerated and our leaders who are anxious to give a fresh impetous to the national movement should free their mind from all bias and weigh the true needs of the situation very carefully. After a long period of lull we are again on the threshold of a new movement and we must see to it that it becomes a real movement of life and not a mere experiment with artificial constructions of the mind, however keen and powerful. We ought to give some *mantras* to the people and let them work these out in their own way without putting all sorts of restraints on their activity, in the Swadeshi days, "Vande Mataram", acted as a real *mantra*.

SHAKE OFF EUROPEAN MENTALITY.

But it is very important that we should be able to shake off wholly our European mentality and to revive Indian mentality, though of course with new forms. Our avowed national leaders often seriously labour under European bias though not consciously, and here in lies the danger of the situation. In sentiment they are truly national, they revere the great past of India, they want to built up the civic and political life of India on national lines but they have been so far blinded by the glamour of western civilisation that they cannot look into their own heart and often take things to be national, which are quite alien to the genious of India or which have nothing specially Indian about them, and this is so not only in the political sphere but almost in all spheres of life. In a previous article I tried to show that our so-called National Congress has nothing national about it. Our national schools and colleges, inspite of spinning and the vernacular medium, do not impart any education essentially different from what is given in institutions run or controlled by the alien bureaucracy. Even in social and spiritual matters we mistake foreign things as national. Thus our ideal of social service has been vitiated by the Christian missionary idea of the West. When Swami Vivekananda started this work in India he had in his mind the idea of Buddhistic service, but it soon degenerated and the work that is being done by his followers contains very little spirituality. In Christian philanthropic work as it is, the whole thing is a satisfaction of the vital being in work and enlarged egoism. The ego or shelfishness can never be got rid of in that manner. Again Khaddar has been taken as the symbol of true national life in India! Can there be a greater mistake? Neither Khaddar nor a simple life is a peculiarity of the Indian genius. There are thousands of charka still plying in Europe and the ideal of simple life is no less appreciated in Europe than it was in ancient

(Continued on page 11.)

PAID AND UNPAID LABOUR.

(BY G. K. N.)

The members of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Corporation receive an honorarium of Rs. 30 for a sitting. It is a very old practice. It used to mean a pretty substantial remuneration when the rupee had nearly three times its present purchasing power. Sometime ago Dr. Viegas brought in a proposition suggesting that the honorarium be abolished and the members work as unpaid volunteers. It is sometimes contended that if remuneration is to be given, it should be proportionate to the labour for which it is assigned. But the eternal stringency of finance is adduced against any such modification in the existing scheme of things. We would like to make, however, an observation or two on the abstract question whether payment is justifiable or desirable. We mention only to dismiss the suggestion that payment involves a certain amount of degradation of the labours of the corporators. The view that monetary recompense is unworthy of the recipient is now an anachronism. When probed it will be found an instance of unworkable idealism. It is a Biblical maxim which has stood the test of centuries that the labourer is worthy of his hire and, one may add, as a modern corollary that an intellectual labourer should be no exception to these very sane religious sanctions. It is urged that the energy put forth or work performed for wages is something different from, and necessarily inferior to, what is evoked for a piece of work accomplished voluntarily. We may concede that for a limited amount of time and for some specific object it is possible that an enthusiast may produce successful results for the honour of the undertaking. But to expect a man, who has other and multifarious avocations year in and year out, to attend meetings, some of them far from edifying and to transact business some of which hardly appeals to one's tastes, without a tangible return, is making too much of a demand upon human nature. The question is often raised whether honorary secretaries of public bodies are not more zealous and efficient than paid employees. The ideal worker may be unpaid and what he performs may be beyond reproach, the resultant credit or the still less material satisfaction of one's conscience may suffice for the enthusiast. But in a defective world like ours without any incentive of compensation in cash or kind, it is not easy to expect efficient performance of duty from a normally constituted human being. If we examine public institutions generally, it will be found that subordinates drawing reasonable emoluments prove on the whole more capable and reliable in the end than the honorary or voluntary assistant who thinks that he can live for ever an applause and thanks. It is a satisfaction to me that I have succeeded in introducing the rule of adequate emoluments to secretaries in the associations or public bodies with which I am in any way connected. The public were doubtless not disappointed when Dr. Viegas's sentimental proposal was defeated and the old practice of remunerating the members of the Standing Committee for the expense of their time and labour was concerned.

Notes of the Day.

President Patel Investigates.

Lord Grey tells us in his memoirs how on the crossing of the French frontier by German troops in 1914 he said to a friend "the lamps are put out all over Europe, they will not be relit in our lifetime." He meant the lamps of "popular liberties," the lamps which England had at last to allow Ireland to light up on her own account, lamps which remain denied to India even now. President Patel in his tour of investigation into parliamentary procedure in Europe has a chance of observing at close range how the lamps Lord Grey referred to are again burning in Europe and particularly in Ireland where Mr. Patel has gone for a ten days' stay. He is being feted by political notabilities in England and has had talks on the Indian situation with many of them. In Ireland Mr. Patel will, we are sure, have many an interesting lesson to learn, particularly in the Free State, with her national spirit and her very recent successful struggle for political emancipation.

Useful Reminder.

Mr. Patel did well to utilise the opportunity of addressing the distinguished gathering present at the luncheon given by the United Kingdom, Branch of the Empire Parliamentary Association to give England a useful and much-needed reminder in regard to her duty towards India. The British people are never tired of explaining to the whole world that they "hold" India only to raise her to a self-governing status. They are as yet far from doing so and Mr. Patel did well to remind them that India's franchise must be materially extended and her power substantially enlarged if the Indian "Parliament" was to come into line with the self-governing dominions. Now that Mr. Amery and other English political leaders are prepared to concede that India can produce public men of "high character and personality" like Mr. Patel, there should be no difficulty for England in coming to a permanent settlement with India except, of course, that of short-sighted self-interest.

Short-sighted Policy.

Under the auspices of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Union, Kharagpur Branch, a meeting of five thousand employees was held on Thursday to protest against fresh cases of victimisation and the dismissals which the authorities of the Railway have sanctioned. This is, indeed, a short-sighted and mischievous attitude on the part of the Agent and his subordinates, when they know that they got out of the trouble and worry of the recent strike early, only because Mr. Giri and other leaders, who influenced the activities of the men's Union, advised them to have faith in their good intentions. That faith will be destroyed if the Agent does not promptly enquire into the acts against which the men now complain and if he does not show a willingness to deal with the Executive of the men's Union as the only properly constituted authority to represent their grievances.

"The Double Harm"

The Associated Press report of Mr. Jinnah's speech at Lucknow on which we based our remarks on the Government of India's policy of selecting Indian candidates for Sandhurst in a Note entitled the "Double Harm" was, it now transpires, grossly inaccurate and misleading. Mr. Jinnah made no charge against the Government of India of the kind he was reported to have made in that speech. This only shows what a serious hindrance to just and fair criticism inaccurate reports sent out by news agencies sometimes become. It will be in the best interests of the purveyors of news as well as of those who have to comment upon public affairs on the basis of the news so purveyed, if our news agencies exercise greater vigilance in their work.

Direct Steamer for Cutch.

It is to be deeply regretted that the management of the British India Steam Navigation Company have not still thought it fit to publish a full and frank statement about the latest "Vita" accident that took place near Mandvi on 12th April. The belated decision to run a direct steamer between Bombay and Cutch Mandvi, would show that the Company has not remained altogether impervious to public criticism in the matter. And the reply given by the Agents of the Company to the Rice Merchants' Association in connection with the last tragedy is hardly satisfactory. The Agents have gone into unnecessary ecstasies over the performance of the Bunder Master and the boatmen in his charge, as they only performed their duty in taking all the measures they did for the safe conduct of the passengers. The Captain of the ship erred in allowing seven passengers to proceed to Mandvi in a cargo boat at 8-10 p.m. long after the night had set in and after "the last passenger boat had left the "Vita" at 7-40 p.m. At the same time the antediluvian administration of Cutch must also be held responsible for not providing adequate landing facilities and for permitting movements of passengers at night in ways that have been proved to be only too risky in the past. While, therefore, we would once again emphasize the urgent duty of the Cutch authorities in this matter, we trust the new arrangement by which the boats will reach Mandvi in the morning will make the recurrence of tragedies sad memories of the past.

TASK BEFORE A. I. C. C.

COMMUNAL AND POLITICAL UNITY.

LEADERS BUSY WITH INFORMAL CONFERENCES

The members of the All-India Congress Committee from all parts of the country are pouring into Bombay to attend the forthcoming meeting of the A.I.C.C., which is to start at the Congress House to-morrow afternoon. There can be no two opinions about the fact that this meeting of the A.I.C.C. is going to be a momentous one in view of the fact that it has to decide issues of gravest concern to the country at large. The communal and political dissensions that have been eating into the vitals of this country for the past several months, have got to be done away with and in this connection, the A.I.C.C. has a great task to perform. The concern and the anxiety of the leaders, no matter to whatever camp they belong, are well manifested by a series of informal conferences that they are holding at the Congress House preliminary to their meeting in the A.I.C.C. On Thursday evening, some of the leaders of all groups met and conferred together at the Congress House regarding the political unity within the ranks of the Congress. The Conference was not open to the Press, but it transpires that the leaders came to no final decision. The discussion was again resumed at the Congress House last evening when a few more leaders who were not present on the first day, participated in it.

THE MAIN ISSUES.

There are two main issues before the A.I.C.C., viz., to bring about political unity within the Congress ranks and to establish Hindu-Muslim unity. These issues are as big in their importance as they are difficult in their situation. The fusion of political parties within the Congress, has been rendered more difficult by the thousand and one events that have taken place within the short space of four [illegible]nths, that separates the Gauhati ses- [illegible] of the Congress from the coming [illegible].C.C. There was a huge controversy [illegible]hati over the resolutions regarding [illegible] the Legislatures and franchise for [illegible] of the Congress. Instead of [illegible] controversy has thickened [illegible] head. The experience of [illegible]nths has shown that Con- [illegible] of the Provinces have [illegible]s unworkable in many [illegible]ution regarding work [illegible]tipulates that Con- [illegible] the formation of a [illegible]ies until a satisfac- [illegible] the Government. [illegible]ike Madras, the [illegible]e loudest at Gau- [illegible]olution passed, a [illegible]owed to be formed. [illegible]resolution has, in no [illegible]etter. The Congressmen in [illegible], Bombay and Central Pro- [illegible]ces freely participate in all Congress meetings without a thread of khaddar on their bodies. An instance was reported the other day when at a meeting of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, many of the members who even at the time of meeting had not put on khaddar, took part in the meeting under the very nose of Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar, the President of the Congress. The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee had another spectacle to present. While during the last National Week, Congress volunteers were hawking khaddar at meeting places, some of the members of the Provincial Congress Committee were making speeches opposing the khaddar resolution. Congress has had enough of hypocrisy and insincerity. The time has come for the A.I.C.C. to repeal the khaddar resolution or to modify it in such a manner as to make it acceptable to a larger section of Congressmen. The discussion in the A.I.C.C. will mainly centre round these two resolutions which very badly stand in need of modification.

HINDU-MUSLIM UNITY.

To some of the leaders, sincerest of them all, the question of Hindu-Muslim unity is the most paramount question. A great controversy is expected in the A.I.C.C. over the question of joint electorates as proposed by the Conference of Mahomedan leaders. The leaders of the Hindu Mahasabha think that time is not yet ripe for even the consideration of such a question. Some of them doubt the very motives that have prompted the Mahomedan leaders suddenly to make proposals for joint electorates. It is hoped that wiser counsels will prevail in the A.I.C.C. and the leaders, both Hindus and Mahomedans, will be able to compose their differences in the larger interests of their country. This evening, there is again the informal conference of the leaders, in which the question of Hindu-Muslim unity will be fully thrashed out. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, the Congress President, Ali Brothers and several others are trying their level best to remove the canker of communalism and restore the atmosphere of harmony and friendship in the country. The members of the A.I.C.C. will have to blame themselves in bitterest terms if the meeting is dissolved without finding some remedy, to put a stop to communal dissensions.

MORE CONFERENCES.

There are half a dozen more informal conferences of leaders before the actual meeting of the A.I.C.C. We understand on good authority that the members of the Working Committee are meeting at 3 p.m. to-day at the Taj Mahal Hotel to discuss some problems of first-rate importance. The meeting will be conducted 'in camera' in Mrs. Sarojini Naidu's room. It is further understood that the leaders of the Hindu Mahasabha are gathering in an informal meeting this afternoon at the Birla House in Girgaum. Probably they will reconsider their position and fix their line of action. The informal conference regarding Hindu-Muslim unity will take place this evening at the Congress House.

PANDIT MOTILAL NEHRU.

In the meanwhile, all eyes are directed to the Calcutta Mail of the G.I.P. that brings Pandit Motilal Nehru to Bombay this afternoon. A section of public opinion believes that the Congress leader in the Legislative Assembly, holds the key to the political unity within the Congress ranks. Congressmen of Andhra are coming in large numbers with their resolution to stiffen the Council programme of the Congress. Never before had the A.I.C.C. to face such an uncertain future as it has to face this time. The country wants some definite political lead and a programme of united work with a little more life and ginger in it.

A. I. C. C. MEETING.

TICKETS FOR VISITORS.

Visitors will be admitted on a payment of Rs. 2 for non-Congress members and Re. 1 for Congress members to the sessions of the All-India Congress Committee on their signing the following letter:—I undertake that I shall occupy the seat pointed out to me by the volunteer and shall not enter the block specially enclosed for the members of the All-India Congress Committee. I further undertake to leave the pandal whenever asked to do so, under the orders of the presiding authority.

It has been reported that many who are anxious to obtain admission, cannot personally call at the Congress Office to do so. Visitors who will send their servant with the above quoted undertaking signed by them in addition to the payment of fees, will be issued tickets. The Congress

ARCOS HOUSE RAIDED.

ALL DEPARTMENTS RANSACKED.

THROUGH POLICE SEARCH

LONDON, May 12.

The Police have raided Arcos House.—Reuter.

Callers in the after-noon found all doors guarded by the police who refused admission. The Russian Embassy is unware of the reasons of the raid which is understood to have been very exhaustive, but two rooms occupied by the Trade Delegation which is believed to enjoy diplomatic immunity were omitted.—Reuter.

"They even made us turn out for tickets" declared a member of the Arcos staff when leaving the premises late at night referring to thoroughness of the police search. He added "They ransacked every department especially the Russian Trade Delegation Offices." Examination proceeded until midnight. Late in the evening, General Sir Wyndham Childs, head of the special branch of Scotland Yard arrived and entered the building accompanied by a dozen more police. The bulk of the staff of several hundred were then being detained most of whom are English.

The police terminated the inspection at midnight. Strong guard however remained outside and inside the building throughout the night. The examination of files, books and papers will be resumed in the morning prior to the arrival of the employees. The signal for the raid was given when three plain clothes officers took up a position at the entrance of the building. The street immediately, became alive with police who appeared to spring from nowhere and rushed to the allotted positions. Telephone communication with Arcos was cut off. Greatest excitement prevailed among the crowds throning the street, numbers of whom remained after midnight.

It is understood, that despite the suddenness of the police entry an attempt was made to burn certain papers. Some keys of the safes are at present missing. Consequently the raid is likely to be protracted. The building contains enormous number of documents and papers among which were found a number of propaganda films.—Reuter.

HARD NUT FOR MR. SASTRI.

FEAR OF AGREEMENT BEING WRECKED.

CALCUTTA, May 13.

"The Englishman's" Simla correspondent says: According to provisional arrangements, the Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri is expected to arrive in Simla on the third week of May and will sail for Cape Town from Bombay on June 6. He will settle important matters of administrative details and also discuss in broad the principal policy he is to follow.

Mr. Sastri's task, says the correspondent, will not be easy. There is already a split in the South African Indian Congress, and the British Indian Association of Natal is pressing that the provisions of the Emigration Bill be not retrospective. The South African Indian Congress has refused to stand by them at the risk of wrecking the agreement itself. Mr. Sastri will try to feel Indian opinion, and guide it properly with a view to seeing that the Agreement is given a fair trial.—Free Press.

SGR. MUSSOLINI'S ASSAILANT

ACTION AGAINST MISS GIBSON DROPPED.

LONDON, May 12.

Rome.—Further action before the special Tribunal against Miss Violet Gibson has been dropped on account of her mental condition. Miss Gibson has left for England accompanied by four nurses. She was conducted to the frontier by the Italian police.—Reuter's Special.

INDIAN NAVY BILL

LORDS PASS THIRD READING

LONDON, May 12.

The House of Lords passed without discussion the third reading of the Government of India (Indian Navy) Bill.—Reuter.

CABLE ITEMS

The Bishop of Gibraltar Greig has been appointed bishop of the new diocese of Guildford.—Reuter's Special.

The "Evening Standard" says that the International Polo Player Major A. H. Williams, Central Indian horse has married Eva, daughter of the novelist Madame Albanesi.—Reuter's Special.

The Prince of Wales and Prince George have returned to London.—Reuter.

IMPERIAL BANK SELLING SECURITIES

PREPARING FOR THE NEW LOAN.

PRESENT RATES ARTIFICIAL.

SPECIAL FOR THE "CHRONICLE."

Much criticism is levelled by interested parties on account of the recent selling of the securities by the Imperial Bank. This criticism comes only from interested parties, who have made big speculative purchases of securities with the hope of selling at higher rates to Government at the time of the issue of new Loan. It seems, however, that the shrewd Finance Member has scented their scheme which, if it had not been baffled by the present selling by the Imperial Bank might have placed the Government in an awkward corner at the time of issue of the New Loan, which is generally issued by the Government at a slightly lower level of rates than the ruling once and giving an yield of approximately average Bank rate of the preceding year. In order, therefore, to ensure the success of the Loan, Government would have had to buy their lots; otherwise selling by them would have been an obstacle. The money market this year is undoubtedly tighter than last year and the Bank rate remains at seven per rent. a figure that was not reached last year. And if the Government would have come out to float their new Loan at the present level of the rates which are nearly 2 per cent, higher than that of last year, it is a question if they would have been able to get the required subscription of 27 crores At the same time it would have been very awkward for the Finance Member to float his loan at a much lower level than the ruling market rates.

EXPORT OF CAPITAL.

Besides, there is another aspect of great importance, and it is this that owing to abnormally easy condition of mone market last year, there was a rise of about 10 per cent. in the values of gilt-edged securities. This value has made rupee securities yielding about 1 per cent, less than the yields at present obtained on the Government of India's Sterling Securities, and with the permanent fixing up of the Sterling exchange, huge remittances have been made from India for investments in Sterling securities—and the only way to stop this export of our Capital permanently out of India is for the Government to give the same returns to the investor in Rupee Securities, otherwise the only natural conclusion is that still larger amounts may be remitted out of India and once the public invest in Sterling Securities their natural tendency will be to keep up those investments until Rupee investments give them larger returns than what they obtain. This export of our Capital will be a permanent handicap to our money market and trade conditions and no body desires it. There are therefore, only two ways of stopping the export of our Capital. Firstly, it could be stopped if the Exchange was not fixed. Secondly, it could be stopped by the public getting the same return in Rupee Securities as they got in Sterling. It would do greater harm to trade if the exchange is not fixed. This, therefore, being impossible the only other way is the second one and it is a wise policy that is being followed by the Imperial Bank selling the securities. The position at present is that the present rates are artificial. The Imperial Bank investments to-day are nearly 4 crores more in securities than the corresponding figure of last year although their other deposits are down by 5 crores under last year's figures. Therefore, this extra holdings of four crores is absolutly unwarranted as they keep their cash balance down, make the Bank rate high, and this, coupled with the fact that the speculators have very large holding, robs the real investors of his ligitimate yield owing to his having to pay artificial price and this induces export of capital which must be stopped in the interest of trade of the country. We would also congratulate the Government that they have not opposed this on the short-sighted policy of trying to make a few lacs by floating new Loans at higher prices. Because no sane man can say that the investors would take up the new Loan of 27 crores at such high rates giving the lowest return than any other country's giltedged security.

50 PERSONS DROWNED.

LAUNCH FOUNDERS IN GALE

MADRAS, May 13.

A Rajamundry report to the "Hindu" says that the steam launch "Satyanarayana" which left for Pallavaram yesterday, was caught in a terrible gale near Ghattala, where it went down. Fifty lives are reported to have been lost.—Free Press.

AN UNPRECEDENTED STEP.

SALE OF RUPEE SECURITIES FOR DEFLATION.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' PROTEST.

BOMBAY, May 13.

Confirmation is now available in the market that the recent large sales of Government Securities by the Imperial Bank of India have really been undertaken on behalf of the Government of India. It is understood that the latest deflation of two crores of rupees has been provided for not by the cancellation of the ad hoc securities, but from the sales of Government three and a half per cent, securities in the Paper Currency Reserve effected by the Imperial Bank.

This is said to be a most unprecedented step taken by any Finance Member so far to prop up the rupee. The result of the Government unloading the securities, which have remained undisturbed for thirty years in the Currency Reserve, has been to make the prices fall by twelve annas, working out at one and a quarter per cent.

Opinion is strong in commercial circles that the least that Government should do is to issue a communique with every act of currency manipulation with justification of the action taken.

The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, it is understood, have met and made urgent representation of Government of India against the sale of Rupee Securities for deflation purposes and also asked under what section of the Currency Act passed by the Assembly at the last session, deflations have been resorted to with the Exchange above the lower gold point.

The general feeling in the market is that the Finance Member may next have recourse to Rupee loans in the next few months.—Free Press.

SEQUEL TO DEFLATION

DECREASE IN PUBLIC DEPOSITS

CALCUTTA, May 12.

The Imperial Bank of India's weekly statement, issued to-day, reveals a decrease in public deposits of 270 lakhs, of which two crores is accounted for by the deflation. The substantial shrinkage in cash, of 249 lakhs, and in cash per centage, from 18|52 to 16|04, is responsible for the good demand for money and for the consequent steady exchange. Call money was quoted at 5 1/2 per cent and the rupee rate was Ish-5 31|32D. for the moment, the view that a reduction in the bank rate was likely, which had been largely entertained in previous weeks, has lost support in the market.

The acceptance of public tenders this week at Ish-5 31|32 D. has had no perceptible effect on the exchange rate, which continued unchanged to-day. The Government offered through the Imperial Bank, to-day to buy sterling ready T.T. for an unilimited amount at Ish-6d., but the rupee rate did not rise to the Government's buying rate.—A. P.

ADVANCE ON HANKOW

YANG SEN JOINS WU-PEI-FU'S TROOPS

TROOP MOVEMENT AT CHINGKIANG

LONDON, May 12.

Rugby:—Messages from China state that General Yang Sen who was in command of the Chinese forces at Wanhsien arrived at Ichang on Sunday. Apparently the usual looting of the native city took place but foreign property was untouched. Yang Sen is reported to have also taken over Shasi and to be joining up with Wu Pei Fu's troops on the river for advance on Hankow.

An armed peasantry known as "Red Spears" are still operating on the Hupeh-Honan border against the Southerners and have destroyed bridges further South. The Fengtien troops have not advanced beyond Chumatien.

At Chingkiang there is considerable troop movement down the river towards Kueishan, and available water transport has been commandeered by Southern General Ho Ying Yin. Consulate offices and nearly all foreign houses in the British concession were yesterday occupied by troops despite proclamations by General Ho forbidding this action. The Consular officer has requested withdrawal of the troops. The Communist force which was marching on Swatow is reported to have dispersed at Puning.—B. O. W.

Office will be open from 8 a.m.

SIR M. LAMPSON IN PEKING

STUDY OF SITUATION AIMED AT

LONDON, May 12.

Rugby With reference to the rumours regarding the purpose of the visit which Sir Miles Lampson British Minister in Peking is paying to Shanghai it is emphatically stated that its sole purpose is to enable the Minister to study the situation himself and to consult with the Commander-in-Chief, Admiral Tyrwhitt, Commander of the Shanghai Defence Force, General Duncan and the British Consular officials there.—B. O. W.

BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICERS' CONFERENCE

RUGBY, May 12.

The British Minister at Peking Sir Miles Lampson is proceeding to Shanghai to take part in the conference with the British Consular officers.—B. O. W.

FIRE IN STEAMER AMONG JUTE BALES

LONDON, May 13.

A message from Dundee says that a fire has broken out in number two hold of the British steamer "Magdapur" from Calcutta among 1,400 bales of Dundee jute. A fire brigade was in attendance and the fire is now under control.—Reuter.

STATUS OF INDIAN STATES.

LEGAL LUMINARIES TO BE CONSULTED

DR. RUSHBROOK WILLIAM'S MISSION

SIMLA, May 13.

It is understood definitely that Dr. Rushbrook Williams, Foreign Minister of Patiala State and formerly Director of Public Information of the Government of India, and Lt. Col. K. N. Haskar from Gwalior will sail to England on May 21 in order to obtain the best available legal opinion on the legal status of Indian States under the treaties and agreements between them and the British Government.

It will be remembered that some of the rulers, as for example, His Exalted Highness the Nizam claimed independent Sovereign status which Lord Reading sternly repudiated. Since then it is understood feeling has been strongly growing in the Indian Princes' circles that their position in the Indian constitution should be clearly defined. Requests to the Viceroy for a pronouncement in categorical terms not having had the desired result, the Princes are said to have decided on this course. Sir John Simmon will be one of the counsel that will be consulted.

The Government of India, it is stated, are also having the legal position critically examined as to its exact implications.—Free Press.

TWO MORE ARRESTS IN NAGPUR

NAGPUR, May 13.

Tanba Kunbi and Maroti S. Bhamti, two of Mr. Avari's "Republican Army" who were arrested yesterday night were sentenced to pay Rs. 5 as fine, or, in default, fifteen days' simple imprisonment. The accused preferred jail. They pleaded not guilty to the charge of violating the Arms Act and stated that they carried arms to secure the immediate release of Bengal detenus.—Free Press.

PROCESSION AND MEETING

NAGPUR, May 13

The National Flag procession composed of two lady volunteers and four male volunteers all carrying on drawn swords was taken out yesterday.

In the night a public meeting was held.—Free Press.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

Col. H. B. St. John, Agent to the Goveror-General, Panjab States, will succeed Mr. F. W. Johnston as Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Wilson gave a Garden Party at Government House Mahableshwar on Thursday.

DEFINING STATUS OF ALIEN

ECONOMIC CONFERENCE SUGGESTS BILATERAL AGREEMENTS.

LONDON, May 12.

Geneva.—Deliberations of the Economic Conference are progressing rapidly and have yielded definite resolutions in various subcommittees notably the subcommittee on tariff which has opposed subsidies and has expressed hope that Governments will do their utmost to refrain from them, and also about dumping, regarding which it recommends the establishment of universally stable conditions of production and commerce and reduction of excessive customs tariffs. The The Subcommittee on agriculture has recommended encouragement of efforts of producers and consumers co-operative associations. The Subcommittee on Commerce counsels international action to assure normal currents of international trade and commercial equality in state and private enterprise and recommends the conclusion of bilateral agreements to determine best methods of defining the status of aliens not only from the economic but also legal and fiscal viewpoints.—Reuter's Special.

EN ROUTE TO WESTERN AUSTRALIA

DUKE OF YORK'S DEPARTURE

RUGBY, May 12.

The Duke and Duchess of York left Melbourne to-day in the "Renown" for Western Australia. On returning to Melbourne from Canberra, they had a tumultuous reception and in order to be seen by the immense crowds that thronged the streets. Their Highnesses regardless of rain stood up in the open car as they drove to the port and waved farewells.—B. O. W.

INDIAN SPEAKER ENTERTAINED

MR AMERWS TRIBUTE TO MR. PATEL

PLEA FOR FRANCHISE EXTENSION.

LONDON, May 12.

Mr. McCormack, Premier of Queensland and Hon. Mr. Patel, President of the Indian Legislative Assembly were the chief guests at a luncheon at the United Kingdom Branch of the Empire Parliamentary Association. Mr. Amery presiding said that Mr. McCormack had come for the purpose of finding "the needful" and hoped he would find it in terms favourable in every sense. He said the Presidency of Indian Assembly was the very keystone of the arch of Parliamentary freedom, and India had found in Hon. Mr. Patel a man of high character and personality to occupy the chair. He hoped that it would be possible, erelong, for all other Parliaments of the Empire to visit India where they could gain something permanently in their outlook.

Mr. McCormack, replying urged the need of cheap money to develop the dominions. America was now competing with London for loans to Australia, but Australia preferred to do business with the Motherland.

Mr. Patel said India's franchise must be materially extended and its power substantially enlarged so as to bring the Indian Parliament into line with the self-governing dominions. That devoutly wish- editor consumption could be accelerated by intercourse among various units of the Association. He hoped it would not be long before India, with the increased power and status, would be privileged to receive delegations from all parts of the Empire to discuss common problems. The Indians hoped in the first place soon to welcome the British delegation.

Those present at luncheon included Mr. E. B. Alexander of Ceylon, Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy, Sir Arthur Froom, Sir Darcy Lindsay, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mr. Saklatwala, Sir Walter Willson and Earl Winterton.—Reuter.

HONOURED BY ALL PARTIES

PATEL'S TRIP TO IRELAND

LONDON, May 12.

Hon. Mr. Patel interviewed by Reuter before his departure on ten days visit to Ireland said he was very much impressed with the courtesy and help he received in England. He had a long talk with the Mr. Baldwin after which he was entertained by the leaders and prominent men of all parties. Lord Salisbury last evening gave a banquet to the distinguished visitors and asked Mr. Patel to meet him and discuss Indian political situation. Mr. Patel in Dublin will be the guest Governor General who is giving a banquet. He will also be the guest of the Speaker, and after attending the sitting of the Dail Eireann will proceed on a motor tour with the Speaker. He goes to North Ireland on the 17th May and will be given audience by the iKing on his return.—Reuter.

KENYA CONSCRIPTION BILL

MR AMERY'S INSTRUCTIONS TO GOVERNOR

LONDON, May 12.

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. Gillet, Mr. Amery said he had informed the Acting Governor of Kenya that he might allow the conscription Bill to pass all stages in the Legislative Council and it should then be reserved and sent to Mr. Amery with the Governor's full report.—Reuter.

SUZUKIS' AFFAIRS

AGREEMENT SIGNED

LONDON, May 12.

Tokio.—The Agreement between the banks companies and Messrs. Suzukis has been signed.—Reuter.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

(Established 27 Years.)

INDIA'S FUTURE DEPENDS ON BANKING, SHIPPING, INSURANCE AND JOINT STOCK COMPANY EXPANSION.

ASPIRING Students of Commerce should therefore give all attention to the study of SPECIALISED COURSES such as BANK OFFICERS (C.A.I.B.) INSURANCE MANAGERS (A. CH. I. I.) COMPANY SECRETARIES (F.I.S.A.) and GENERAL COMMERCE COURSES (L.C.C.) for which there is an unlimited FIELD and SPECIALISED ACCOUNTANCY (G.D.A.) may, wherever desirable, be taken as an additional tacked in Course as that Profession is now getting overcrowded.

TUITION THROUGH POST A SPECIAL FEATURE.

Consult PRINCIPAL DAVAR or apply for Prospectus giving details.

GREAT WESTERN BUILDING, Apollo Street, Bombay.

MR. BOSE LEAVES RANGOON

TO REACH CALCUTTA ON SUNDAY

ALMORAH HIS DESTINATION

RANGOON, May 13.

"The Rangoon Mail" says:—Speculation is rife in Rangoon about the exact date on which Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose is due to leave Rangoon for Calcutta en-route to Almorah (up) where it has been now authoritatively stated he will be kept in prison until further orders. Our Insein correspondent reports that Mr. Bose was removed from the Insein Jail on the 11th instant (evening) and brought down to Rangoon.

From local enquiries, it appears that Mr. Bose was taken on board the steamship "Aronda" the same night by a few prominent C. I. D. and police officials. S. S. "Aronda" left for Calcutta yesterday at 11-30 a.m. Precautions were taken, it is believed, to avoid possible demonstrations here, more especially to prevent the news of his departure reaching Calcutta where popular demonstations may prove embarrassing to the Bengal authorities. Information has been received that Mr. Bose after being once more examined in Calcutta, will be sent to Almorah.—Free Press.

BENGAL DETENUS

MR. GOSWAMI CONFERS WITH GOVERNOR

CALCUTTA, May 13.

Mr. T. C. Goswami M. L. A. who had been to Darjeeling, had a long talk with the Governor of Bengal on the political situation in general and the policy being pursued in respect of the Ordinance prisoners and State prisoners in particular. The conversations were of a confidential character. Mr. Goswami leaves Calcutta to-day for Bombay to attend the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee.—Free Press.

LAW MEMBER HAILS FROM THE HEIGHTS.

INVESTIGATING INTO B. O. C. SHOOTING

MADRAS, May 13.

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar, Law Member, arrived here this morning, from Ootacamand. Immediately after alighting from the train he motored to the scene of shooting at Tondiarpet, in connection with the B.O.C. labour troubles.—A. P.

MADRAS CORPORATION'S SYMPATHY

MADRAS, May 13.

The Madras Municipal Corporation at to-night's meeting passed a resolution expressing sympathy with the victims of the shooting tragedy of B. O. C. workers last Tuesday, and requesting the Government to institute a judicial inquiry regarding the outrage and to get the guilty punished and to take measures to bring about peace between workers and employers.

They sanctioned also a sum of Rs. 500 to be paid to sufferers.

The resolution added that if the Government disallowed the expenditure, councillors should meet it from their pockets. —Free Press.

BHIVARI DACOITY CASE

ALL ACCUSED CONVICTED

POONA, May 12.

The hearing of the Bhivari Dacoity Case was concluded to-day before Mr. A. C. Wild, I.C.S., Sessions Judge, Poona, who agreeing with the Jury's unanimous verdict of "guilty" under Section 395 I.P.C. in respect of all the accused, sent accused No. 1 to a reformatory school, sentenced accused Nos. 2, 3 and 4 to transportation for ten years, accused No. 5 to transportation for life, and accused 6 and 7, Sowars of the 2nd Lancers, Ghorpuri, to transportation for life. He recommended that the sentence on the latter two be reduced to 14 years' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

ENGINEERING SCHOLARSHIPS TO ANGLO-INDIAN BOYS

LONDON, May 13.

On a representation of the Anglo-Indian Association, London, the Governors of the Loughborough College, have extended the British Empire scholarships in the Faculty of Engineering to European schools in India. Five scholarships of £75 each, yearly, will be open to the boys of British parentage, resident anywhere in the Empire, tenable for the period of the full diploma course. The Governors are prepared to arrange for the entrance examination at local centres in India where recognised facilities are available so as to meet with their approval. Anglo-Indian boys will b eeligible for scholarships tenable from 1928.—Reuter.

LEADERS WHO FEAR UNPOPULARITY.

DISEASE OF COMMUNALISM AT WORK.

MUSLIM PROPOSALS---INSPIER D DISCOVERY.

MAHOMED ALI URGES THEIR ACCEPTANCE

The All-India Congress Committee meets here to-morrow. Leaders, both Hindu and Muslim, have come to Bombay. Maulana Mahomed Ali and Dr. M. A. Ansari arrived yesterday.

Interviewed by a representative of the "Chronicle", Maulana Mahomed Ali made the following statement:—

As a journalist I write what I feel every day in the "Hamdard", though I do not expect anybody in Bombay cares to read what is not written in a foreign language—and in fact few care to read that even in those ports of India where Urdu, the language in which the "Hamdard" is written, is the mother togue of the people. I suppose this too is part of what we owe to our slave mentality. That even after the Coming of the Mahatma this should be so, only demonstrates that there is a tremendous gulf fixed between the masses and those who presume to desire to lead them. That gulf is still wide enough and the farce of "Council entry" continues to keep the so-called leaders, so to speak, on one plane, and those who desire to lead on an entirely different plane. How long this farce is to continue is not for me to say. That is rather for those who have entered the Councils. Surely they must have realised by now that they do not form a larger proportion in the Councils than they did when they decided to walk-out last year. If that was not merely part of electioneering tactics, it meant that the Swaraj Party in the Councils realised that it was not in sufficient strength to be effective for any purpose. Why it should have walked in again when in no more strength than before is a mystery which may or may not be solved by the remark of a Swarajist in the Assembly which he made to me in the lobby. He said: "If we were asked by the Party to walk-out again, half the party would remain inside. Perhaps it is true and those who found it difficult to walk-in find it still more difficult to walk-out. But unless they do so, the work in the country is bound to remain undone. The bureaucracy will continue to attract a very large portion of our public men into the Councils and that too just during those parts of the year which are most suitable for work in the countdy.

A FELL DISEASE.

Another thing, and that is still more unpleasant, is that I find most of the leaders suffering from a fell disease, namely, the terrible fear of courting unpopularity. No one seems to have the courage to stand upright and declare the truth he has and share it with the people, even if he finds that truth to be of the bitter type. I have already referred to the wide gulf that stands fixed between the leaders and those who presume to desire to lead. Even more notable than that is the terrible fear that these would be leaders entertain of those they seek to lead. In fact they are not leaders of the people, but their followers, and not one seems to have the courage to tell the people that they are going wrong. Communalism of the kind that exists to-day will never bring about the predominance of nationalism. But no-body seems to be trying to make nationalism predominant, because no-body seems to have the courage to say anything that might offend the communalists. You cannot win the battle of nationalism with these communal tremors. The only way to lead a people is to stand up and fling at them even the bitterest truth that may do them good and not to fear the loss of popularity. As one who is, perhaps, the most unpopular man in All-India to-day I have flung at least two bitter truths at the leaders and I feel certain that every leader, whether Hindu or Muslim, would now demand my head on a charger just as the Hindu and Muslim communities are doing.

A. I. C. C. AND MUSLIM PROPOSALS.

Asked what he thought would be the attitude of the All-India Congress Committee on the Muslim proposals in view of the developments in the country after the proposals were made and endorsed by the Working Committee of the Congress, Maulana Mahomed Ali said.—

"I am not a 'jyotshi' I cannot say what the attitude of the A. I. C. C. will be, but I am very clear as to what it should be. It should accept with a very warm vote of thanks the proposals of the Mussalmans who had met at Raisina on the 20th of March last, for nothing simpler and nothing sounder can be devised for ushering in an era of true nationalism. You must remember that no schemes and formulas can bring the nationalism if the spirit of nationalism is not within us. But wrong schemes and wrong formulas can paralyse the efforts of nationalists who may be stirred to the very depth by the spirit of nationalism. The scheme devided, or rather discovered, in a moment of unique inspiration at Delhi will not come in the way of the nationalists, but I grant that if we are not stirred by the spirit of nationalism a scheme like this may even produce Civil War, some provinces with Hindu majorities seeking to crush Muslim minorities and other provinces with Muslim majorities desiring to retaliate and since the Mussalmans will be in a majority in a few provinces only and the larger hungering for reprisals. But number of provinces and large areas and populations such as those of the U. P. will have Hindu majorities, it is most unlikely that Mussalmans will seek to create Hindu minorities. There would be peace in India if the scheme of the Muslim leaders discovered on the 20th March is accepted and the Government is driven to adopt it. This is the best that we could offer, or if the Hindu Maha Sabha and leading Muslim Communalists do not accept it, we can only look forward to the All-India Congress Committee to demonstrate that it is the truly representative National Congress and not the hand-maidens of communalists like Moonjes that met at Patna a month ago and presumed to dictate to the Congress what it should do and what it should not do. The A. I. C. C. has got to prove that it will accept no dictation whether it comes from Mussalman or Hindu Communalists. What it will do is, as I said, a question that should be addressed to 'jyotishis and not to one like myself who is merely a journalist."

UNITY IN THE CONGRESS.

Asked as to what he thought about unity in the Congress and whether it was possible to achieve it at present, the Maulana Said:—

"What kind of unity can you have in the Congress if every man wants everything for himself. The Swarajists broke away from the leadership of the Mahatma, the Responsivists have broken away from the leadership of the Swarajists. It now remains for the Responsivists to produce a group of Liberals to break away from them. If you want unity by reducing our standard of nationalism and non-co-operation every day, you can only achieve it by all of us becoming 'jeehuzers'. I would prefer any kind of disunity to that unity.

SHORTEST WAY TO SWARAJ.

"BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRIZE COMPETITION

The "Bombay Chronicle" will give a prize of Rs. 100 to the writer of the best essay on the "Shortest Way to Swaraj."

The competition is open only to boys and girls of twenty and under. The essay, which must consist of not more than 2,000 words, must be submitted on or before 15th June and must be accompanied by 20 "Swaraj Competition" coupons cut out from "The Chronicle" and a declaration as regards the age of the competitor. The coupons will be published in "The Chronicle" daily from 6th instant to 10th June. The envelope containing the essay should be superscribed "Swaraj Competition" and addressed to the Editor of "The Chronicle".

A consolation prize of Rs. 50 will also be awarded.

RISE! YOUNG MEN

"SHAPE YOUR OWN DESTINY."

VEER VAMANRAO'S STIRRING APPEAL.

"Rise! Ye young men" was the theme of an inspiring address delivered by Veer Vamanrao Joshi at the premises of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, on Friday evening. The meeting was convened under the auspices of the Students' Brotherhood and Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas presided.

INDISCRIMINATE IMITATION.

Veer Vamanrao Joshi who spoke in flowing Marathi, said that young men of India had a supreme task before them. The tendency of young men to imitate indiscriminately what came from the West was, indeed, an unhealthy one. He argued that the independent nations of the world had no clear conception of real freedom. The Western nations were looting the impoverished countries of the East in the name of liberty. The conception of liberty that gave rise to the nations of Imperialism was, no doubt, a faulty conception. It was difficult to have a clear idea about freedom unless nations had an experience of slavery.

HAVE BROAD OUTLOOK.

Veer Vamanrao Joshi appealed to the young men of India to have a broader outlook on life. The young men of India had a glorious message to give to the world. The speaker then made references to the illustrious examples of Hindu Kings in Epic India. It was a shame and humiliation, he went on to say, that Indians should look to Westerners for inspiration and guidance. Hindu philosophy taught the yong man of India that he was not born only for his self. His duty was towards a larger humanity. The speaker exhorted his hearers to keep before their eyes a nobler ideal of the service of humanity. A time was just coming when Indian philosophy would assert itself and save the mankind from ruin and degradation.

FOLLOW INDIAN PHILOSOPHY.

The speaker opined that Indians had a very cunning race to fight with. It was very difficult to defeat Englishmen with their own means and methods. The speaker was of opinion that the world was rushing towards a big revolution. A time was coming, he said, when the so-called civilized world would get tired of its philosophy of war and self-aggrandisement and look to India for light and guidance. It would be then that India would once again stand on the high pedestal of inspiring philosophy, and give the suffering world a message of hope and cheer. The speaker appealed to young men to follow Indian philosophy and prepare themselves for that day of independence, which they were expectantly waiting for.

SHAPE THE DESTINY.

"Leave all thoughts of weakness", said the speaker in conclusion, "and make yourselves stronger and fitter for the task you will be called upon to perform in no distant time. India has a bright history of thousands of years behind her. India is not a nation of cowards. Every page of Indian history is eloquent with the thrilling deeds of bravery for which our ancient kings were noted. Read the history of India, you, young men, and you will be inspired to do the same great deeds as your forefathers did. It is with the yong men of India to shape the future destiny of their motherland."

NEW CIVILIZATION.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas said that India had a great part to play in the affairs of the world. A time would soon arrive when the Western nations would thirst and hunger for ideals which India alone could give. The civilizations of the world were all in a melting pot. Even Bolshevism was not going to offer a solution. The West was in a state of confusion and chaos. The speaker was certain that India was going to supply the world with the solution for all the problems that were tormenting the world. The world wanted a new civilization and it was for India to supply it.

A vote of thanks to the speaker and the chair brought the proceedings to a close.

Government of Bengal has sanctioned another Rs. 30,000 to give grants in aid to various technical institutions.—Free Press.

The Meerut correspondent of "The Leader" Allahabad, States that there have recently been several cases of kidnapping of Hindu children in the city, in two cases, the vicitims were Hindu girles, and the circumstances under which they disappeared are making people anxious regarding the safety of their children.—A. P.

IDEAL OF LINKED LEADERSHIP.

MR. S. IYENGAR'S TRIBUTE TO MAHARASHTRA.

NOT BACKWARD IN PATRIOTISM

BOMBAY, May 13.

"My Maharashtra tour has been very stimulating and helpful to me," said Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar, Congress President, giving his impressions to the Associated Press representative. "The one thing that everywhere impressed me was that Maharashtra public men are fully in touch with the local grievances and are tackling them steadily. I have every faith in Maharashtra, and it is as advanced and as determined to win Swaraj as any other province. The questions which were put at the various informal conferences showed to me how keen and businesslike and efficient Maharashtra is trying to be. One great thing is that there is history in every Ghat and Fort and village and that helps them very considerably to be very patriotic in outlook. I think there is much more real solidarity among the Maharashtra people than I expected to find. Every town and large village has practically its own leader and my ideal of linked leadership is to some extent realised in the Maharashtra. I am very grateful to the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee for the very instructive and useful tour they arranged for me, and the talks I had at most places with friends belonging to different schools of thought."—A. P.

OBJECT OF RAID

VOLLEY OF QUESTIONS IN COMMONS

LONDON, May 13.

It is understood that the object of the raid on Arcos House was to discover the copies of British diplomatic documents which ought not to have passed out of British possession. A number of rifl and life-preservers have been confiscated

In the House of Commons to-day Arthur Henderson asked the Home tary whether it was upon his a that the police raided the pr Arcos Limited or Russian Trad ment and if so for what reas

Si William Joynson-Hicks, was cheered by Ministerialis the information was subm Wednesday evening by police upon which he tion for warrant of sea of Arcos House. The gressing, and he was information for a d

Commander Ker wer to the quest or the Trade Del claring that My. Trade Delegation, plomatic immunity. the Cabinet or the foreig sulted price to the raid.

Sir William Joynson Hicks r he was unable yet to state the exact pos tion of the building where the Trade Delegation was housed. Responsibility for the raid rested with the Home Secretary.

LABOURITES' QUESTIONS.

The Labourites closely questioned Sir William Joynson-Hicks as regards the alleged search of 100 British employees at Arcos House.

Sir William Joynson-Hicks replied that warrant was granted by the magistrate, not by the Home Secretary.

Several Conservative members declared that the Soviet Charge D'Affairs yesterday came straight to the labour Party in the House of Commons instead of going to the Foreign Office, which one, amid Labourite laughter, described as a breach of diplomatic etiquette.

M. Arthur Henderson said the Charge D'Affaires did come to the House of Commons to consult M. Henderson but had previously done his utmost to get into touch with Sir Austen Chamberlain.

The Soviet Embassy has decided immediately formally to protest to the Foreign Office against the raid on Arcos House. M. Rosengoltz, Charge D'Affaires, has arranged to see Sir Austen Chamberlain this afternoon.

MEANING OF "ARCOS."

(Arcos House used to be the headquarters of the All-Russian Co-operative Society, from the initial letters of which the name was made up, and a potion of it was subsequently given over to the Soviet Trade Delegation for its use.)

RED SCOTCH SHINING

GRANITE PILLARS

OF DIFFERENT SIZES

for TEMPLES & PALACES

Ready available from stock.

RAVAL & CO.,

13, Bank St., Fort, BOMBAY.

THE CAPETOWN AGREEMENT ITS FULL SIGNIFICANCE.

ENLARGED OUTLOOK OF SOUTH AFRICAN STATESMAN.

(BY THE RT. HON'BLE V. S. SRINIVASA SASTRI, P.C.)

(The following is the first instalment of the article on the Indian Agreement Mr. Sastri has contributed to the Hindustan Review for April):

The dispute between South Africa and India is as old as Kruger, who has already receded into the dimness of the past. It has several sides and has passed through several phases, but never knew any assuagement till the other day. No settlement which was not the result of a severe armed conflict could, in the circumstances, be final or decide all the points at issue. The recent negotiations at Capetown have achieved no miracle. But they have borne unexpectedly good fruit and, what is more, have brought within the region of probability a satisfactory ending of a controversy that has vexed nearly two generations.

The enlarged outlook of South African statesmen, to which this auspicious turn is due, is indeed a phenomenon deserving of the psychologist's attention. Those who witnessed it do not hesitate to describe it as a real change of heart. It has caused pleasurable surprise to most students fo public affairs. Even the disemoval of a grievance, recognises it in his own way—by refusing to believe it. How is it to be accounted for? Its beginning is clearly traceable to the final part of the work done by the Paddison deputation of last year: when they persuaded the Government of the Union, at a late stage of the Areas Reservation Bill, to suspend its course pending the result of a Round Table Conference between its representatives and those of the Government of India. Sir George Paddison and Mr. G. S. Bajpai must have been gratified at the many tokens of appreciation which they received from leaders of opinion in South Africa on whom they had first impressed the gravity of India's feelings and the necessity of a thorough investigation. Then came the visit of the important Parliamentary deputation headed by Mr. Beyers. In a brief and hurried tour through India these representative South Africans took a measure of India her resources and her peoples, and not only they, but their countrymen throughout South Africa who followed their movements, were profoundly affected by the hospitality and courtesy manifested by Indian Society and by the marvellous self-restraint by which politicians of every shade forbore to make any unpleasant references to the obnoxious Bill, or indeed to any of the numerous quarrels of which it was the culmination. No better witness on this point can be cited than Dr. Malan. In presenting the settlement to the Union Parliament he said: "The invitation from the Government of India, of which we availed ourselves during the recess, to send a representative deputation on a friendly visit to India, prompted by feelings of genuine friendship, has offered to the Government and members of Parliament a much valued opportunity of studying at first hand conditions in India and has been a potent factor in the creation of that atmosphere to which the success of the Conference must be mainly attributed. The hospitality which the members of the deputation received from the Government and the people of India could not be surpassed." The most potent cause, however, was the political evolution of General Hertzog, the present Prime Minister of the Union. The earnestness and innate candour of his nature brought him completely under the spell which England knows how to cast over her political unfriends. The new "status" of his country, hailed as the crowning triumph of his diplomacy, induced a high degree of exultation under the influence of which he was determined to vindicate the enlarged freedom he had acquired in the only way in which it could be vindicated—by magnanimous extension of it to the weak and powerless peoples under his sway, of whom hitherto the Empire had assumed the guardianship.

A feeling of mutual respect and equal association between specially chosen representatives is one thing. good-will and fellowship between communities is another. The first may conclude an agreement; the second alone can carry it into full effect. It is open to doubt whether the public opinion necessary for translating into daily action the ameliorative provisions of the settlement is at present in actual being. A surprising amount of toleration was perceptible at the demonstrations held in honour of the Indian Delegation. For the moment hotels and civic halls opened their doors to the Indian community; they were allowed to sit at meals with whites and speak from the same platforms. Whether this happy understanding is kept up beyond the occasion depends on the care and wisdom with which it is nursed by those blessed souls on the both sides who value peace and goodwill among men.

Of such Mr. C. F. Andrews is the finest exemplar. No praise in the cheapened currency of the day is adequate for the patience, devotion and humblesness of spirit with which this saintly man has gone about on his work of healing and reconciling in all grades of society, among those who wield power and those who are their victims, among politicians, tradesmen, journalists and priests. The settlement was made possible by his exertions; it will be made fruitful by his exertions.

(To Be Continued.)

INDIAN OUTLOOK IN POLITICS

(Continued from Page 8.)

India. The life of the ancient Indians that we find depicted in the Ramayana, the Mahabharata and the other great productions of Indian literature was certainly not an ideal of simplicity and asceticism. A sort of external self-denial and rigorous asceticism now-a-days passes for true Indian spirituality, but asceticism is not at all a specialty of India or of Hinduism and the ascetic ideal is certainly not the highest spiritual ideal known to the ancient Indians. We are so much influenced by Western ideas that even in the study of our great scriptures, the Vedas, the Upanishads and the Gita we follow western lines of thought and read modern ideas and conceptions into those great productions of ancient Indian spirituality. Thus we see that our self-consciousness as a nation is greatly defective. There is the sentiment of Indianism, there is not yet the knowledge. There is a vague idea, there is no definite conception or deep insight. We have yet to know ourselves, what we were, are and may be; what we did in the past and what we are capable of doing in the future, our history and our mission.

WANTED GROWTH FROM WITHIN.

But in this article we are chiefly concerned with the real Indian outlook in politics and it ought to be definitely known that this is essentially different from politics as it is being carried on in Europe and which our modern politicians are so feverishly eager to imitate and follow. Modern European politics has three essential characteresties. First, they form some intellectual ideas about the organisation of Government and society and they think that if everything can be made to fit those ideas—there will be perfection and harmony. These ideas change from time to time—it is aristocracy or democracy, monarchy or republic, socialism, bolshevism or fascism. The more they fail in the application of these ideas the more they cling to them and try by force to fit all circumstances to those ideas, until the whole artificial arrangement crashes down giving place to some other new idea. Our politicians readily adopt catch-words and intellectual ideas from Europe and without reference to their own life and genius they try to introduce them into the country, some cry for Paliamentariaisn, some for Communism, some for Fascism. They should remember that truth has no "isms" in it—they need not be anxious to settle the future constitution of India on paper at once. The creations of truth are very complex, they cannot be stated in any cut and dried formula. Of course there will be some forms—but these will be progressive forms and those forms will vary with varying conditions. What our politicians ought to do now is to concentrate their efforts on creating life in the country and allow the future constitution of India to grow from within.

The second characterestic of European politics is interest. It is interest which gives real force to those intellectual ideas—it is the interest of some particular class or group which determines all political organisations and activities. Some times it was the interest of the aristocrats, then it was the interest of the middle class (which produced the so-called democracy), now it is the interest of the proletariat or the mass which is seeking to rule society. The third characterestic of European politics is machinery. The Europeans depend on mechanical organisations and think that all their troubles and difficulties will disappear if only they can perfect the machinery of Government or society.

"The genius of India" as I wrote in a previous article, "is quite different. She depends more on life than on machines. The conception of life adopted by the ancient Indian politicians was to allow the free growth of life in all sorts of autonomous centres." Then there was the idea of function, of *dharma*. Every centre, every group had a function to fulfil, a *dharma* and the conditions were sought to be made favourable for the fulfilment of this *dharma* by all. The most difficult thing, however, was to harmonise these various centres—so that they might not conflict with each other. This task was left to the Raja, i.e., the Central Government. This Government did not seek to thrust its own law, its own ideas upon the whole people—it allowed the people to grow in their own way; it only held the power to remove the conflict and friction between the different centres of life and evolve a harmonious whole out of the diverse autonomous centres of life. This was sought to be done by boards with a Minister at the head of each—every board being responsible for a particular department. No department of life was left out. Thus it was a sort of a bureaucratic organisation—though it did not sit on the heart of the people like a dead-weight as the present Government and thus crush all life out of them.

The first historical empire, that of Chandragupta, was organised on those principles and the main structure, through it has greatly deteriorated in many respects, has lasted to the present day. That must have been a very remarkable construction which has lasted for two thousand years through all vicissitudes. The Guptas continued the system which was afterwards taken up by the Moghul emperors who placed the Central Asiatic stamp on it. The idea of the absolute monarch was unknown in India—it was brought by the Mahommedans. Thus Buddha's father was not a king but only an elected president.

After the Moghuls, the British took up the frame which had lasted through all these centuries. It is for this reason that foreign ideas, foreign institutions are not fitting in with the life of the people, in whose subconsciousness there still remain the essentials of the ancient Indian organisation.

Arya Office,
Pondicherry.

A GREAT SUCCESS
OF
AMRIT AUSHADHALAYA

LUCORIA LOTION:—Successful remedy for Ladies suffering from serious monthly diseases. Price Rs. **2/8**/- per bottle.

SPRU:—Hopeless patient gets a new life by use of only one bottle of 25 Tabloids. Price Rs. **10**/-

FEVER PILLS:—Instant relief from any kind of Fever, such as Malaria, Septic, Influenza etc. A bottle of 25 Pills. Price Rupee one only.

GONORRHOEA:—Certified remedy, oldest disease curable—Try it to-day. 25 Pills Rs. **2**/-

SYPHILIS:—**Visfotak Pills** for Syphilis. Guaranteed Cure in seven days Price for 7 Pills Rs. **35**/-

NOTE:—All classes of Patients suffering from any serious diseases will be given successful treatment.

Please Note Time:—**8 A. M. to 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. to 6 P. M.** (B. T.)

Proprietor: R. J. PATEL 21, Pydhonie Road, Khedak Bombay. No. 3.

Sole Agents:—**Messrs. CHAMPSI NAIN & Co.**, Princess Street, Bombay No. 2.

SHIPPING.

May 13.

ARRIVALS.

S. S. Khosrou, Hemah, Jeddah.
S. S. Razmak, Browning, Aden.
S. S. Pusha, Oakeshot,, Calcutta.

May 14.

DEPARTURE.

S. S. Bussano, Harrison, Mormagoo.
S. S. Lio, Hannel, Mormagoo.
S. S. Tamba Maru, Hedeshima, Kobe.
S. S. Jalaputra, Owens, Karachi.
S. S. Razmak, Browning, Aden.
S. S. British Soldier, Gove, Abadan.

LOADING.

May 13.

Steacer Varela for Busrah.
Steamer Khosrou for Jeddah.
Steacer Pusha, for Java.
Steamer Van, for Australia.

S. S. Khosrou:—The T. M. Co's steamer Khosrou, arrived in harbour yesterday from Jeddah, with a general cargo.

S. S. Pusha:—The T. M. Co.'s steamer Pusha, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S. S. Bussano:—The J. F. Co.'s steamer Bussano, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Marmagoa, with same bottom cargo.

S. S. Tamba Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Tamba Maru, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Kobe, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Lio:—The S. O. Co.'s steamer Lio, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Marmagoa, with same bottom cargo.

S. S. Jalaputra:—The Scindia S. N. Co.'s steamer Jalaputra, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Karachi, with a general cargo.

S. S. British Soldier:—The Shaw Wallace Co.'s steamer British Soldier, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Abadan, with a general cargo.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

The P. and O. Co.'s English mail steamer Razmak, will sail to-day from Ballard Pier Station at about 1 (p.m.) for Aden, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

AFRICAN MAIL REPORT.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s mail steamer Khandala, will arrive to-day from Durban etc., with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

Energy all day long

Every time you move or think you use up a certain amount of energy. That wastage of energy goes on all day long. Only from nourishment can that wastage of energy be made good.

"Ovaltine" is a delicious food beverage which supplies in abundance the nourishment you need for giving energy and repairing tissue wastage. No other food is so rich in those essential food elements.

"Ovaltine" is prepared from malt, milk and cocoa. Make "Ovaltine" your daily beverage and enjoy health and energy all day long.

"Ovaltine" is untouched by hand.

OVALTINE

TONIC FOOD BEVERAGE

Builds up Brain, Nerve and Body

P.I.57

Sold by all Chemists and Stores

INDIAN FOREST SERVICE

EXAM FOR ADMISSION IN JULY

The supplement to the Bombay Government Gazette republishes the Government of India notification announcing that a competitive examination for admission to the Indian Forest Service will be held at Delhi beginning on Monday the 18th July 1927. Candidates must have attained the age of 19 and must not have attained the age of 23 on the 1st April 1927. For full particulars attention is invited to the regulations published in the Gazette. Applications must be submitted before the 1st June 1927 to the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Bombay, from whom forms of application etc. may be obtained.

SIR SIDNEY COLVIN DEAD

RUGBY, May 12.

Death occurred in London last night, of Sir Sidney Colvin, the distinguished art and literary critic aged 81. He was a close friend of Robert Louis Stevenson whose works he edited.—B. O. W.

FREE FREE FREE
RADIUMIZED HEALTH PAD

A new and wonderfully efficacious, drugless remedy for Bladder, Kidney and Prostrate troubles, weak heart and lungs, Blood disorders, Constipation, Diabetes, Debility, Sexual decline and other organic diseases. Stimulates energy, restores vitality, conquers disease.

FREE Descriptive Booklet from the Sole Distributors:

BURMAN BROS. & Co.

P. Box 136, LAHORE.

ADOPTION OF CHILDREN IN ENGLAND

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—About six months ago it was announced in the papers that the House of Commons was discussing the question of introducing a Bill with a view to legalise the adoption of children by parents who had no children of their own. Will you or any of your readers kindly refer me to the newspapers or boks in which up-to-date information on the point can be found? It would be interesting and instructive to compare the ancient law of adoption in the East with the modern law of adoption in the West, and would constitute a correcting commentary on Kipling's dictum "East is East and West is West, etc.," Yours eac.

CURIOSITY.

"SHATRUNJAYA DISPUTE."

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—We beg to draw your attention to the article that appeared in your issue of 11th May under the heading "Satrunjaya Dispute". There is no truth in that report.

We shall therefore thank you to give this matter the same prominence and publicity and oblige.—Yours etc.

(Signature Illegible)
Pratap Sing

MOTALALBHAI.
The Managing Representatives,
Seth Anandji Kalianji.

AHMEDABAD, May 11.

The article referred to was a Free Press message from Bangalore stating:—

It is understood attempts are being made to arrive at a satisfactory settlement in regard to the Shatrunjaya Hill dispute between the Durbar of Palitana and the Jains.

Sir Manubhai Mehta, the ex-Dewan of Baroda is advising the firm of Messrs. Aanadji Kalayanji in the matter.

The Jains of Bangalore, it is reported, have placed their case before the Maharajah of Mysore, who, it is said, is a relation of the Ruler of Palitana. The Maharaja it is reported, has sent for Sir Prbhashankar Pattani, the Dewan of Palitana and it is understood a conference will be held at Nandi Hills when Mahatma Gandhi will be present, between the Dewan of Palitana, Trustees of Anandji Kalyanji and represetatives of Jains, to arrive at a compromise. Editor "B.C."

Endurance
At work or play, in sickness or in health, endurance counts. The healthful stimulation of
HORLICKS
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
LTD.
is just the help you need on the high road to success or recovery. Horlicks is made in a moment with hot or cold water
In 4 sizes of all Chemists and Stores

SALIENT FACTORS IN COTTON

MR. THEO. H. PRICE SAYS,

A SHARP ADVANCE POSSIBLE.

The Weekly report under signature of Mr. Theo. H. Price dated New York 9th April reads as undeh.—

The cotton market was temporarily beclouded last week by the failure of a great Japanese trading concern whose liabilities are said to exceed 250,000,000 dollars. It was rumoared that the concern in question was a large holder of both sugar and cotton and the fear that its holdings of these commodities might have to be summarily liquidated caused a temporary decline in both markets. But the decline was recovered when it was announced that a group of Japanese banks had come to the rescue and as this is written the equipoise of the cotton market appears to have been re-established.

It could hardly have been otherwise, for the season's export movement of cotton now exceeds nine million bales and the indications are that at least eleven million bales of America cotton (linters included) will be shipped abroad during the twelve months ending the 31st of July next. As it is now fairly certain that the American consumption will be about eight million bales (linters included), it is evident that the cotton trade has achieved a new record in demonstrating its ability to absorb nineteen million bales of American cotton at a price level much above that at which it had been previously supposed that so large a quantity could be disposed of.

This is the outstanding fact of the season. It is unlikely that the world fully appreciates its significance, but if anything should happen to the crop now being planted, it will provide those who are bullishly inclined with an unassailable hypothesis upon which an aggressive campaign for higher prices can be based.

For these reasons the outlook for the next crop is becoming more important day by day. All that can be said of it thus far is the heavy rains in many parts of the south have delayed planting; that overflows are being reported in many parts of the Mississppi Valley, that fertilizer sales during March were but 998,000 tons as against 1,133,000 tons in March, 1926 and that most observers agree that the boll weevil arere-emerging in larger numbers than was the case last year or the year before. As to the acreage, experts differ, but the average of public opinion would probably concede a reduction of at least ten per cent, and while this is rather less than had been calculated upon some months ago, it is realized that the area planted is less important than the weather and that the "per acre" yield rather than the acreage sown will be the controlling factor.

From this brief summary of the situation its latent possibilities may be inferred.

The only bearish factor worth considering is the revolution in China, and there are indications that it is approaching a crisis out of which an orderly and responsible national Government may emerge. If this hope shall be realized, a period of great economic development will follow in the Far East and many far-sighted merchants who know conditions in the Orient are already working upon the theory that we shall soon see a consummation so devoutly to be wished.

Meantion, it is worth noting that trade throughout the British Empire appears to be improving, and it is admitted that the American market for cotton goods is in a better condition than it has been in years. There is in fact a distinct reversion towards the use of cotton abrics for apparel, and a gentleman whose busniess it is to study the advertisements of the department stores says that cotton goods are now being featured more generally and extensively than for years. Concurrently, the East Indian Mills continue to take American cotton, and if the world should come to believe that the crop now being planted will not exceed fifteen or sixteen million bales, a sharp advance will probably be seen.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London. May 12.

T.T. Berlin on London	20.50
T.T. Amsterdam on London	12.14
T.T. Brussels on London	34.96
T.T. Madrid on London	27..52
T.T. Milan on London	89.55
T.T. Berne on London	25.26
T.T. Paris on London	124.02
T.T. London on Prague	164.06

Shortest Way to Swaraj

"CHRONICLE" PRIZE COMPETITION

20 such Coupons entitle for entry to the "Chronicle" Essay Competition.

THE EAST INDIA COTTON ASSN. LTD.

BOMBAY WEEKLY STATISTICS.

Bombay 13th May 27.

Description.	Spot 12-5-27	prices. 5-5-27
Bengals F. G. ..	282	279
S/Punjab F. G. ..	279	276
Rajputana F. G. ..	282	279
Broach F. G. ..	313	314
P/American F. G ..	323	324
Kadi/Viramgaum F. G.	322	323
Dholleras F. G. ..	317	318
Surat F, G. ..	358	359
Navsari F. G. ..	373	374
Oomra Fine ..	298	298
C. P. No. 1 Fine ..	312	310
C. P. No. 2 Fine ..	305	304
Khandesh F. G. ..	289	288
Muttia F. G. ..	287	286
Southerns Gd. ..	320	322
Bijapore Gd. ..	315	317
Bagalkote Gd. ..	330	332
Compta Gd. ..	342	344
Tinnevellies G. D. ..	353	..
Karungannies G. D. ..	365	..
Cambodias Gd. ..	370	372

Futures.

Hedge Contracts	12-5-27	5-5-27
Bengals May	282	278
Dec/Jan'28	271	279
Broach April/May	311	312
July/Aug	316	316
April/May '28	319	320
Oomra F./May	298	297
July	302	301
Dec/Jan'28	301	302
Southern May/June	318	320

Receipts for the week ending 12th May.

	1927. Bales.	1926 Bales.
Bengals	1944	4865
Oomras	9131	8690
Dholleras	5641	8313
Broach	20573	1130
Southerns	9176	21760
Persians	..	113
Americans	21179	..
Egyptians	366	43
E. Africans	3827	1227
Other sorts	..	..
Total	71840	46141

Exports for the week ending 12 th May

	Bales
United Kingdom	3106
Continent	12355
China	..
Japan	40822
Coast Ports	1700
Total	57983

AFLOAT IN HARBOUR.

Europe	2606
China Japan & Coast Ports ..	21317
Total	23923

Receipts from 1st Sept. to 12th May.

1926-27	1925-26	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23
2542348	2882701	3105509	3004203	3150175

Exports from 1st Sept. to 12th May.

	1926-27	1925-26
United Kingdom ..	9974	39517
Continent	260825	405891
China	160912	326357
Japan	1058380	1116299
Coast Ports	17519	21096
U. S. A.	726	1450
Total	1508336	1910610

	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23
United Kingdom	45453	137836	103770
Continent ..	474946	799772	553453
China	240976	177163	318036
Japan	1240168	1108736	1415833
Coast Ports ..	16782	47070	43147
U. S. A. ..	9329		
Total	2027654	2269077	2434239

Total exports by rail 1st Spt. 1926 to 12th May 1927 92,067 bales. Estimated Mill Consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept. 1926 to 12th May 1927 67,2570 bales.

Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters,Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 12th May 1927.....67,2736 Bales

INDIAN CENTRAL COTTON COMMITTEE.

AMERICAN COTTON IMPORTS.

	Bales.
Purchases of American Cotton to arrive in India 1st sept 26 to 31st Aug. 27	302100
American cotton arrived in India 1st Sept. '26 to 12th May '27	*217705
American cotton at sea for India	65374

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET:

London, May 12.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25, c and f Calcutta.
June per cwt 16|6.
July|Sept per cwt 16|4-1|2.
Oct Dec. per cwt 16|6.
c and f Bombay:
July|Sept per cwt 16|6-1|4.
c and f Karachi:
July|Sept per cwt 16|7

LONDON RUBBER.

London, May 12.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed lb. Spot:
Buyres 1|7-3|4.
Sellers 1|7-7|8.
Pale Crepe lb. Spot:
Buyers 1|7-3-4.
Sellers 1|7-7|8.

LONDON PRDDUCE.

London, May 1

Cottonseed Bombay:—
May|June shipment quoted £9|2|6.
Castorseed Bombay:—
May|June shipment offered £18|5|0.
Rapeseed Toria ton:—
May|June shipment quoted £20.7|6.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS

[Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association.)
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
May 13.

	Per lb	Rs.	a.	p.
KHADI:—				
Textile	„	0	11	3
Century	„	0	11	0
Jacob	„	0	11	0
E. D. Sassoon	„	0	10	9
Apollo	„	0	10	9
LONG CLOTH (Full weight) 34/40 In;				
Standard Mill ..	Per lb	0	15	0
Century 91 1/2-92 1/2 ..	„	0	15	3
Century 6404-8705 ..	„	0	15	9
Hindustan Mill ..	„	0	15	3
Fazal (Mahal) ..	„	0	15	0
Phoneix	„	0	15	6
Pabaney (Phoolmala) ..	„	0	14	6
Maneckji (Patangia) ..	„	0	15	0
Kaliamardan ..	„	0	15	0
Daud Sahib	„	0	14	6
Ganga Ghat	„	0	14	9
LONG CLOTH(Light weigh)No. 5202/5303				
Rachael Mill	„	1	0	0
Hindustan Mill	„	0	15	6
David Mill	„	1	0	0
Apollo Mill	„	0	15	9
Moon Mill	„	0	15	9
LONG CLOTHx Quality:—				
Swan Finlay	„	0	15	3
Gold Mohor	„	0	14	6
LONG CLOTH Satin Calender 34-42 In:—				
Textile (Hand) ..	per lb.	0	15	0
Spring (Merchant) ..	„	0	15	0
Century (Bugle)	„	0	14	6
Apollo (Pyala)	„	0	14	6
Tata Mill (Darji)	„	0	14	6
Sakuntala	„	0	14	6
Sundari Brand	„	0	14	3
Globe	„	0	14	3
Rachael	„	0	14	0
Palkhi	„	0	14	3
Maher	„	0	14	9
Kechhwa	„	0	14	6
LEPAD:—				
Spring	„	0	15	0
Textile	„	0	15	0
Century	„	0	14	6
DHOOTIES 7, 8, 9 Yards:—				
Spring (Balance) ..	„	1	0	3
Jacob	„	1	0	0
Century	„	1	0	0
Mun Mill	„	1	0	6
DHOOTIES 10 Yards:—				
Spring (Balance) ..	„	0	15	3
Century	„	1	0	0
Jacob	„	0	15	0
Mun Mill	„	0	15	9
1386 Tata	„	2	12	0
CHECK GREY DRILL x lbs. 5:—				
Bombay Cotton ..	Per piece	3	12	0
Jamshed	„	3	12	0
Century	„	4	2	0
Pearl Pabaney ..	„	4	2	0
Hindustan No. 962	„	4	3	6
BLACK CHECK				
5800 Sholapur ..	„	10	0	0
58000 Kurla ..	„	8	2	0
1325 Morarji ..	„	5	6	0
GABRUN No. 5124				
Pearl Pabaney ..	„	7	6	0
Hindustan ..		7	6	0
E. D. Rachael ..	„	6	4	0
SALITA:—				
Century	„	0	14	6
Spring (Merchant)	„	0	14	6
STRIPPED SADIS Yards 12:—				
777 Kohinoor	Per piece	2	5	0
777 Crescent ..	„	2	3	6
Apollo David ..	„	2	3	6
DUKDI Yards 12-13-14:—				
Kanta	per lb	1	2	0
Phoenix	„	1	2	0
Kohinoor	„	1	2	0
Tata	„	1	2	0

LINSEED.

London, May 12.

Linseed Calcutta, ton:—
May|June shipment buyers £18|7|6.
June|July shipment buyers £18|7|6.
Linseed La Plata c.i.f. ton:—
June|July shipment Hull paid £16|11 3.
Linseed, Bombay ton:—
May|June shipment offered £19-5-0.

LINSEED OIL.

London, May 12.

Linseed Oil naked London cwt.—
May|Aug. delibery buyers 32|3.
Sep|Dec. delivery buyers 33|3.

COFFEE.

New York, May 12.

Coffee Fair Rio (No. 7 qutlity) Spot: 15-5|16.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS.

London May 12.

Total Bullion	£154,000,000
Public Deposits	£ 12,800,000
Other Deposits	£102,100,000
Government Securities	£ 47,800,000
Other Securities	£ 47,200,000
Notes and Coin	£ 37,500,000
Currency Notes Outstanding	£ 276,400,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	32.68 p.c.

DEMAND BILLS.

Demand Bills 485.50

New York, May 12.

LONDON SILVER.

London, May 12.

Silver:—Market quiet.
Spot 26
Forward .....25-7|8

LONDON GOLD.

London, May 12.

Bar Gold Fine per oz. £4|4|11-1|2.

THE WEATHER

RAIN IN BURMA

SIMLA, May 13.

The monsoon continues to be strong in the South of the Bay of Bengal. Unsettled conditions in the Andaman Sea caused nearly general rain in Lower Burma. The seasonal trough of low pressure in Northern India is more marked to-day over the central parts of the country. Widespread rain has fallen in North-East India.

The western disturbance lies this morning over the Punjab, and dust or thunderstorms have occurred in and around Rajputana.

A few falls are reported from South Madras.

Chief amounts are:—Port Blair one inch, Victoria Point half, Tavoy two, Moulmein and Akyab three-quarters, Teepur, and Dhubri two, Barisal three-quarters Jessore two Calcutta and Burdwan half, Berhampore three-quarters, Jalpaiguri one and a half, Balasore half, and Purnea and Jodhpur quarter.

Forcast; Decrease in Bengal, Bihar and Orissa.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

FOR THE 13TH MAY, 1927.

Summary of observations recorded at 8hours on Friday, the 13th May 1927, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are most clear. The air is drier than usual in the north and east of the province. Maximum temperature was locally above normal; the minimum was lower than usual in the submontane districts. The highest temperature in the province yesterday was 112 deg. at Multan.

The United Provinces.—Skies are moderately clouded over the west of the province and clear over the east. Humidity is locally in defect. Maximum temperature was higher and the minimum lower than usual at Mainpuri. The thermometer rose yesterday to 110deg. at Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Jodhpur has had 0.18 inch of rain and Ajmere a light fall. Skies are lightly clouded over Sind, lightly to moderately clouded over east Rajputana and clear over west Rajputana. Humidity is in excess in upper Sind and in defect in north-east Rajputana. Maximum temperature was almost normal in the division; the minimum was higher than usual at Jaipur and lower at most other places in Rajputana. Jacobabad recorded yesterday a maximum temperature of 113 deg.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear over Central India West, lightly clouded over Cutch and north Gujarat and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Deesa and Indore and in defect at Neerauch and Rajkot. Day temperature was below normal in Cutch and south Gujarat; night temperature was almost as usual throughout the division. The highest temperature in the division yesterday was 108 deg. at Ahmedabad.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear over Berar and in general lightly to moderately clouded over the rest of the province. Humidity is in excess in the west of the area and in defect in the southeast. Maximum temperature did not differ much from the normal; the minimum was higher than usual in the east of the province. The thermometer rose yesterday to 113deg. at Chanda.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded and moisture in the air is as usual. Temperature remained almost normal and attained at Bombay a maximum value of 91deg.1 (normal) and a minimum value of 81deg.0 (1deg. above normal).

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded over the north of the division and lightly to moderately clouded over the south. Humidity is generally in excess in the Bombay Deccan and the adjacent parts of Hyderabad and in defect in east Hyderabad. Both maximum and minimum temperatures were higher than usual at Hyderabad, while the minimum alone was lower at Aurangabad and Ahmednagar. The thermometer rose yesterday to 109deg. at Nizamabad and Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—Dust or thunderstorms are reported from several stations in northwest India. Thunder-storms have decreased in the south of the Peninsula. A few falls of rain have occurred in Rajputana and Malabar. The only amount which remains to be mentioned is 0.1 inch at Cochin.

Forecast.—Large change is not likely next 24 hours.

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, May 12.

Barletta Russo per 63 lb:—
May|June shipment sellers 53|3.
Rorazio Santa Fe, per 63 lb:—
May|June shipment sellers 54|3.
Wheat Australian:—
May|June shipment sellers 55.
Wheat Choice White Karachi:—
May|June shipment paid and sellers 54|6.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, May 12.

Interest Day to Day Loans	3-5|8 p.c.
Interest 7 Days' Market Loans	3-1|2 p.c.
Bank Bills 3 months	3 23|32 p.c.
Bank Bills 6 months	3-3|4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4-3 4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	5 p.c.

A physician writes in the "Medical Press and Circular":
"Sanatogen has an immediate and remarkable effect shown by a steady increase of strength and energy."
Hullo!
What's the trouble—Nerves?
"Now really, is there anything to cry about?"
"Oh, I feel so unhappy."
"Yes, so I see. But crying without any real cause can only mean one thing: Nerves. You should try Sanatogen for a few weeks. It will brace you up wonderfully and once your nerves and blood are right you will feel yourself again—more disposed to laugh than to cry. And it will give you new appetite too, and bring colour to your cheeks. It has done that very thing for me."
Dame Sarah Grand, Mayoress of Bath, writes:
"Nothing ever does me so much good when I am run-down as Sanatogen. It has set me up and kept me up again and again."
And Miss Olga Nethersole, founder of the People's League of Health, writes:
"It is with great pleasure that I recommend Sanatogen, having greatly benefited by its effects."
Sanatogen infuses into the cells of blood and nerves exactly those elements—phosphorus and albumin—from which bodily health and nerve strength are derived. Over 24,000 physicians have written enthusiastic letters about the success they obtained with Sanatogen.
SANATOGEN
The True Tonic-Food
When you feel nervous or run-down, take Sanatogen for a few weeks and feel the difference in your own health.
Obtainable at all chemists and stores.

To Quickly Get Rid of SCIATICA

There are many things capable of giving temporary relief from the agony of Sciatica, but you will find that De Witt's Pills do much more than this. They reach the cause of the trouble. They enable your kidneys to dispose of the uric acid that is irritating the great sciatic nerve and thus completely banish your pain.

You need not hesitate to try De Witt's Pills. They have been used successfully for upwards of forty years and many thousands of people praise them as a reliable and speedy remedy for Sciatica and all ailments due to an excess of uric acid in the blood.

Ask your Chemist To-day for

De WITT'S

KIDNEY AND BLADDER

PILLS

USED WITH SUCCESS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD FOR OVER FORTY YEARS

The circular enclosed in every box gives full directions for the use of De Witt's Pills, and they may be taken with confidence and safety by men, women and children. *De Witt's Pills are never touched by hand and they contain no animal fats nor any harmful or habit-forming drugs.* Take them for *Scalding Pains, Rheumatism, Urinary Disorders, Backache, Bladder Trouble, Lumbago, Sciatica, or Painful Joints* and in every case they will give prompt relief and quickly effect a cure. Your nearest chemist sells De Witt's Pills and the moderate price places them within your easy reach. Ask for a box to-day.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY

TO

THE SUFFERERS OF ACUTE PILES

Cancer, Diabetes, Venereal and all sorts of other diseases. Success Guaranteed.

WONDERFUL INVENTION

BY—GOLD MEDALIST

Dr. M. J. KATARIA

To cure Piles without any operation by application only
WITHOUT CONFINING PATIENTS TO BED.
No failure up-to-now.

Thousands of unsolicited Testimonials from Judges, Solicitors, Doctors and other prominent persons can be seen at our Dispensary.

READ TWO CERTIFICATES IN OUR SATURDAY'S ADVERTISEMENT.

CHARGES EXTREMELY MODERATE.

WHY DO YOU SUFFER?

Pay a visit To-day. It costs nothing.

APPLY—

Dr. M. J. KATARIA,

159, Gulalwady, BOMBAY No. 4.

What do you say
To a Really Fashionable

SALOON of SWEETMEAT?

Of course,

THE WELL-KNOWN

KAMRUDIN EBRAHIMJI

Will Cater to the Most Fastidious Taste.

EUROPEANS, PARSEES, MAHOMEDANS

All Flock to His

ROYAL FANCY SWEETMEAT SALOON

AT

CRAWFORD MARKET, Baria Mansions,

WHERE

A HUGE EXHIBITION

of Assortment of - - - NATIVE SWEETS will be Seen.

Amongst These

OUR ESSENCE HALVAS

Are Most in Requisition.

Other Two Shops at

GRANT ROAD and NULL BAZAR.

PROPRIETOR **KAMRUDIN EBRAHIMJI.**

GANDHIJI'S NURSES.

LAWYERS WORKING AS COOKS

LIFE ON NANDI HILLS.

Mr. Mahadoe Desai writing in "Young India" about Mahatma Gandhi's health, states:—

Those whom Gandhiji used to call his jailers during those hurricane tours have now become his nurses, though even now when he is impatient with them he calls them by their former name. Until the 20th April the nurse was Gangadharrao, who seemed to be weighed down under the Cross that was hard to bear. He insisted on making his own arrangements in the bungalow given us by the Chief of Savantvadi and not only nursed Gandhiji with tender care, but has come to Nandi to share the burden with Sjt. Rajagopalachari. The latter is now the head nurse, but it is about the nurses working under him that I am penning these lines. These are the number of young men from Chikballapur and Bangalore who have been serving Gandhiji and his party with devoted care and attention. It seems the Chikballapur people insisted on meeting the expenses of Gandhiji's stay at Nandi, and in consultation with Sjt. Rajagopalachari, have formed a regular establishment of workers to look after the arrangements here. These include vakils who do not disdain to work in the kitchen. Sjt. Rajaram Iyer, a graduate who has left the Bangalore Institute for Khadi work, is the chief, so to say, under whom the volunteers work as scullions. These volunteers are drawn from the colleges and schools at Bangalore, all overflowing with devotion and enthusiasm and ready to undertake the lowliest tasks. It seems scores of students have offered themselves for this service, and every week a fresh batch comes to relieve the preceding batch. I might mention one or two instances of the anxious care with which the Chikballapur people have looked to even the smallest details. The hood over the chair that brought Gandhiji to the hill was made of Khadi, and even the chair-bearers wore Khadi. The Municipality sent up a special scavenger for us dressed in Khadi, and the barber coming from Chikballapur also wears Khadi. 'Who got you this Khadi dress,' Gandhiji once asked the barber, suspecting that the Reception Committee had probably gone out of its way in furnishing him up with Khadi. The barber was surprised. When the question was explained to him, he said he had himself got his clothes made of Khadi, of course out of his reverence for Gandhiji. No wonder those very things,—the devoted service of the young men, and the solicitude of the people,—make Gandhiji more than ever impatient to get to work again.

'What have we done to deserve all this service?' is the question that is always in his mind, and that he always loves to ask the people about him who with infinitesimally less deserts enjoy the fruits of that service.

THE NURSES' TASK.

That makes the nurses' task all the more difficult. They appreciate Gandhiji's feeling, but they appreciate the public feeling even more, that on no account should Gandhiji be drawn to work before he has thoroughly recouped himself. To add to their trouble, old Dr. Arumugam who came the other day examined Gandhiji and said: 'You are quite all right, sir. You may do as much walking and work as you like and can. These your attendants should not come in the way of it. They are unnecessarily alarmed. Possibly they are badly in need of treatment themselves!' This was no doubt to reassure Gandhiji and the nurses both, but Gandhiji took the doctor too literally and trounced the nurses for not having always respected his wishes. It was a terrible hour, and the talk was too sacred to be reported here. But it led the nurses furiously thinking as to whether they should continue to serve or abdicate. 'I am the jailer, but the prisoner may dismiss him any moment,' said Sjt. Rajagopalachari at the end of the day, 'but so long as I am the jailer, I must take the necessary precautions in order that the improvement in your health may be kept up.' 'No question of dismissal,' said Gandhiji considerably mollified.' 'I am a good patient, and I must respect the nurses' wishes, if often under protest.' "But," said the nurse, "'under protest' should not mean that you should ze brooding aver a demand which has been refused you. If you are good, you will refuse to think of the demand after it has been refused. Otherwise we would rather satisfy the demand and take the risk, than invite the graver one of raising your pressure." 'Well, I promise not to think of them. But I may tell you that there are certain things on which there is going to be no surrender. Whatever happens I must finish the Karnatak and Tamilnad programmes. They made all preparations and I am not going to disappoint them. I shall not insist on further programmes during the year, excepting perhaps Orissa, but these must be gone through, and for that purpose I shall stay in these parts as long as it may be necessary.'

RECREATION.

That was quite all right. Gandhiji had been more considerate than the nurses had expected, and thus encouraged, one of them quietly made a proposal one day: 'Would you not keep a day of rest? Not Monday, for in spite of silence or because of it, you work the most that day. One day should be entirely given to recreation. No work, no writing, only play.'

'Like backgammon, or whilst or bridge, or pingpong?' asked Gandhiji laughing.

'No.'

'Then what else? He who makes the suggestion must make a definite proposal.'

'I shall think of it.' Seeing that there was a slight pause, Gandhiji said:

'So your proposal has ended in smoke! It cannot be otherwise. What can you suggest where all work is play and all play must be work?'

'I do not mean play in that sense. I mean complete relaxation.'

'Well, then, shall I suggest one-thing? Get me a carpenter's tool box and broken spinning wheels and I shall repair them, or crooked spindles, and I shall make them straight.'

'No,' said the nurse laughing. 'It must be some new interest. You are thinking of spinning the whole day and even while you are mending the wheel you will be thinking of the same thing.'

"You know Sir Jhn Gorst's definition of recreation? 'Recreation,' he said, 'is change of occupation.' And that would be very good recreation for me. But if you like, I am quite ready to make cabinets and chests of drawers as I used to do in South Africa. Or stitching caps?"

"That would be perfect and then we can sell those 'Gandhi' caps."

'Yes, perfect. You know in South Africa I stitched jackets for Mrs. Gandhi, and whether she felt comfortable in them or no, she wore them. Ask her. Even if she did not wear them, she cannot have forgotten that I made them for her!'

The proposal did not end in smoke, but in hearty laughter, and laughter is certainly good for patients. Consolation enough for the nurses.

VIRAMGAM CUSTOMS LINE.

REPRESENTATION TO VICEROY AGAINST ITS REVIVAL.

The President of the Kathiawar Hitwardhak Sabha has sent the following representation to H.E. the Viceroy, through the Agent to the Governor-General in the States of Western India, protesting against the revival of Viramagam Customs Line by the British Government:—

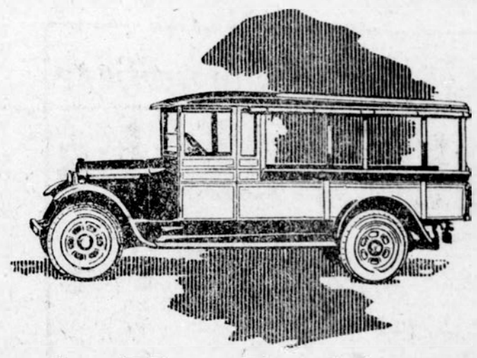
"I am directed by the Executive Committee of the Kathiawar Hitvardhak Sabha to submit this humble representation to Your Excellency in connection with the contemplated revival of the Viramgam Customs Line, which, after due deliberation and exchange of views with the maritime States of Kathiawar, was abolished in 1917 as it had been a constant source of vexation, trouble, hardship and humiliation to the people of the whole of Kathiawar as well as to the thousands who visited the Province on business, pilgrimage or otherwise.

My Committee understands that the main reasons for establishing the Line again are first, the agitation of the merchants of Bombay, Calcutta and other parts of British India against the alleged unfair attraction of trade to Kathiawar Ports and secondly the losses in customs revenue of the British Government owing to the diversion of trade through these Ports.

We beg most earnestly to assure Your Excellency in Council that the whole of Kathiawar without distinction of caste or creed and belonging to all stations in life from the highest to the lowest, have heard with the greatest anxiety and dismay the report of the rehabilitation of the Viramgam Line.

In this matter the Kathiawar public do not blame the maritime States for doing anything calculated to force the British Government to open the Viramgam Line in self-defence. If we are rightly informed all the maritime States of Kathiawar entered into an agreement with the British Government in 1917 whereby under certain conditions their ports were accorded, the privileges of a British Port. It is not alleged that any of these conditions are broken by any of the States but if it be so, it is the guilty State which should be made answerable, not that the whole Kathiawar public should be punished by reviving the horrors of the Viramgam Line. It is said that the agreement left it open to the British Government to reconsider the whole matter if its fiscal interests suffered too much. But we do not think that the Government thereby meant that the maritime States were not to develop their ports and the trade in these ports to the extent that they were capable of; otherwise the agreement would have no meaning whatsoever.

We have read the speech of the Hon. the Finance Member in which he showed a progressive rise in the customs revenue of British India in the last three years. We have also read elsewhere that the general trade at British Indian ports has on the whole improved. They therefore are forced to the reluctant conclusion that those are called losses which but for the privileges of British ports given to the Kathiawar ports would have swelled the customs revenue of the British Government. We humbly submit that because the Indian States have been subjected to British customs hitherto and because we living in Indian States have been indirectly taxed in the past for the benefit of British India they are no reasons for continuing the process when it is opposed to justice and fairness and the natural rights of the Indian States and their subjects to take what legitimately and properly belongs to them. We beg to repeat our most earnest and respectful prayer that whatever the reasons may be good, strong or otherwise, the Viramgam Line will not be revived."



Trucks That Do The Work

When men and equipment are put to the test, it is power, strength and reliability that count.

These are the very qualities most desirable in commercial hauling for any business.

Give Graham Brothers Trucks or Buses hard jobs that take unyielding endurance and they *do the work*. They do it at low cost throughout their long lives.

Graham Brothers Trucks, with Dodge Brothers ¾-Ton Commercial Cars, meet 91% of all hauling requirements

1-Ton chassis .. .. .. Rs. 3,850;
1½-ton chassis .. .. .. Rs. 5,500;
2-ton chassis .. .. .. Rs. 6,250;
Delivered Bombay.

Sole Agents:—

BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY, LTD.

16, New Queen's Road, - - - - - - BOMBAY.

Branches at Lahore, Karachi and Nagpur.

GRAHAM BROTHERS TRUCKS AND BUSES

SOLD BY DODGE BROTHERS DEALERS EVERYWHERE

THE LARGEST ORGANISATION OF ITS KIND IN INDIA.

POWELL'S BELTS & TRUSSES.

BELTS: for Pregnancy, Accouchment, Umbelical Hernia, Floating Kidney and general Support are manufactured at our place. All kinds of Men's Belts are ready in stock.

TRUSSES: are manufactured by us in a very scientific way and are the best in shape and quality and are guaranteed to give entire satisfaction to the users. Our unsurpased Factory which is the only one of its kind in India and other facilities at our command enable us to meet the requirements of our clients in the most satisfactory manner.

It is a well-known fact that we are the PIONEERS in the manufacture of Deformity Appliances, Artificial Limbs, Belts, Trusses and have contributed more than any one else towards the amelioration of the suffering humanity. Our forty years' experience in this line is at the service of our customers. We have now become so much perfect in the manufacture of these articles that from the year 1925 Government of India has been pleased to appoint us as Contractors for the supply of Artificial Limbs, Deformity appliances etc. to all the deformed patients belonging to the Civil and Military Hospitals throughout India.

N. POWELL & Co., BOMBAY. 4.

THE CROWN Co.

INCOME TAX & SUPER TAX EXPERTS.

Railway Insurance and Steamer Claims Collectors.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS & GENERAL AGENTS.

HEAD OFFICE:—Empire Building, Fort, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES:—Mandvi, Bhendi Bazaar, Kalbadevi, Thakurdwar, Grant Road and Parel.

On Sale Everywhere

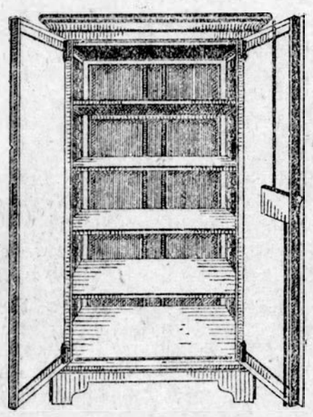
HENNESSY'S BRANDY

The **Genuine Brandy**

Bottled in Cognac

Sole Agents:
HERBERT, SON & Co., Ltd., 11-13, Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY

GODREJ'S PATENT STEEL CABINETS.



FOR HOME AND OFFICE USE.

GO TO

GODREJ & BOYCE MFG. CO.

Lalbaug, Parel, Bombay.
'Phone No. 42,265.

For Safes (2,000 **used by Postal Department.**)
Steel Cabinets (individual firms purchase by the dozen and thousands used in homes throughout the country).
Steel Shelving (single orders go into rupees tens of thousand.)

CHEAPEST FIRM IN THE LINE

SHOW-ROOM :—Kalbadevi Road, Corner of Vithalvadi.
'Phone No. 22110.

MATHERAN'S POPULAR SUPERINTENDENT.

MOVE TO COMMEMORATE HIS SERVICES.

(From a Correspondent.)
MATHERAN, May 11.

Under the presidency of Mr. Byramji Jeejeebhoy, Sheriff of Bombay, a public meeting of the inhabitants, property-holders & visitors of Matheran, was held at the Karasandas Mulji Library, and at Matheran on the 8th inst. to consider what steps should be taken with a view commemorate the services of Lt. Col. B. B. Paymaster, who leaves this Hill, next month, for good after rendering unique services both as Superintendent & President of the Matheran Hill Station Municipality.

The Chairman referred to the popularity achieved by Lt. Col. B. B. Paymaster, during his five years' tenure of Office. He had introduced various important reforms on the hill station, the most notable among which were the scheme formulated and carried out in all its details by him in constructing water works. He had converted the Rugby Park from a desert to a veritable garden, providing various amenities such as a Band stand, two fountains, play ground etc. He had not omitted to look to the convenience and comfort of the poor inhabitants of the hill station. He had removed the Mochiwada to a more sanitary place and given various facilities to the occupants. His tenure of office will be remembered with love and gratitude by them all for many a year.

On the motion of Miss H. M. Green, Superintendent of the Scottish Orphanage, seconded by Mr. B. S. Chenoy, it was unanimously resolved to put on record the keen appreciation of the inhabitants, leaseholders and visitors of this hill station of the invaluable services rendered to the Matheran by Col. B. B. Paymaster, I. M. S.

It was further resolved on the motion of Mr. Haroon R. Sayani, Solicitor, seconded by Mr. Framroze A. Vakil, Solicitor, that a farewell entertainment and an address be given to Lt. Col. B. B. Paymaster, and that his services be commemorated by raising his marble bust and also erecting an Assembly Room with a tower and presenting the same to the Matheran Hill Station Municipality, and that to carry out these objects, subscriptions be invited from the public.

An Executive Committee was also appointed for the purpose composed of the Following:—Messrs. Madhavji Virji Solicitor, B. S. Chenoy, Hajimiya Abdul Rehman Naje, Haroon R. Sayani Solicitor, Vithal Purshotam, Eruch D. Pandole, Mohisin Bundeali Hajibhoy Lalji, Mrs. Sabar banoo F. A. Vakil, & Mrs. Bachoobai, A. R. Talyarkhan., with Mr. Sorabji L. Panday, and Khan Bahadur V. P. Bhiladwalla, as Honorary Secretaries and Treasurers.

CHOLERA EPIDEMIC IN THE PRESIDENCY

SIGNS OF IMPROVEMENT

According to the report on the cholera epidemic for the week ending May 9, the improvement in the general conditions previously reported has continued. In fact, the epidemic seems to show a steady and gradual improvement. In the whole Registration District, namely, Belgaum, Dharwar, Bijapur and Kanara, there have been 988 attacks and 450 deaths against 1092 and 461 in the preceding period.

In Belgaum District there were 511 attacks and 248 deaths against 537 and 209 in the last report. In Dharwar District 221 attacks and 102 deaths were recorded as against 186 and 92 in the previous report. Hubli, Navalgund, Nargund, Gadag and Ron talukas show an almost clean bill of health. In Karajgi the improvement noticed in the previous week has remained stationary.

There has been a marked improvement in the Bijapur District, which records 250 attacks and 96 deaths against 357 and 156. In the Kanara District only Halyal taluka records 6 attacks and 4 deaths.

As regards the main towns, Belgaum records only 1 attack and no death; Bijapur 2 attacks and 1 death; while Dharwar, Hubli and Gadag show no attacks and no deaths.

INDIAN STATES.

The report for the Indian States shows that there have been 34 attacks and 7 deaths in Miraj Senior, and 35 attacks and 13 deaths in Kurundvad Senior. In Kolhapur State there have been 80 cases and 17 deaths while Savanur State had 13 attacks and 10 deaths. In Sangli town there were 8 cases and 3 deaths.

BUDDHA SOCIETY'S APPEAL

The following appeal on behalf of the Buddha Society, Bombay, is sent to us for publication:—

"The Thrice-Sacred Day of the birth, enlightenment and "parinibbana" of the Bhagwan Buddha falls, on the vaishakha full-moon day, (the 16th inst.)

2551 years ago, the Buddha was born as Prince Siddhartha 2516 years ago, he attained full enlightenment at Buddha Gaya. 2471 years ago, the Thatagata attained the Parinibhana.

The Sakyamuni is universally proclaimed as the noblest son of this ancient country and he preached the gospel of benevolence and self conquest. The Buddha Society of Bombay appeals to every-one to venerate his memory in a fitting manner and thus vindicate the cause of true freedom and true civilization.

A correspondent reports from the Tahsil Deoria in Gorakpur Division that the idol of a Hindu temple named Devrahi Bhagwati situated in the north of the Tahsil was found broken on Wednesday. The case has been reported to the Police. No trace of the culprit has yet been found. —Free Press.

MAHARANI LAKSHMI BAI BUILDINGS.

NEED FOR PRESERVATION FROM RUIN.

BENARES, May 13.

Mr. Sampuranand M.L.C. who had recently been in Jhansi, in the course of a letter to "The Aj" says that the buildings of Maharani Lukshmi Bai are in a very ruined condition. The major part of the buildings has been rebuilt and one portion is occupied by a policeman and another by a Municipal School. There is only one room in which old sculpture can still be seen. In the other rooms, the old artistic works have been erased and walls have been white washed. The pavilion of her husband Gangadhar Rao is also in a very destroyed condition.

Mr. Sampurnanand intends to put questions about the condition of these buildings in the local (U.P.) Council. He urges the public to take care of these historic buildings and reconstruct them.

The citizens of Jhansi propose that a statue of Maharani Lakshmibai be placed at the buildings. It has been estimated that the erection of a statue will cost Rs. fifty thousand. The Jhansi Municipal Board has already promised to contribute Rs. 5,000. Mr. Sampurnanand concludes his letter with an appeal to the public to contribute for the memorial of the brave woman whose martial skill has been praised even by Englishmen of her time and honoured by both the Hindus and Muslims.—Free Press.

NO WATER SCARCITY IN MECCA.

FALSE RUMOURS CONTRADICTED.

The following has been received from Zubaida Canal Water Works Committee:

All that has been published and rumoured about the scarcity of water in Holy Mecca is nothing but fabricated stories far from truth, only meant for causing anxities. It is quite contrary to facts, since there is plenty of water in the reservoirs to be generally found in the country. Besides, the great tanks existing in the city are full of water, like the Ghori Tank, Qayethai Tank the Sharif' Aun Tank, the Madrasah Khairiah Tank, the Qubba Tank, as well as the various wells. The rumours that a tin of water is sold at 5 Qursh is quite baseless because the city regulations do not allow water to be sold. Rather the transport charges for two tins were 3 Qursh and that too for a short time and only for the quarter "Hai Ajyad" when the water-pipes of those quarters were disordered. But when the water supply become normal the charges of the two tins wee as before.

PEROLIN

One of the remarkable inventions of modern time is perolin which has now been put in the market after a number of years of experimentations and research. It is a powerful disinfectant, with great antiseptic properties. It is a boon to the family and to individuals who care more for their health than anything else in this world. A few pulversizations are claimed to be enough to destroy the microbes floating in the air, to eliminate obnoxious odours, and thus keep off the parasites which appear only when the atmosphere is infected. Perolin possesses sweet and pleasant odour, and as it is prepared from the quintessence of pine leaves, when inhaled it makes a marvellous tonic for the lungs. Sprays are also supplied, with each bottle, in order to spray the disinfectant. Those who want to keep their homes free from germs, and free from dirt and disease cannot afford to be without this necessity. Every house must use this disinfectant in order to make life worth living.

A-1 TAILORING
AT
MODERATE RATES

A Personal visit to our establishment will satisfy you of facts.

The latest style in suiting for Winter and Summer wear. High Class workmanship. Perfect finish. Expert trained Cutter. Complete Outfitting and Travelling Goods at the most Reliable Prices.

ALSO
FOREIGN MONEY EXCHANGED
Curios, High Grade NILGIRI TEA
AND
PURE EUCALYPTUS OIL.

E. I. DALVI & Co.
Proprietors of The New Bombay Tailoring Co
67, ESPLANADE ROAD,
Opp: Bombay Club, BOMBAY.

WHAT IS PEROLIN?

It is a most Powerful and matchless Disinfectant, a most fragrant, soothing and refreshing article of daily use for educated and cultured. Its antiseptic properties are unequalled. A few pulverizations with the special nickled and well-made vapourizers are enough to eliminate obnoxious odours and to destroy microbs floating in the air thus rendering the atmosphere healthy and pure. It is highly concentrated. It is prepared from best selected pine leaves and serves as best lung tonic. ½ oz. being sufficient for a gallon of water and therefore it is most economical.

PRICES VERY MODERATE

To be had from the SOLE AGENTS

THE
BOMBAY CONTINENTAL TRADING Coy.
87, Medows Street, Fort, - - - - - BOMBAY.

PRECAUTION Against CHOLERA:

A TIMELY DOSE OF

HENRY'S OMUM-CARPOOR

will prevent the development of this dangerous and distressing malady. Repeated doses will stamp out the disease.

It has saved the lives of many Cholera patients.

Obtainable at Chemists and Stores and from:

BOMBAY DEPOT: (D. C. Oomrigar & Co.)
354/6 Abdul Rehman Street, near Crawford Market

Sole Manufacturers:
LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM & PHARMACEUTICALS LD.
15, Armenian Street, : : : : : : MADRAS.

For your HEALTH'S sake—purify your BLOOD

Residents in tropical climates are particularly liable to troublesome complaints arising from impurities of the blood. The most reliable remedy is WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA, which quickly cleanses the blood of all impure waste matter and builds up health & energy.

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA

has enjoyed a world-wide reputation for over three-quarters of a century, and the highest medical authorities have pronounced it *the most wonderful purifier of the human blood.*

The Perfect and most valuable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES, WEAKNESS, DEPRESSION, &c.

Thomas Wilkinson

Beware of imitations and substitutes. Every genuine bottle bears the Trade Mark and Signature.

Wholesale Depot, THOMAS WILKINSON, LTD., 46, Southwark St., London, S.E.1, England.

CRABBIE'S
WHITE LABEL
SCOTCH WHISKY
A HIGH CLASS QUALITY
AT A MODERATE PRICE
TRY IT
WELL KNOWN FOR OVER 50 YEARS
AND
STOCKED BY MOST WHOLESALE DEALERS
JOHN CRABBIE & CO. LTD.
DISTILLERS.
LEITH, SCOTLAND

Don't Fear!

One application cures the SCORPION POISON instantaneously. Price one packet
As. 8.
Postage 1 to 3 packets
As. 3
12 packets Rs. 4.
RAJVAID SRI RAMANDASJI KAVIRAJ.
152, Harrison Road, Bara-Bazar Calcutta.

ALL AT HALF PRICES !!
Original Prices. Rs. 14/- Half Prices Rs. 7/-
FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

ct. Rolled Gold Wrist Watches. With [redacted] YEARS Supplied
Write to [redacted] SWAN HOUSE
P. B. 508, P. T. MADRAS.

HALF-WATT
PHILIPS'
LAMPS.
ELECTRIC
FANS
FIXTURES
ACCESSORIES
KETTLES, IRONS,
ETC.
THE LONDON EASTERN & AMERICAN TRADING Co.,
NAGINDAS MANSION, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW PUBLICATION !!!
The Mysteries of Calcutta
Completed in 3 Vols., Price Rs. 6-0
The Mysteries of the Mogul Court
Completed in 2 Vols., Price Rs. 6 0
The Mysteries of the Mogul Darbar
Completed in 2 Vols., Price Rs. 5-0
The Legends of Vikramaditya
Cloth Bound, Price .. Rs. 2-8
The Mother and Daughter
Cloth Bound, Price .. Rs. 1-8
DUTTA BOSE & CO.,
164, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.

PRICES REDUCED.

All kinds of stove prices have been reduced and selling Primus No. 100 (folding) Stove complete for Rs. 7-8 only Postage extra
D. R. WAGLE, STOVE SPECIALIST.
Tram Terminus, Girgaum.
opp. Majestic Cinema

Karnik's
AGUE
Mixture
THE tried specific for Ague, Intermitent and all sorts of Malaria Fevers. Price annas Fourteen.
KARNIK Depot BOMBAY
KARNIK'S AGUE MIXTURE

30 YEARS' REPUTATION.
Vaidyaratna Pandit D. Gopalacharlu's
BHRUGUVATI
OR
GONORRHOEA CURE.
An Unparalleled Ancient Ayurvedic Specific Cure for Gonorrhoea and Gleet. It gives immediate relief, removes irritation and burning sensation of the Urethra in a few days. Price for complete course Rs. 6-12.
AYURVEDASRAMAM,
151, Govindappa Naick Street, G.T., Madras.
Complete Catalogue FREE on application.

ART IS ADMIRED EVERYWHERE
ARAUJO FERNANDEZ & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS
(Princess Street, Bombay.)
Have elevated, their Tailoring to an Art

COTTON TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION SERVICE
(Established under the guidance of Sheth Vrijlal Ranchhordas.)
New York Futures
NEW YORK FUTURES and LIVERPOOL quotations from the opening Market to closing with time to time fluctuations and our Agent's opinion (Dharna) and other informations, are being daily received at this Bureau and furnished to the clientele at the earliest by express telegrams to any part of India.
NEW YORK CLOSING FUTURES CAN BE WIRED AFTER 2.15 A.M. after midnight on RECEIPT OF OUR SPECIAL
We can also furnish promptly all important information about local cotton markets as per our client's instructions on commission.
We can execute forward transactions and sell ready cotton in Bombay Markets.
For commission rates, deposit terms, and other particulars please write to:—
THE MANAGER,
Cot. Tel. Inf. Service.
Opp. Central Telegraph Office,
875, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. Add. "COMEALONG."
Tel. No's 22877, 22944.

THE HAJ

NO SESSION OF WORLD MUSLIM CONGRESS

The arrival of the "Armenistan" a few days ago from Singapore with 1,163, pilgrims brought the total number of arrivals upto date above 50,000 line (50,642) to be exact, and increased by subsequent arrivals to (51,530) and judged solely by the economic standard, the pilgrimage of this year is already an established success, writes the Jeddah correspondent of "Near East." The final number of overseas visitors, to Meeca can scarcely now fall below 100,000 and everybody is happy, Trade is brisk, and the Government offers are full. The Islamic world has given its answer to the efforts of certain sections to create schism discussion in its ranks. It has placed its confidence in the ruler of Arabia and that confidence will not be abused. The pilgrimage of 1927 will be a memorable milestone on the historic path of Islam. Politics, so actively mooted at last year's Muslim Congress, are apparently to be eschewed on this occasion for there is but little likelihood of a second Congress this year. The King, when he gets back from Riyadh about the middle of next month will, therefore be able to devote his whole attention to the administrative consolidation of the pilgrimage on lines that will ensure full attendances in future years.

For this reason it would seem unlikely that the "Madina" negotiations will be renewed before next autumn or winter at the earliest. The delay may be advantageous to all parties. The new British Consul who is expected here towards the end of April will have time to study the Arabian situation in the light of his Moroccan experience and will be in a position to advise and assist the envoy whom the British Government will send to resume the negotiations.

A slight rise in the mean temperature warns us that summer is approaching with its annual leave season. The first to go this year are two members of the Soviet Legation staff booked to sail on April 2 with most of the ladies and children of the Russian community, mention of which compels in justice the admission and recognition of the fact that in the placid atmosphere of the modern Hijaz it neither has, nor pretends to have, nor acts, as if it had any grievance against the world in general Indeed if there be any ground for suspicion of restiveness on the part of any of the foreign Powers represented here it falls not on Russia but on Italy, whose nationals here resident are somewhat ostentations in the sporting of Fascist emblem and recently foregathered for a "black-shirt" banquet on the eve of the sudden departure of the Italian Consul at short notice for Massawa. Naturally speculation is rife here on the subject of this sudden summoning of the Consul for consumation with the authorities in Srithrea Developments in the Yaman situation are thought to be at the bottom of it and as the Italian Government has not yet accorded formal recognition to the Government of Ibn Saud speculation is inclined to be of pessimistsic nature.

The Turks representative Sulaiman Bey Shaukat and the Egyptian Consul have both recently visited Meeca simultlaneously with the Governor and Mayor of Jidda to perform the Umra' or lesser pilgrimage. So far as appears no political importance attaches to the visit, and it is not improbable that the main subject under discussion was the manner in which Ibn Saud's approaching return to the Hijaz should be celebrated. The King will be back about the middle of next month.

"GUJRAT-NO-NATH" FOR S. L. EXAM

JAIN PROTEST TO THE UNIVERSITY

The Secretaries of the Jain Swetamber Conference, have sent to us a copy of the correspondence, that they are carrying on with the University of Bombay in general and the chairman of the School-Leaving Examination Board in particular with regard to the bringing to the notice of the latter the strong objections of the Jain Community all over India to the book titled "Gujrat-no-Nath" by Mr. K. M. Munshi, being prescribed as a text-book for study for the School leaving examination of 1928. Below we give a few extracts from the correspondence.—

The Jain community bases its objections to this book, on the ground of misrepresentation of character of Udyan, a great Jain Minister. Mr. Munshi depicts him as being so wicked as to get houses of Mahomedans burnt and killing them, and a victim, named Khatib is made to reach Jaising's Durbar to get redress. The author takes his authority from "Jame-ul-Hikayat;" but this work states that the fire-worshippers, a term, not applied to Jains, burnt the houses etc.

The author further depicts Udyan as harassing a Brahmin girl. A reference to "Gujrat-ni-mata" by Mr. N. V. Thakkur, will easily convince anyone how misleading this description is, says the correspondence.

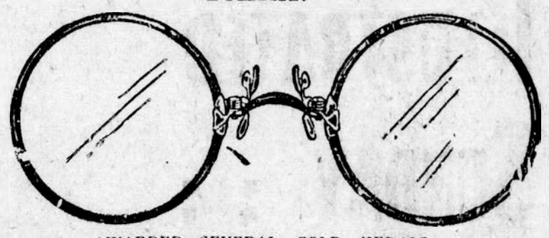
The Secretaries feel, that a great injustice has been done to the Jains by prescribing this book for the S. L. Examination. The Jains have passed protest resolutions in public meeting at Ahmedabad, Surat, Bhavnagar, Cambay, Dhulia, Sengadh Ambala etc.

They strongly object to this book on the ground that it distorts historical facts, gives false notions about the history of Gujrat, depicts hatred of one class against another and does not contain any great principles of morality. Ultimately they request the Board to prescribe some other book instead of "Gujrat-no-Nath."

A Lahore message says:—Enquiry is being held under the orders of the District Magistrate, Montgomery, into the recent riot on the part of a section of the prisoners in the Montgomery jail. The enquiry is being conducted by Mr. Muhammad Nawaz, Magistrate, First Class, and a Deputy Superintendent of Police.—A. P.

She Thought it Was a Joke
when her friend gave her a tablet of chewing gum and said it would relieve her constipation.
Results proved her friend to be right; as results always prove with
Feen-a-mint
The Chewing Gum
LAXATIVE
The wonderful new medication which makes Feen-a-mint effective; has to be chewed, hence its chewing gum form. The chewing does it. You'll love its delicious mint flavor.
At druggists, 15c and 25c
Wholesale Distributors:
AMERICAN PRODUCTS CORPORATION,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS.

COULD YOU REQUIRE
The best, the latest, the most up-to-date and the most Comfortable Spectacles and eyeglasses in various styles and patterns, it will benefit you to consult
BALIWALLA & HOMI
THE LEADING OPTICIANS OF BOMBAY,
279, Hornby Road (Opp. Whiteaways) & 36I, Kalbadevi Road, Corner Hanuman Lane.
BOMBAY.



AWARDED SEVERAL GOLD MEDALS.

GUARANTEED HARMLESS SCIENTIFIC CURE FOR
LEPROSY
Nodular, Tubercular, Anæsthetic, Para or mixed, or due to any origin promptly cured by internal and external specifics including those for fumigation and bath for 45 days' use at Rs. 15 per set.
Dr. Fernandes, Major, M.D., L.M.S., Professor of Dermatology, Grant Medical College, Bombay, after examining our patient under treatment states:—She says she is hopeful of a complete recovery. P. Veeraswamy, Esq., Surveyor, Cocanada:—I am cured by yours alone.
LEUCODERMA
or white patches, due to loss of pigmentation or colouring matter in the blood or other causes cured by specifics, internal and external at Rs. 10 per set.
Mr. J. L. Proctor, Bombay.—Cured my white patches entirely. Dr. B. M. Misra, L.M.S., In-charge, Police Hospital, Puri:—Used in two cases and found good result. Mr. B. Singh, Port Blair:—My son got complete cure. Capt. A.T. Shaikh, Shikarpur, Sind:—Leucoderma specific very useful.
BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS
BHAGALPUR & MIHIJAM. Tel. Add. 'CHEMIST,' Bhagalpur. Also from THOMSON & TAYLOR LTD., BOMBAY.

KESARI'S
LODHRA
FOR
LADIES' TROUBLES AND DISORDER.
Big Bot. Rs. 3. Small Re. 1-10.
DONE GOOD.
THE LAST BOTTLE OF LODHRA has done good. Rev. A. Sumitra, to whom I recommended it, writes, it has done good to his wife.
Can be had of all Merchants and from Manufacturers.
KESARI KUTEERAM,
INDIAN CHEMISTS, Etc.,
Egmore, - - - - - MADRAS.
(Branch BANGALORE.)

BOMBAY DIRECTORY.

FOR RELIABLE JEWELLERY
Go to NAROTAMDAS BHAU, Sheik Memon Street, Bombay.
All goods GUARANTEED 'Phone No. 20565,
prompt attention to U.P. Orders. 2

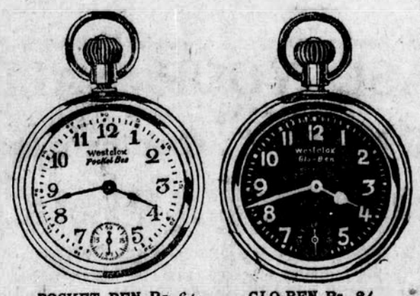
CRESCENT BALM

Agents: A. H. NASER & Co
Princess Street,
BOMBAY No. 21.

SENTA TYPEWRITER

FOR OFFICE & TRAVELLING
Price Rs. 170/- Net.
SOLE AGENTS:—
S. NAVALKAR & SONS,
BOMBAY.

REDUCED REDUCED
Prices of the famous American Pocket Watch
Made by:—WESTERN CLOCK Co. Ltd.



POCKET BEN Rs. 6/- GLO-BEN Rs. 8/-
Nickel-Silver Case, heavily nickel-plated. An unusually good movement that keeps fine time and lasts for years
L. BHAGAT & Co.
Abdul Raheman Street, BOMBAY—3.

KATOL POWDER
The oldest and only genuine Insecticide
Destroys Bugs, flees, ants, etc.
Agents:—A.H. NASER & Co.
Princess Street,
BOMBAY No. 2.

KATOL STICKS
The oldest and only genuine Insecticide
Destroys Mosquitos, flies, etc.
Agents:—A. H. NASER & Co.,
Princess Street,
BOMBAY No. 2.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

FAMOUS N. B. K.

COIL BURNS for Whole Night.

Renew Your STRENGTH and VIGOUR—to both BODY and MIND by taking

Dr. (ADAM'S) **BRAIN & NERVE TONIC PILLS**

Speedy Cure for Nervous and Functional Debility, Physical Exhaustion, Anaemia, Loss of Memory, Brain Fag, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Vigour, Neuralgia, Headache, Muscular and Local Weakness Palpitation, Neurasthenia, Premature Decay, Sleeplessness and all other Nervous Complaints.

It thoroughly invigorates the BRAIN, NERVES and MUSCLES—communicates a healthy tone to the system and gives vigou to every organ, excites appetite and prompts digestion of food, also increases the flow of generating secretions. Rs. 3-0-0 per bottle

Dr. **ADAMS** AGUE SPECIFIC SURE RADICAL CURE FOR

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, INTERMITTENT AND ALL SORTS OF FEVERS.

Sold by all well-known Chemists or Tel. Add. "THOUGHTS." **M. T. MADON & Co.,** Crawford Market(Corner Shop BOMBAY. 'Phone No. 22.

BEAUTY HINTS

Wash the Skin with good Skinsoap and warm water. dry thoroughly and apply the PEROXIDE

REGINA FACE CREAM

with gentle massage. Every woman should know that "Regina Peroxide Cream" is a natural BEAUTIFIER.

It is a delightfully perfumed Vanishing Cream of NON-GREASY TYPE.

It is a mild and soothing emollient for toning up the skin, keeping it smooth and free from blemish.

The Cream imparts to the complexion those desirable qualities so much sought by women of refinement, making the skin clear, smooth and beautiful. It is highly recommended for sallowness Roughness of the Skin. Pimples, freckles, etc.

can be had only from

CRAWFORD MARKET (Corner Shop),

M. T. MADON & Co., Bombay.

Indian Statesmen.

FAMOUS DEWANS AND PRIME MINISTERS

NOW that the question of the future of Indian States and their place in the Constitution of the Country are being widely discussed, this volume of Indian Statesmen is of more than ordinary interest to politicians and laymen alike. In this new publication we have sketches of Eminent Indian Statesmen, notably those who have been Dewans or Prime Ministers of well-known Indian States Besides being a record of the lives and achievements of these statesmen and administrators who have distinguished themselves both in British India and in the territories of the Ruling Princes and Chiefs, the book offers an instructive study in the evolution of Indian States.

CONTENTS.

SIR SALAR JUNG
MAHARAJAH JANG BAHADUR
RAJAH SIR DINKAR RAO
DEWAN C. RANGACHARLU
SIR K. SESHADRI IYER
MR. V. P. MADHAVA RAO
RAJAH SIR T. MADHAVA RAO
KAZI SHAHABUDDIN
LAKSHMAN JAGANNATH
ROMESH CHUNDER DUTT
SIR SESHIAH SASTRI
SIR M. VISVESWARAYA
MR. SAMALDAS PERMANANDDAS
DEWAN RAGHOONATH RAO
GOURISHANKER OODESHANKER
MAHARAJAH SIR PRATAP SINGH
HIS EXCELLENCY MAHARAJAH SIR KISHEN PRASAD

WITH 17 PORTRAITS.

Price Rs. Three. To Subs. of The Indian Review Rs. 2-8.

G. A. NATESAN & CO.,
Booksellers and Publishers, G. T. MADRAS.

THE : : : : : ILLUSTRATED SUNDAY : : CHRONICLE :

The Most Readable Sunday Paper in India

SPECIAL FEATURES:—

A BOMBAY DIARY
WIT and HUMOUR
SPORTS and PASTIMES
THEATRE and CINEMAS
HEALTH and STRENGTH
ART and LITERATURE
LATEST FOREIGN and INDIAN TELEGRAMS and NEWS BY MAIL Etc., Etc.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION
LOCAL 3/8
MOFFUSIL .. 4/0

SINGLE COPY

ONE ANNA

ESTABLISHED 1886.
WORLD-KNOWN
Pure Medicated and Scented

G. GHOSE'S TIL OIL

Most Cooling and Nourishing for Brain and Hair. Examined by Civilts Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner, etc.
AWARDED NUMEROUS GOLD & SILVER MEDALS, &c in Various Govt., Semi-Govt. and other Exhibitions.
It cures giddiness, headache, sound-sleeplessness, baldness, hysteria, night-sweat, heart-disease etc., and beautifies the hair and prevents from falling off and untimely grey hair and also cheers the mind.
Several imitators and their sellers are seriously punished in various Distric and in High Court; still exact imitation going. Purchase carefully.

G. [illegible]ca, Mymensingh

20, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta—Hamilton Road, Delhi—and Bombay.

THE RESEARCH HOMOEOPATHIC SOCIETY.
(Estd. 1923 and Govt. Regd.)
24, Banstolla Street, CALCUTTA.
The inventions of the Society are boon to the Homoeopathic World.
Its Homoeopathic injections and Surgical medicines are well tried in the Proving Hospital which are magical in their action. Apply for Catalogue.

Be Proud of Baby

Laughing dimpled Baby! How proud his progress makes you feel when you feed him on Mellin's! Mixed as directed, Mellin's Food contains everything necessary for Baby's healthy development. It is the perfect substitute for mother's milk.

Mellin's Food
THE FOOD THAT FEEDS

ad this Advt. to WILSON LATHAM & Co., Ltd. Bombay for Free Sample and Booklet. (Mention name of Paper.)

The opportunity to extend your Business will be afforded to you by

'Swarajya'

The most popular daily published both in English and Tamil (Vernacular). By advertising in it you will find a

"MARKET"

for your wares and manufactures in

"SOUTH INDIA"

including the Indian States Mysore, Travancore and Cochin.

For Rates and particulars please write to
Manager, Swarajya, Broadway, Madra

INCREASE YOUR SALES
by advertising
in the BEST MEDIUM in Southern India
The Hindu.

The leading National Daily that commands the LARGEST circulation among the reading public in Southern India and Indian States. *Up-to-date in everything*, and it contains *special Sports cables which are exclusive features to "The Hindu."*

An Annual Supplement is also published every year at the time of the X'mas with useful information on all subjects, for reference at all times.

Subscription: Daily Edition Rs. 42 per annum.
Advertisement Rates on application to—
THE MANAGER, "THE HINDU" (Post Box 316), MADRAS.

VIGOROGEN

FOR
VIM; VIGOUR & VIRILITY.
VIGOROGEN is unsurpassable. Gives immediate and lasting relief in lassitude, loss of retentive power and premature emissions. It exerts specific nutritive and stimulating action on the reproductive system. Ideal remedy for Sexual neurosis; Impotency & Loss of Manhood.
Price Rs. 5 per Phial of 30 pills.
Local Stimulant (for External Use) Rs. 5 per Phial, Packing & Postage Extra.
THE KRISHNA CHEMICAL WORKS.
Post Box 11435, CALCUTTA.

BOOKS ON TECHNICAL SUBJECTS

	Rs.	a	p
The Principles and Practice of Textile Printing By E. Knecht C. Rawson and Fothergill	52	0	0
A Manual of Dycing 2 Vols. By E. Knecht C. Rawson and R. Loewenthal	36	0	0
Advanced Cotton Spinning By Thornley	18	0	0
Elementary Cotton Spinning By Thornley	10	12	0
Modern Cotton Economics By Thornley	10	12	0
Cotton Spinning Intermediate By Thornley	7	4	0
Textile Manufacturer year Book 1925	3	0	0
Textile Recorder Year Book 1925	6	9	0
Cotton Weavers' Handbook By H. B. Heylen	13	8	0
Cotton Spinning Calculations By Thornley	6	9	0
Calculations in Cotton Weaving By J. Holmes	3	0	0
Cotton Weaving and Designing By John T. Taylor	7	14	0
Practical Pattern Making and Moulding By W. H. Wilson	7	8	0
Students' Cotton Spinning By Nasmith	13	4	0
Weaving Mill Management By Foster	3	2	0
Cotton Year Book 1925	6	9	0

Can be had from;—

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO.
Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

COOK—EASY
Fully Illustrated Catalogue FREE.
ANNAPURNA COOKER Co.,
BG. BASAVANGUDI-BANGALORE
BOMBAY AGENTS:—
MAFATLAL VANMALI DAS & CO.
Girgaum Back Road.

Printed and published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Company Limited, by SORAB PALLONJI KAPADIA, and edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.